



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁷ : C12N 15/12, C07K 14/47, C12N 5/10, C07K 16/18, C12N 15/62, C12Q 1/68, G01N 33/50, 33/53, A61K 38/02, 48/00	A2	(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/37643 (43) International Publication Date: 29 June 2000 (29.06.00)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/30909 (22) International Filing Date: 23 December 1999 (23.12.99) (30) Priority Data: 09/221,298 23 December 1998 (23.12.98) US 09/347,496 2 July 1999 (02.07.99) US 09/401,064 22 September 1999 (22.09.99) US 09/444,242 19 November 1999 (19.11.99) US 09/454,150 2 December 1999 (02.12.99) US (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). (72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): XU, Jiangchun [US/US]; 15805 SE 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). LODES, Michael, J. [US/US]; 9223 - 36th Avenue SW, Seattle, WA 98126 (US). SECRIST, Heather [US/US]; 3844 - 35th Avenue West, Seattle, WA 98199 (US). BENSON, Darin, R. [US/US]; 723 N. 48th Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). MEAGHER, Madeleine, Joy [US/US]; 3819 Interlake Avenue N., Seattle, WA 98103 (US). STOLK, John [US/US]; 7436 NE 144th Place, Bothell, WA 98011		(US). WANG, Tongtong [CN/US]; 8049 NE 28th Street, Medina, WA 98039 (US). YUQIU, Jiang [CN/US]; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US). (74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, Suite 6300, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>
(54) Title: COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF COLON CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE (57) Abstract <p>Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more colon tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a colon tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as colon cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a colon tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.</p>		

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COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF COLON CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE

TECHNICAL FIELD

5 The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a colon tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of colon cancer, and for the
10 diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

 Cancer is a significant health problem throughout the world. Although advances have been made in detection and therapy of cancer, no vaccine or other universally successful method for prevention or treatment is currently available. Current therapies, which
15 are generally based on a combination of chemotherapy or surgery and radiation, continue to prove inadequate in many patients.

 Colon cancer is the second most frequently diagnosed malignancy in the United States as well as the second most common cause of cancer death. An estimated 95,600 new cases of colon cancer will be diagnosed in 1998, with an estimated 47,700 deaths.
20 The five-year survival rate for patients with colorectal cancer detected in an early localized stage is 92%; unfortunately, only 37% of colorectal cancer is diagnosed at this stage. The survival rate drops to 64% if the cancer is allowed to spread to adjacent organs or lymph nodes, and to 7% in patients with distant metastases.

 The prognosis of colon cancer is directly related to the degree of penetration of
25 the tumor through the bowel wall and the presence or absence of nodal involvement, consequently, early detection and treatment are especially important. Currently, diagnosis is aided by the use of screening assays for fecal occult blood, sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy and double contrast barium enemas. Treatment regimens are determined by the type and stage of the cancer, and include surgery, radiation therapy and/or chemotherapy. Recurrence
30 following surgery (the most common form of therapy) is a major problem and is often the

ultimate cause of death. In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, colon cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat. In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, colon cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as colon cancer. In one aspect, the present invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a colon tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises a sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486; (b) variants of a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486; and (c) complements of a sequence of (a) or (b).

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a colon tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and an immunostimulant.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a colon tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

5 Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) an immunostimulant.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

10 Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with an
15 immunostimulant.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for
20 removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a colon tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of
25 a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a colon tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a
30 polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under

conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective
5 amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a colon tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a
10 polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining
15 the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred
20 embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be colon cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding
25 agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

30 The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a)

contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached figures. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

SEQ ID NO: 1 is a first determined cDNA sequence for Contig 1, showing homology to Neutrophil Gelatinase Associated Lipocalin.

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 2, showing no significant homology to any known genes.

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 4, showing homology to Carcinoembryonic antigen.

5 SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 5, showing homology to Carcinoembryonic antigen.

SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 9, showing homology to Carcinoembryonic antigen.

10 SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 52, showing homology to Carcinoembryonic antigen.

SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 6, showing homology to Villin.

SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 8, showing no significant homology to any known genes.

15 SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 10, showing homology to Transforming Growth Factor (BIGH3).

SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 19, showing homology to Transforming Growth Factor (BIGH3).

20 SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 21, showing homology to Transforming Growth Factor (BIGH3).

SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 11, showing homology to CO-029.

SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 55, showing homology to CO-029.

25 SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 12, showing homology to Chromosome 17, clone hRPC.1171_I_10, also referred to as C798P.

SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 13, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

30 SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 14, also referred to as 14261, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 15, showing homology to Ets-Related Transcription Factor (ERT).

SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 16, showing homology to Chromosome 5, PAC clone 228g9 (LBNL H142).

5 SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 24, showing homology to Chromosome 5, PAC clone 228g9 (LBNL H142).

SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 17, showing homology to Cytokeratin.

10 SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 18, showing homology to L1-Cadherin.

SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 20, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 22, showing homology to Bumetanide-sensitive Na-K-Cl cotransporter (NKCC1).

15 SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 23, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 25, showing homology to Macrophage Inflammatory Protein 3 alpha.

20 SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 26, showing homology to Laminin.

SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 48, showing homology to Laminin.

SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 27, showing homology to Mytobularin (MTM1).

25 SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 28, showing homology to Chromosome 16 BAC clone CIT987SK-A-363E6.

SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 29, also referred to as C751P and 14247, showing no significant homology to any known gene, but partial homology to Rat GSK-3 β -interacting protein Axil homolog.

30 SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 30, showing homology to Zinc Finger Transcription Factor (ZNF207).

SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 31, showing no significant homology to any known gene, but partial homology to Mus musculus GOB-4 homolog.

5 SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 35, showing no significant homology to any known gene, but partial homology to Mus musculus GOB-4 homolog.

SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 32, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

10 SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 34, showing homology to Desmoglein 2.

SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 36, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 37, showing homology to Putative Transmembrane Protein.

15 SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 38, also referred to as C796P and 14219, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 40, showing homology to Nonspecific Cross-reacting Antigen.

20 SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 41, also referred to as C799P and 14308, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 42, also referred to as C794P and 14309, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 43, showing homology to Chromosome 1 specific transcript KIAA0487.

25 SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 45, showing homology to hMCM2.

SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 46, showing homology to ETS2.

30 SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 49, showing homology to Pump-1.

SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 50, also referred to as C792P and 18323, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 51, also referred to as C795P and 14317, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

5 SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11092, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11093, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

10 SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11094, showing homology to Human Putative Enterocyte Differentiation Protein.

SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11095, showing homology to Human Transcriptional Corepressor hKAP1/TIF1B mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 52 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11096, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

15 SEQ ID NO: 53 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11097, showing homology to Human Nonspecific Antigen.

SEQ ID NO: 54 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11098, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

20 SEQ ID NO: 55 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11099, showing homology to Human Pancreatic Secretory Inhibitor (PST) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 56 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11186, showing homology to Human Pancreatic Secretory Inhibitor (PST) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11101, showing homology to Human Chromosome X.

25 SEQ ID NO: 58 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11102, showing homology to Human Chromosome X.

SEQ ID NO: 59 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11103, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

30 SEQ ID NO: 60 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11174, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11104, showing homology to Human mRNA for KIAA0154.

SEQ ID NO: 62 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11105, showing homology to Human Apurinic/Apyrimidinic Endonuclease (hap1)mRNA.

5 SEQ ID NO: 63 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11106, showing homology to Human Chromosome 12p13.

SEQ ID NO: 64 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11107, showing homology to Human 90 kDa Heat Shock Protein.

10 SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11108, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 66 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11112, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 67 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11115, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

15 SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11117, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 69 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11118, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

20 SEQ ID NO: 70 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11119, showing homology to Human Elongation Factor 1-alpha.

SEQ ID NO: 71 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11121, showing homology to Human Lamin B Receptor (LBR) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11122, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for Novel Glucocorticoid.

25 SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11123, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for snRNP protein B.

SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11124, showing homology to Human Cisplatin Resistance Associated Beta-protein.

30 SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11127, showing homology to M. musculus Calumenin mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11128, showing homology to Human ras-related small GTP binding protein.

SEQ ID NO: 77 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11130, showing homology to Human Cosmid U169d2.

5 SEQ ID NO: 78 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11131, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for protein homologous to Elongation 1-g.

SEQ ID NO: 79 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11134, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

10 SEQ ID NO: 80 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11135, showing homology to H. sapiens Nieman-Pick (NPC1) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 81 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11137, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for Niecin b-chain.

SEQ ID NO: 82 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11138, showing homology to Human Endogenous Retroviral Protease mRNA.

15 SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11139, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for DMBT1 protein.

SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11140, showing homology to H. sapiens ras GTPase activating-like protein.

20 SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11143, showing homology to Human Acidic Ribosomal Phosphoprotein PO mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11144, showing homology to H. sapiens U21 mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11145, showing homology to Human GTP-binding protein.

25 SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11148, showing homology to H. sapiens U21 mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11151, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

30 SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11154, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11156, showing homology to H. sapiens Ribosomal Protein L27.

SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11157, showing homology to H. sapiens Ribosomal Protein L27.

5 SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11158, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 94 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11162, showing homology to Ag-X antigen.

10 SEQ ID NO: 95 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11164, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for Signal Recognition Protein sub14.

SEQ ID NO: 96 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11165, showing homology to Human PAC 204e5/127h14.

SEQ ID NO: 97 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11166, showing homology to Human mRNA for KIAA0108.

15 SEQ ID NO: 98 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11167, showing homology to H. sapiens mRNA for Neutrophil Gelatinase assct. Lipocalin.

SEQ ID NO: 99 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11168, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

20 SEQ ID NO: 100 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11172, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 101 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11175, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 102 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11176, showing homology to Human maspin mRNA.

25 SEQ ID NO: 103 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11177, showing homology to Human Carcinoembryonic Antigen.

SEQ ID NO: 104 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11178, showing homology to Human A-Tubulin mRNA.

30 SEQ ID NO: 105 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11179, showing homology to Human mRNA for proton-ATPase-like protein.

SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11180, showing homology to Human HepG2 3' region cDNA clone hmd.

SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11182, showing homology to Human MHC homologous to Chicken B-Complex Protein.

5 SEQ ID NO: 108 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11183, showing homology to Human High Mobility Group Box (SSRP1) mRNA.

SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11184, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

10 SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11185, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11187, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 112 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11190, showing homology to Human Replication Protein A 70kDa.

15 SEQ ID NO: 113 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 47, also referred to as C797P, showing homology to Human Chromosome X clone bWXD342.

SEQ ID NO: 114 is the determined cDNA sequence for Contig 7, showing homology to Equilibrative Nucleoside Transporter 2 (ent2).

20 SEQ ID NO: 115 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14235.1, also referred to as C791P, showing homology to H. sapiens chromosome 21 derived BAC containing ets-2 gene.

SEQ ID NO: 116 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14287.2, showing no significant homology to any known gene, but some degree of homology to Putative Transmembrane Protein.

25 SEQ ID NO: 117 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14233.1, also referred to as Contig 48, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 118 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14298.2, also referred to as C793P, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

30 SEQ ID NO: 119 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14372, also referred to as Contig 44, showing no significant homology to any known gene.

SEQ ID NO: 120 is the determined cDNA sequence for 14295, showing homology to secreted cement gland protein XAG-2 homolog.

SEQ ID NO: 121 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Beta IG-H3.

5 SEQ ID NO: 122 is the predicted amino acid sequence for the clone of SEQ ID NO: 121.

SEQ ID NO: 123 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C751P.

SEQ ID NO: 124 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C791P.

SEQ ID NO: 125 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C792P.

10 SEQ ID NO: 126 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C793P.

SEQ ID NO: 127 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C794P.

SEQ ID NO: 128 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C795P.

SEQ ID NO: 129 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C796P.

SEQ ID NO: 130 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C797P.

15 SEQ ID NO: 131 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C798P.

SEQ ID NO: 132 is a longer determined cDNA sequence for C799P.

SEQ ID NO: 133 is a first partial determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-3 (also known as 23569).

20 SEQ ID NO: 134 is a second partial determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-3 (also known as 23569).

SEQ ID NO: 135 is a first partial determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-13 (also known as 23579).

SEQ ID NO: 136 is a second partial determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-13 (also known as 23579).

25 SEQ ID NO: 137 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-17 (also known as 23583).

SEQ ID NO: 138 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-19 (also known as 23585).

30 SEQ ID NO: 139 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-22 (also known as 23714).

SEQ ID NO: 140 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-23 (also known as 23715).

SEQ ID NO: 141 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-26 (also known as 23717).

5 SEQ ID NO: 142 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-33 (also known as 23724).

SEQ ID NO: 143 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-34 (also known as 23725).

10 SEQ ID NO: 144 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-35 (also known as 23726).

SEQ ID NO: 145 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-37 (also known as 23728).

SEQ ID NO: 146 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-39 (also known as 23730).

15 SEQ ID NO: 147 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-42 (also known as 23766).

SEQ ID NO: 148 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-44 (also known as 23768).

20 SEQ ID NO: 149 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-47 (also known as 23771).

SEQ ID NO: 150 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-54 (also known as 23778).

SEQ ID NO: 151 is the determined cDNA sequence for CoSub-55 (also known as 23779).

25 SEQ ID NO: 152 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT1 (also known as 24099).

SEQ ID NO: 153 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT2 (also known as 24100).

SEQ ID NO: 154 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT3 (also known as 24101).

SEQ ID NO: 155 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT6 (also known as 24104).

SEQ ID NO: 156 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT7 (also known as 24105).

30 SEQ ID NO: 157 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT12 (also known as 24110).

SEQ ID NO: 158 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT13 (also known as 24111).

SEQ ID NO: 159 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT14 (also known as 24112).
SEQ ID NO: 160 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT15 (also known as 24113).
SEQ ID NO: 161 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT17 (also known as 24115).
SEQ ID NO: 162 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT18 (also known as 24116).
5 SEQ ID NO: 163 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT22 (also known as 23848).
SEQ ID NO: 164 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT24 (also known as 23849).
SEQ ID NO: 165 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT31 (also known as 23854).
SEQ ID NO: 166 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT34 (also known as 23856).
SEQ ID NO: 167 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT37 (also known as 23859).
10 SEQ ID NO: 168 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT39 (also known as 23860).
SEQ ID NO: 169 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT40 (also known as 23861).
SEQ ID NO: 170 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT51 (also known as 24130).
SEQ ID NO: 171 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT53 (also known as 24132).
SEQ ID NO: 172 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT63 (also known as 24595).
15 SEQ ID NO: 173 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT88 (also known as 24608).
SEQ ID NO: 174 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT92 (also known as 24800).
SEQ ID NO: 175 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT94 (also known as 24802).
SEQ ID NO: 176 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT102 (also known as
24805).
20 SEQ ID NO: 177 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT103 (also known as
24806).
SEQ ID NO: 178 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT111 (also known as
25520).
SEQ ID NO: 179 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT118 (also known as
25 25522).
SEQ ID NO: 180 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT121 (also known as
25523).
SEQ ID NO: 181 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT126 (also known as
25527).
30 SEQ ID NO: 182 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT135 (also known as
25534).

SEQ ID NO: 183 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT140 (also known as 25537).

SEQ ID NO: 184 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT145 (also known as 25542).

5 SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT147 (also known as 25543).

SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT148 (also known as 25544).

10 SEQ ID NO: 187 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT502 (also known as 26420).

SEQ ID NO: 188 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT507 (also known as 26425).

SEQ ID NO: 189 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT521 (also known as 27366).

15 SEQ ID NO: 190 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT544 (also known as 27375).

SEQ ID NO: 191 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT577 (also known as 27385).

20 SEQ ID NO: 192 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT580 (also known as 27387).

SEQ ID NO: 193 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT594 (also known as 27540).

SEQ ID NO: 194 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT606 (also known as 27547).

25 SEQ ID NO: 195 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT607 (also known as 27548).

SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT599 (also known as 27903).

30 SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined cDNA sequence for CT632 (also known as 27922).

SEQ ID NO: 198 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT502 (SEQ ID NO: 187).

SEQ ID NO: 199 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT507 (SEQ ID NO: 188).
SEQ ID NO: 200 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT521 (SEQ ID NO: 189).
SEQ ID NO: 201 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT544 (SEQ ID NO: 190).
SEQ ID NO: 202 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT606 (SEQ ID NO: 194).
5 SEQ ID NO: 203 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT607 (SEQ ID NO: 195).
SEQ ID NO: 204 is the predicted amino acid sequence for CT632 (SEQ ID NO: 197).
SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25244.
SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25245.
SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25246.
10 SEQ ID NO: 208 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25248.
SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25249.
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25250.
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25251.
SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25252.
15 SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25253.
SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25254.
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25255.
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25256.
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25257.
20 SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25259.
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25260.
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25261.
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25262.
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25263.
25 SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25264.
SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25265.
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SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25268.
30 SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25269.
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25271.

SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25272.
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SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25274.
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25275.
5 SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25276.
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25277.
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25278.
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SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25281.
10 SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25282.
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25283.
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20 SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25292.
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25293.
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SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25295.
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25296.
25 SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25297.
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25418.
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30 SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25422.
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25423.

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25424.
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SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25432.
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25433.
10 SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25434.
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25435.
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25436.
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25437.
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15 SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25439.
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25440.
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30 SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25850.
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25851.

SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25852.
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25853.
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25854.
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5 SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25856.
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SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25858.
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25859.
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25860.
10 SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25861.
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25862.
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25863.
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25864.
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25865.
15 SEQ ID NO: 306 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25866.
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25867.
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25868.
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SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25870.
20 SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25871.
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25872.
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25873.
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25875.
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25876.
25 SEQ ID NO: 316 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25877.
SEQ ID NO: 317 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25878.
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SEQ ID NO: 319 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25880.
SEQ ID NO: 320 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25881.
30 SEQ ID NO: 321 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25882.
SEQ ID NO: 322 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25883.

SEQ ID NO: 323 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25884.
SEQ ID NO: 324 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25885.
SEQ ID NO: 325 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25886.
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25887.
5 SEQ ID NO: 327 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25888.
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25889.
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25890.
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25892.
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25894.
10 SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25895.
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25896.
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25897.
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25899.
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25900.
15 SEQ ID NO: 337 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25901.
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25902.
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25903.
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25904.
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25906.
20 SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25907.
SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25908.
SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25909.
SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25910.
SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25911.
25 SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25912.
SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25913.
SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25914.
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30 SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25917.
SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25918.

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25919.

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5 SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25924.

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SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25928.

10 SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25929.

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25930.

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25931.

SEQ ID NO: 366 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25932.

SEQ ID NO: 367 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25933.

15 SEQ ID NO: 368 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25934.

SEQ ID NO: 369 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25935.

SEQ ID NO: 370 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25936.

SEQ ID NO: 371 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 25939.

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20 SEQ ID NO: 373 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32021.

SEQ ID NO: 374 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31993.

SEQ ID NO: 375 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31997.

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SEQ ID NO: 377 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31937.

25 SEQ ID NO: 378 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31952.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31992.

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30 SEQ ID NO: 383 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31980.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31940.

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10 SEQ ID NO: 394 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31986.
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SEQ ID NO: 396 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31987.
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15 SEQ ID NO: 399 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32012.
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20 SEQ ID NO: 404 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32011.
SEQ ID NO: 405 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32022.
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SEQ ID NO: 408 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31989.
25 SEQ ID NO: 409 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32015.
SEQ ID NO: 410 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32002.
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30 SEQ ID NO: 414 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32007.
SEQ ID NO: 415 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31965.

SEQ ID NO: 416 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31935.
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SEQ ID NO: 418 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31966.
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5 SEQ ID NO: 420 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31971.
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10 SEQ ID NO: 425 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32006.
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SEQ ID NO: 427 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31995.
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SEQ ID NO: 434 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31996.
20 SEQ ID NO: 435 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32010.
SEQ ID NO: 436 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31974.
SEQ ID NO: 437 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31983.
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SEQ ID NO: 439 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31949.
25 SEQ ID NO: 440 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31947.
SEQ ID NO: 441 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31994.
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SEQ ID NO: 443 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31975.
SEQ ID NO: 444 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31984.
30 SEQ ID NO: 445 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32024.
SEQ ID NO: 446 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31972.

SEQ ID NO: 447 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31943.
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SEQ ID NO: 449 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32026.
SEQ ID NO: 450 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32009.
5 SEQ ID NO: 451 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32019.
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SEQ ID NO: 453 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31967.
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SEQ ID NO: 455 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31955.
10 SEQ ID NO: 456 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31951.
SEQ ID NO: 457 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31970.
SEQ ID NO: 458 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31962.
SEQ ID NO: 459 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 32001.
SEQ ID NO: 460 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31953.
15 SEQ ID NO: 461 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31944.
SEQ ID NO: 462 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31825.
SEQ ID NO: 463 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31828.
SEQ ID NO: 464 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31830.
SEQ ID NO: 465 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31841.
20 SEQ ID NO: 466 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31847.
SEQ ID NO: 467 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31850.
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SEQ ID NO: 469 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31855.
SEQ ID NO: 470 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31858.
25 SEQ ID NO: 471 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31861.
SEQ ID NO: 472 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31868.
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SEQ ID NO: 475 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31873.
30 SEQ ID NO: 476 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31877.
SEQ ID NO: 477 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31878.

SEQ ID NO: 478 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31885.

SEQ ID NO: 479 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31888.

SEQ ID NO: 480 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31890.

SEQ ID NO: 481 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31893.

5 SEQ ID NO: 482 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31898.

SEQ ID NO: 483 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31901.

SEQ ID NO: 484 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31909.

SEQ ID NO: 485 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31910.

SEQ ID NO: 486 is the determined cDNA sequence for clone 31914.

10

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer. The compositions described herein may include colon tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such

15 polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a colon tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "colon tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in colon tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in

20 a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain colon tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with colon cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence.

25 Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human colon tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding specific tumor proteins are provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486.

5 COLON TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode
10 a portion of a colon tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a colon tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain
15 introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous
20 sequence that encodes a colon tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein.
25 Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native colon tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for
30 maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and

compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

5 Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) Atlas of
10 Protein Sequence and Structure, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenesis pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M.
15 (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the "percentage of sequence identity" is determined by comparing
20 two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (i.e. gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequence (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is
25 calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (i.e. the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

30 Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of

hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native colon tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least two fold greater in a colon tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as colon tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a colon tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide

probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

5 For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using
10 standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full
20 length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about
25 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and
30 used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by

amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic. 1*:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids Res. 19*:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (e.g., NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding portions of colon tumor proteins are provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486. These polynucleotides were isolated from colon tumor cDNA libraries using conventional and/or PCR-based subtraction techniques, as described below.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (see Adelman et al., *DNA 2*:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a colon tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting

antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a colon tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (*e.g.*, promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-, methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In

general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (e.g., avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (i.e., an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

COLON TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a colon tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "colon tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by colon tumor cells. Proteins that are colon tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with colon cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from the native protein and/or

heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a colon tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native colon tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ¹²⁵I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native colon tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native colon tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such

that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein. Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein.

Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain non-conservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. *See Merrifield, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 85:2149-2146, 1963.* Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A

fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and

second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see, for example, Stoute et al. New Engl. J. Med., 336:86-91, 1997*).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g., the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids*), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene 43:265-292, 1986*). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid

proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology 10:795-798, 1992*). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

5 In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95%
10 pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-
15 binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a colon tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a colon tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a colon tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules
20 such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3
25 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as colon cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a colon tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the
30 disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies

this requirement, biological samples (*e.g.*, blood, sera, sputum, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g.*, Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g.*, mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e.*, reactivity with the polypeptide of interest). Such cell lines may be produced, for example,

from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid.

Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction
5 between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

10 Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate
15 the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl
20 groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable
25 linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S.
30 Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a colon tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the ISOLEX™ system, available from

Nexell Therapeutics Inc., Irvine, CA . Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a colon tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a colon tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a colon tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a colon tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience (Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a colon tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Colon tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a colon tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro*

or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a colon tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a colon tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a colon tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and an immunostimulant. An immunostimulant may be any substance that enhances or potentiates an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of immunostimulants include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998, and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the

necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and

5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (*e.g.*, neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (*e.g.*, glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (*e.g.*, aluminum hydroxide) and/or preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of immunostimulants may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IFN- γ , TNF α , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6 and IL-10) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT) (see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule, sponge or gel (composed of polysaccharides, for example) that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical

compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*), their ability to take up, process and present antigens with high efficiency, and their ability to activate naïve T cell responses. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce differentiation, maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fcγ receptor and mannose receptor. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80, CD86 and 4-1BB).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the colon tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the colon tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that provides T cell help (*e.g.*, a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as colon cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or

may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may
5 be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as
10 polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells
15 include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and
20 transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding
25 single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient
30 number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast and/or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive

polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 25 μ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient,

but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a colon tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more colon tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, sputum, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as colon cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a colon tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. *See, e.g.*, Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of

the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length colon tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate
5 polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.,* Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid
10 support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to
15 the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum
20 albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.,* incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an
25 individual with colon cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is
30 generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

5 The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting
10 the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the
15 addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as colon cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred
20 embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to
25 the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value
30 that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered

positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

5 In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent
10 flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of
15 immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to
20 generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

25 Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use colon tumor polypeptides to detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such
30 colon tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a colon tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a colon tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with one or more representative polypeptides (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of colon tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a colon tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a colon tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the colon tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will

hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (see, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may

also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple colon tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a colon tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a colon tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

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Example 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF COLON TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY
PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION AND MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

A cDNA library was constructed in the PCR2.1 vector (Invitrogen, Carlsbad,
10 CA) by subtracting a pool of three colon tumors with a pool of normal colon, spleen, brain,
liver, kidney, lung, stomach and small intestine using PCR subtraction methodologies
(Clontech, Palo Alto, CA). The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol,
which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver
double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize
15 six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in
an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from
digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the
subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and
the driver library remained without adapters.

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The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA.
In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester
cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester
cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs, and
(d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then
25 combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following
this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was
generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second
adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially
expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-
30 specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using
adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not

hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are over-expressed in colon tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

To characterize the complexity and redundancy of the subtracted library, 96 clones were randomly picked and 65 were sequenced, as previously described. These sequences were further characterized by comparison with the most recent Genbank database (April, 1998) to determine their degree of novelty. No significant homologies were found to 21 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as 11092, 11093, 11096, 11098, 11103, 11174, 11108, 11112, 11115, 11117, 11118, 11134, 11151, 11154, 11158, 11168, 11172, 11175, 11184, 11185 and 11187. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 48, 49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101 and 109-111, respectively.

Two-thousand clones from the above mentioned cDNA subtraction library were randomly picked and submitted to a round of PCR amplification. Briefly, 0.5 µl of glycerol stock solution was added to 99.5 µl of pcr MIX (80 µl H₂O, 10 µl 10X PCR Buffer, 6 µl 25 mM MgCl₂, 1 µl 10 mM dNTPs, 1 µl 100 mM M13 forward primer (CACGACGTTGTAAAACGACGG), 1 µl 100 mM M13 reverse primer (CACAGGAAACAGCTATGACC)), and 0.5 µl 5 u/ml Taq polymerase (primers provided by (Operon Technologies, Alameda, CA). The PCR amplification was run for thirty cycles under the following conditions: 95°C for 5 min., 92°C for 30 sec., 57°C for 40 sec., 75°C for 2 min. and 75°C for 5 minutes.

mRNA expression levels for representative clones were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) in colon tumor tissues (n=25), normal colon tissues (n=6), kidney, lung, liver, brain, heart, esophagus, small intestine, stomach, pancreas, adrenal gland, salivary gland, resting PBMC, activated PBMC, bone marrow, dendritic cells, spinal cord, blood vessels, skeletal muscle, skin, breast and fetal tissues. The number of tissue samples tested in each case was one (n=1), except where specifically noted above; additionally, all the above-mentioned tissues were derived from humans. The PCR

amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated by reverse transcription according to the protocol provided by Synteni. The microarrays were probed with the labeled
5 cDNA probes, the slides scanned, and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity.

One hundred and forty nine clones showed two or more fold over-expression in the colon tumor probe group as compared to the normal tissue probe group. These cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied
10 Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A and/or Model 377 (Foster City, CA). These sequences were compared to known sequences in the most recent GenBank database. No significant homologies to human gene sequences were found in forty nine of these clones, represented by the following sixteen cDNA consensus sequences: SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46 and 47, hereinafter referred to as Contig 2, 8,
15 13, 14, 20, 23, 29, 31, 35, 32, 36, 38, 41, 42, 50 and 51, respectively). Contig 29 (SEQ ID NO: 30) was found to be a Rat GSK-3- β -interacting protein Axil homolog. Also, Contigs 31 and 35 (SEQ ID NO: 32 and 33, respectively) were found to be a Mus musculus GOB-4 homolog. The determined cDNA sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-7, 9-14, 17-21, 23, 25-29, 31, 35, 37, 39, 42-45, 50, 51, 53, 55-58, 61-64, 70-78, 80-88, 91, 92, 94-98, 102-108 and 112
20 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes sequences.

Microarray analysis demonstrated Contig 2 (SEQ ID NO: 2) showed over-expression in 34% of colon tumors tested, as well as increased expression in normal pancreatic tissue, with no over-expression in normal colon tissues. Upon further analysis, Contigs 2, 8 and 23 were found to share homology to the known gene GW112. Contigs 4, 5,
25 9 and 52 showed homology to carcinoembryonic antigen (SEQ ID NO: 3, 4, 5 and 6, respectively). A representative sampling of these fragments showed over-expression in 85% of colon tumors, with over-expression in normal bone marrow and 3/6 normal colon tissues. Contig 6 (SEQ ID NO: 7), showing homology to the known gene sequence for villin, and was over-expressed in about half of all colon tumors tested, with a limited degree of low level
30 over-expression in normal colon. Contig 12 (SEQ ID NO: 14), showing homology to Chromosome 17, clone hRPC.1171_I_10, also referred to as C798P, was over-expressed in

approximately 70% of colon tumors tested, with low over-expression in 1/6 normal colon samples. Contig 14, also referred to as 14261 (SEQ ID NO: 16), showing no significant homology to any known gene, showed over-expression in 44% of colon tumors tested, with low level expression in half of normal colon tissues, as well as small intestine and pancreatic tissue. Contig 18 (SEQ ID NO: 21), showing homology to the known gene for L1-cadherin, showed over-expression in approximately half of colon tumors and low level over-expression in 3/6 normal colon tissues tested. Contig 22 (SEQ ID NO: 23), showing homology to Bumetanide-sensitive Na-K-Cl cotransporter was over-expressed in 70% of colon tumors and no over-expression in all normal tissues tested. Contig 25 (SEQ ID NO: 25), showing homology to macrophage inflammatory protein-3 α , was over-expressed in over 40% of colon tumors and in activated PBMC. Contigs 26 and 48 (SEQ ID NOS: 25 and 26), showing homology to the sequence for laminin, was over-expressed in 48% of colon tumors and with low over-expression in stomach tissue. Contig 28 (SEQ ID NO: 29), showing homology to the known gene sequence for Chromosome 16 BAC clone CIT987SK-A-363E6, was over-expressed in 33% of colon tumors tested with normal stomach and 2/6 normal colon tissues showing low level over-expression. Contigs 29, 31 and 35 (SEQ ID NOS: 30, 32 and 33, respectively), also referred to as C751P, an unknown sequence showing limited and partial homology to Rat GSK-3 β -interacting protein Axil homolog and Mus musculus GOB-4 homolog, was over-expressed in 74% of colon tumors and no over-expression in all normal tissues tested. Contig 34 (SEQ ID NO: 35), showing homology to the known sequence for desmoglein 2, was over-expressed in 56% of colon tumors and showed low level over-expression in 1/6 normal colon tissues. Contig 36 (SEQ ID NO: 36), an unknown sequence also referred to as C793P, showed over-expression in 30% of colon tumor tissues tested. Contig 37 and 14287.2 (SEQ ID NOS: 37 and 116), an unknown sequence, but with limited (89%) homology to the known sequence for putative transmembrane protein was over-expressed in 70% of colon tumors, as well as in normal lung tissue and 3/6 normal colon tissues tested. Contig 38, also referred to as C796P and 14219 (SEQ ID NO: 38), showing no significant homology to any known gene, was over-expressed in 38% in colon tumors and no elevated over-expression in any normal tissues. Contig 41 (SEQ ID NO: 40), also referred to as C799P and 14308, an unknown sequence showing no significant homology to any known gene, was over-expressed in 22% of colon tumors. Contig 42, (SEQ ID NO: 41), also

referred to as C794P and 14309, an unknown sequence with no significant homology to any known gene, was over-expressed in 63% of colon tumors tested, as well as in 3/6 normal colon tissues. Contig 43 (SEQ ID NO: 42), showing homology to the known sequence for Chromosome 1 specific transcript KIAA0487 was over-expressed in 85% of colon tumors tested and in normal lung and 4/6 normal colon tissues. Contig 49 (SEQ ID NO: 45), showing homology to the known sequence for pump-1, was over-expressed in 44% of colon tumors and no over-expression in all normal tissues tested. Contig 50 (SEQ ID NO: 46), also referred to as C792P and 18323, showing no significant homology to any known gene, was over-expressed in 33% of colon tumors with no detectable over-expression in any normal tissues tested. Contig 51 (SEQ ID NO: 47), also referred to as C795P and 14317 was over-expressed in 11% of colon tumors.

Additional microarray analysis yielded seven clones showing two or more fold over-expression in the colon tumor probe group as compared to the normal tissue probe group. Three of these clones demonstrated particularly good colon tumor specificity, and are represented by SEQ ID NO: 115, 116 and 120. Specifically, SEQ ID NO: 115, referred to as C791P or 14235, which shows homology to the known gene sequence for H. sapiens chromosome 21 derived BAC containing ets-2 gene, was over-expressed in 89% of colon tumors tested and in 5/6 normal colon tissues, as well as over-expressed at low levels in normal lung and activated PBMC. Microarray analysis for SEQ ID NO: 116 is discussed above. SEQ ID NO: 120, referred to as 14295, showing homology to the known gene sequence for secreted cement gland protein XAG-2 homolog, was over-expressed in 70% of colon tumors and in 5/6 normal colon tissues, as well as low level over-expression in normal small intestine, stomach and lung. All clones showing over-expression in colon tumor were sequenced and these sequences compared to the most recent Genbank database (February 12, 1999). Of the seven clones, three contained sequences that did not share significant homology to any known gene sequences, represented by SEQ ID NO: 116, 117 and 119. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in colon. The determined cDNA sequences of the remaining clones (SEQ ID NO: 113-115 and 120) were found to show some homology to previously identified genes.

Further analysis identified a clone which was recovered several times by PCR subtraction and by expression screening using a mouse anti-scld antiserum. The determined

full length cDNA sequence for this clone is provided in SEQ ID NO: 121, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 122. This clone is homologous with the known gene Beta IG-H3, as disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,444,164. Microarray analysis demonstrated this clone to be over-expressed in 75 to 80% of colon tumors tested (n=27), with no over-expression in normal colon samples (n=6), but with some low level over-expression in other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis of the PCR-subtraction library described above led to the isolation of longer cDNA sequences for the clones of SEQ ID NO: 30, 115, 46, 118, 41, 47, 38, 113, 14 and 40 (known as C751P, C791P, C792P, C793P, C794P, C795P, C796P, C797P, C798P and C799P, respectively). These determined cDNA sequences are provided in SEQ ID NO: 123-132, respectively.

Using PCR subtraction methodology described above with minor modifications, transcripts from a pool of three moderately differentiated colon adenocarcinoma samples were subtracted with a set of transcripts from normal brain, pancreas, bone marrow, liver, heart, lung, stomach and small intestine. Modifications of the above protocol were included at the cDNA digestion steps and in the tester to drive hybridization ratios. In a first subtraction, the restriction enzymes PvuII, DraI, MscI and StuI were used to digest cDNAs, and the tester to driver ratio was 1:40, as suggested by Clontech. In a second subtraction, DraI, MscI and StuI were used for cDNA digestion and a tester to driver ratio of 1:76 was used. Following the PCR amplification steps, the cDNAs were clones into pCR2.1 plasmid vector. The determined cDNA sequences of 167 isolated clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 205-371. These sequences were compared to sequences in the public databases as described above. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369 and 371 were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. The remaining sequences were found to show some homology to previously identified genes.

Using the PCR subtraction technology described above, a cDNA library from a pool of primary colon tumors was subtracted with a cDNA library prepared from normal tissues, including brain, bone marrow, kidney, heart, lung, liver, pancreas, small intestine,

stomach and trachea. The determined cDNA sequences for 90 clones isolated in this subtraction are provided in SEQ ID NO: 372-461. Comparison of these sequences with those in the public databases as described above, revealed no homologies to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 426, 445 and 453. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 372-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455 and 457-461 showed some homology to previously identified genes, while the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 379, 405, 407, 408, 418, 424, 430-432, 437, 442, 444, 452 and 456 showed some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

Example 2

ISOLATION OF TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES USING SCID-PASSAGED TUMOR RNA

Human colon tumor antigens were obtained using SCID mouse passaged colon tumor RNA as follows. Human colon tumor was implanted in SCID mice and harvested, as described in Patent Application Serial No. 08/556,659 filed 11/13/95, U.S. Patent No. 5,986,170. First strand cDNA was synthesized from poly A+ RNA from three SCID mouse-passaged colon tumors using a Lambda ZAP Express cDNA synthesis kit (Stratagene). The reactions were pooled and digested with RNase A, T1 and H to cleave the RNA and then treated with NaOH to degrade the RNA. The resulting cDNA was annealed with biotinylated (Vector Labs, Inc., Burlingame, CA) cDNA from a normal resting PBMC plasmid library (constructed from Superscript plasmid System, Gibco BRL), and subtracted with streptavidin by phenol/chloroform extraction. Second strand cDNA was synthesized from the subtracted first strand cDNA and digested with S1 nuclease (Gibco BRL). The cDNA was blunted with Pfu polymerase and EcoRI adaptors (Stratagene) were ligated to the ends. The cDNA was phosphorylated with T4 polynucleotide kinase, digested with restriction endonuclease XhoI, and size selected with Sephacryl S-400 (Sigma). Fractions were pooled, ligated to Lambda ZAP Express arms (Stratagene) and packaged with Gigapack Gold III extract (Stratagene). Random plaques were picked, phagemid was excised, transformed into XL0LR cells (Stratagene) and resulting plasmid DNA (Qiagen Inc., Valencia, CA) was sequenced as described above. The determined cDNA sequences for 17

clones isolated as described above are provided in SEQ ID NO: 133-151, wherein 133 and 134 represent partial sequences of a clone referred to as CoSub-3 and SEQ ID NO: 135 and 136 represent partial sequences of a clone referred to as CoSub-13. These sequences were compared with those in the public databases as described above. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 139 and 149 showed no significant homologies to any previously identified sequences. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 148 and 149 showed some homology to previously isolated expressed sequence tags (ESTs). The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 133-137, 144-147, 150 and 151 showed some homology to previously isolated gene sequences.

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Example 3

USE OF MOUSE ANTISERA TO IDENTIFY DNA SEQUENCES ENCODING COLON TUMOR ANTIGENS

This example illustrates the isolation of cDNA sequences encoding colon tumor antigens by screening of colon tumor cDNA libraries with mouse anti-tumor sera.

A cDNA expression library was prepared from SCID mouse-passaged human colon tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Stratagene (La Jolla, CA) Lambda ZAP Express kit, following the manufacturer's instructions. Sera was obtained from the colon tumor-bearing SCID mouse. This serum was injected into normal mice to produce anti-colon tumor serum. Approximately 600,000 PFUs were screened from the unamplified library using this antiserum. Using a goat anti-mouse IgG-A-M (H+L) alkaline phosphatase second antibody developed with NBT/BCIP (BRL Labs.), positive plaques were identified. Phage was purified and phagemid excised for several clones with inserts in a pBK-CMV vector for expression in prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells.

The determined cDNA sequences for 46 of the isolated clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 152-197. The predicted amino acid sequences for the cDNA sequences of SEQ ID NO: 187, 188, 189, 190, 194, 195 and 197 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 198-204, respectively. The determined cDNA sequences were compared with those in the public database as described above. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 156, 168, 184, 189, 192 and 196 showed some homology to previously isolated ESTs. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 152-

155, 157-167, 169-182, 183, 185-188, 190, 194, 195 and 197 showed some homology to previously identified genes.

Example 4

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF COLON TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY CONVENTIONAL SUBTRACTION

Two cDNA libraries were constructed and used to create a subtracted cDNA library as follows.

Using the GibcoBRL Superscript Plasmid System with minor modifications, two cDNA libraries were created. The first library, referred to as CTCL, was prepared from a pool of mRNA samples from three colon adenocarcinoma tissue samples. Two of the samples were described as Duke's stage C and one as Duke's stage B. All three samples were grade III in histological status. A second library (referred to as DriverLibpcDNA3.1+) was prepared from a pool of normal tissues, namely liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, resting PBMC, stomach and brain. Both libraries were prepared using the manufacturer's instructions with the following modifications: an EcoRI-NotI 5' cDNA adapter was used instead of the provided reagent; the vector pCDNA3.1(+) (Invitrogen) was substituted for the pSPORT vector; and the ligated DNA molecules were transformed into ElectroMaxDH10B electrocompetent cells. Clones from the libraries were analyzed by restriction digest and sequencing to determine average insert size, quality of the library and complexity of the library. DNA was prepared from each library and digested.

The driver DNA was biotinylated and hybridized with the colon library tester DNA at a ratio of 10:1. After two rounds of hybridizations, streptavidin incubations and extractions, the remaining colon cDNAs were size-selected by column chromatography and cloned into the pCMV-Script vector from Stratagene. Clones from this subtracted library (referred to as CTCL-S1) were characterized as described above for the unsubtracted libraries.

The determined cDNA sequences for 18 clones isolated from the CTCL-S1 library are provided in SEQ ID NO: 462-479. Comparison of these sequences with those in the public databases, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to the sequences

of SEQ ID NO: 476, 477 and 479. The remaining sequences showed some homology to previously identified genes.

In further studies, a cDNA library was prepared from a pool of mRNA from three metastatic colon adenocarcinomas derived from liver tissue samples. All samples were described as Duke's stage D. Conventional subtraction was performed as described above, using the DriverLibpcDNA3.1+ library described above as the driver. The resulting subtracted library (referred to as CMCL-S1) was characterized by isolating a set of clones for restriction analysis and sequencing.

The determined cDNA sequences for 7 clones isolated from the CMCL-S1 library are provided in SEQ ID NO: 480-486. Comparison of these sequences with those in the public databases revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 483. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 480-482 and 484-486 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes.

Example 5

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

From the foregoing it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a colon tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483;

(b) sequences that hybridize to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) a complement of a sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168,

170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 5 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 122 and 198-204.

10 4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a colon tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of 15 SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 20 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a colon tumor protein, or a variant 25 thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 30 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303,

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5 6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 10 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483.

 7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes to a 15 sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 20 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 under moderately stringent conditions.

 8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide 25 according to any one of claims 4-7.

 9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims claim 4-8.

30 10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a colon tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254, 256, 259, 260, 262, 263, 266, 267, 270-273, 279, 282, 291, 293, 294, 298, 300, 302, 303, 310-313, 315, 317, 320, 322, 324, 332-335, 345, 347, 356, 358, 361, 362, 366, 369, 371-378, 380-404, 406, 409-417, 419-423, 425, 427-429, 433-436, 438-441, 443, 446-451, 454, 455, 457-461, 476, 477, 479 and 483 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

12. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

13. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

14. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

15. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

16. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 12.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a physiologically acceptable carrier and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
(b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;
(c) an antibody according to claim 11;
(d) a fusion protein according to claim 12; and
(e) a polynucleotide according to claim 16.

18. A vaccine comprising an immunostimulant and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
(b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;
(c) an antibody according to claim 11;
(d) a fusion protein according to claim 12; and
(e) a polynucleotide according to claim 16.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to any claim 18, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 17.

22. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 20.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with an immunostimulant.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method according to claim 29, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

31. A method according to any one of claims 21, 22 and 29, wherein the cancer is colon cancer.

32. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-

197 and 205-486; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the antigen from the sample.

5

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

34. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

35. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a colon tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and
 - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii),
- under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

36. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 35.

37. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 36.

30

38. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient,

comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or

(ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

39. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and
- (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or

(ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

(b) cloning at least one proliferated cell to provide cloned T cells; and

(c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

40. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a

patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

41. A method according to claim 40, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

42. A method according to claim 43, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

43. A method according to claim 40, wherein the cancer is colon cancer.

44. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

5 45. A method according to claim 44, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

 46. A method according to claim 45, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

10 47. A method according to claim 44, wherein the cancer is a colon cancer.

 48. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

15 (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

20 (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

 (c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

25 49. A method according to claim 48, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

 50. A method according to claim 48, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

30 51. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient,

comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-121, 123-197 and 205-486 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

52. A method according to claim 51, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

53. A method according to claim 51, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

54. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 11; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

55. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

56. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

57. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the reporter group is selected

from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

58. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 contiguous nucleotides that
5 hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a colon tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205, 207, 210-212, 214, 215, 218, 224-226, 228, 233, 234, 236, 238, 241, 242, 245, 246, 248, 250, 253, 254,
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15

59. A oligonucleotide according to claim 58, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 contiguous nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 2, 8, 15, 16, 22, 24, 30, 32-34, 36, 38, 40, 41, 46-49, 52, 54, 59, 60, 65-69, 79, 89, 90, 93, 99-101, 109-111, 116-119, 123-132, 138-142, 143, 148, 149, 156, 168, 170-182, 184, 189, 191-193, 196, 205,
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25

60. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 59; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

SEQUENCE LISTING

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DIAGNOSIS OF COLON CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE

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 catgttttat gagccccaca atactgaagc tccttttcca gggacttggc ataggcagtc 120
 aattccacat ttgggatagg tcctctctgg aagtgaatgt caggcagtga catccaagtt 180
 tctgcatgca gtgggttaac agccatgttt agggggaaca tgatttaaaa agtacatctc 240

tctccctcct	ccccacatg	cacaaggctc	acatctcatt	atgggtgkcg	cccatgtcac	300
attaaagtgt	gatacttkgg	ttttgaaaac	attcaaacag	tctctgtgga	aatctggaga	360
gaaattggcg	gagagctgcc	gtggtgcatt	cctcctgtag	tgcttcaagn	taatgcttca	420
tcctttntta	ataacttttg	atagacaggg	gctagtcgca	cagacctctg	ggaagccctg	480
gaaaacgctg	atgcttgttt	gaagatctca	agcgcagagt	ctgcaagttc	atccccctct	540
tcctgaggtc	tgttggctgg	aggctgcaga	acattggtga	tgacatggac	cacgccattt	600
gtgg						604

<210> 10

<211> 473

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 10

tcgagaagat	ccctagttag	actttgaacc	gtatcctggg	cgacccagaa	gccctgagag	60
acctgctgaa	caaccacatc	ttgaagtcag	ctatgtgtgc	tgaagccatc	gttgcggggc	120
tgtctgtgga	gaccttgagg	ggcagcacac	tggagggtgg	ctgcagcggg	gacatgctca	180
ctatcaacgg	gaaggcgatc	atctccaata	aagacatcct	agccaccaac	ggggtgatcc	240
actacattga	tgagctactc	atcccagact	cagccaagac	actatttgaa	ttggctgcag	300
agtctgatgt	gtccacagcc	attgaccttt	tcagacaagc	cggcctcggc	aatcatctct	360
ctggaagtga	gcggttgacc	ctcctgggct	ccctgaatt	ctgtattcaa	agatggaacc	420
cctccaattg	atgcccatac	aagggaattg	cttcggaacc	acataattaa	aga	473

<210> 11

<211> 411

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(411)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11

tcctcattgg	tcggggccaa	aagcgtgtac	tggccgttac	cttcaagcat	cgtgttgagc	60
cctgatgcag	ccacagcagc	ccgaagggtc	tcaaagggtg	cctcgatctc	aatgatctgc	120
tggatggtgt	tggatgatgg	ggagatgacc	ttatcgatga	ggtgcaccac	cccgttggtt	180
gcattggtgt	cggcttthyar	carccgggca	cagttcacag	ttacaatccc	attaggatag	240
tggatgatct	nggatgttgg	aattctggtg	catagnaggt	gaggggtcat	gcccggtgtt	300
cagctcatca	gtcaggactc	gcctgcccac	catatggtaa	gcsgragggc	atttgagcag	360
ctcaatgttt	gacattgctg	gaccagggga	gttcagcac	ttctangang	a	411

<210> 12

<211> 560

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 12

tacttgcttg	gagatwgcyt	tykckwmtg	yticwrawgtc	cgtggatata	gaaatctctg	60
caggcaagtt	gctccagagc	atattgcagg	acaagcctgt	aacgaatagt	taaattcacg	120
gcattctggat	tcctaattct	tttccgaaat	ggcagggtgtg	agtgcctgta	taaaatatct	180
tatgtttacc	ttcaacttct	tgttctggct	atgtggtatc	ttgatcctag	cattagcaat	240
atgggtacga	gtaagcaatg	actctcaagc	aatttttggt	tctgaagatg	taggctctag	300
ctcctacgtt	gctgtggaca	tattgattgc	tgtaggtgcc	atcatcatga	ttctgggctt	360
cctgggatgc	tgcggtgcta	taaaagaaag	tcgctgcatg	cttctgttgt	ttttcatagg	420

cttgcttctg atcctgctcc tgcaggtggg cgacaggtat cctaggagct gttttcaa
 ctaagtctga tcgcatttg aatgaaactc tctatgaaaa cacaaagctt ttgagcgcca
 caggggaaag tgaaaaacaa

480
 540
 560

<210> 13
 <211> 150
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 13
 gggcaggctg tcttttttaa atgtctcggc tagctagacc acagatatct tctagacata
 ttgaacacat ttaagatttg agggatataa gggaaaatga tatgaatgtg tatttttact
 caaaataaaa gtaactgttt acgttggtga

60
 120
 150

<210> 14
 <211> 403
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 14
 ctgctgcctg tggcgtgtgt gggctggatc ccttgaaggc tgagtttttg agggcagaaa
 gctagctatg ggtagccagg tgttacaaag gtgctgctcc ttctccaacc cctacttgg
 ttccctcacc ccaagcctca tgttcatacc agccagtggg ttcagcagaa cgcattgacac
 cttatcacct cctccttgg gtgagctctg aacaccagct ttggcccctc cacagtaagg
 ctgctacatc aggggcaacc ctggctctat ctttttccct ttttgccaaa aggaccagta
 gcataggtga gccctgagca ctaaaaggag gggctccctga agctttccca ctatagtgtg
 gaggttctgtc cctgaggtgg gtacagcagc cttggttcct ctg

60
 120
 180
 240
 300
 360
 403

<210> 15
 <211> 688
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(688)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15
 caaagcacat ttaaatcatt tatttttaaaa gggggagtaa agcattttaa ctgccaatcc
 tatagactag gacttgaaca tcaaaggaaa aatagacaaa gactagatga taaagtcatt
 caaaagcaca gaagcacatc acatacacca gcaagggttc caactactgc actgattaac
 tagatactct caatagcttt tctatagctc gtccctagaaa aaaaaattaa attttcattt
 tcttacaagt tccaggctta aacaaaggca aaaattacat gcaacaactg atacactcat
 aagttgcaca tatgctccaa ggtctttatt agataacaat aaatgctagc actttgtcac
 tgccatcaga ttttccttat agtcttagag tcatgtaaat aaaagtcca taatgaaatt
 aaagaaaatt aatttttcta atcttagatc agttccatag aaaactatta atttttttaa
 agtaggcagt agaagggggg tgggtggggg tggaattggg tagtaagtct ggttctaate
 ttctgagctg cctttggaag gaagttatga ggtagaagat tctactgact ttagtaagg
 tggacaatga gagaaaagaa aaagcaggtg cctcatcnnc agatccttnt ggtatttatn
 tgccangtnc nanntaatnc atanaaag

60
 120
 180
 240
 300
 360
 420
 480
 540
 600
 660
 688

<210> 16
 <211> 408
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 16

caggatcatca agatgactta caggatgtaa tagggagagc tgtcgagatt ggtgttaaaa	60
agtttatgat tacagggtgga aatctacaag acagtaaaga tgcactgcat ttggcacaaa	120
caaatggtat gtttttcagt acagttggat gtcgtcctac aagatgtggt gaatttgaaa	180
agaataaccc tgatctttac ttaaaggagt tgctaaatct tgctgaaaac aataaaggga	240
aagttgtggc aataggagaa tgcggacttg attttgacct gactgcagtt ttgtcccaaa	300
gatactcaac tcaaatattt tgaaaaacag tttgaactgt cagaacaaac aaaattacca	360
atgtttcttc attgtccgaa actcacatgc tgaatttttg gacataat	408

<210> 17

<211> 407

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 17

ggctctgggg aggccttagg ggagcacctg gatggagagg acagagcagg ggctccagca	60
ccttctttct ggactggcgt tcacctccct gctcagtgt tgggctccac gggcagggggt	120
cagagcactc cctaatttat gtgctatata aatatgtcag atgtacatag agatctattt	180
tttctaaaac attccctctc ccactcctct cccacagagt gctggactgt tccaggccct	240
ccagtgggct gatgctggga cccttaggat ggggctccca gctcctttct cctgtgaatg	300
gaggcagaag acctccaata aagtgccttc tgggcttttt ctaacctttg tcttagctac	360
ctgtgtactg aaatttgggc ctttggtatc aatatgggtc agagggt	407

<210> 18

<211> 405

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 18

tgaagagtca acttgggcct ggaggactga taaagtttgt gattttgagg gcctctaaaa	60
gtattaaagc agcggcagcc gctgcacgca gacatgaggg ctaggttaaa acagtaagat	120
caagttgttt ggacagaaag gctacagagt gtggctcctg ctcttgtgta agaattacga	180
ccacgctaac catgcctagg aaggaaagga gttattgttt tgtagaaagg tgctgggggt	240
tgagagatca gtcggacacg attggcaggg agagcacgtg tgtttttatg agaattatgc	300
ccgagatagg taacagatga ggaagaaatt tgggcttgat tgaagtaatg ggggctgtct	360
gtgaagcttt gcagcagtag agcctaggta atttgctgag cctaa	405

<210> 19

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 19

tcttgacatt cctgccttct tatattaata agacaaataa aacaaaatag tgttgaagtg	60
ttggggcagc gaaaattttt ggggggtggt atggagagat aatgggcgat gtttctcagg	120
gctgcttcaa gcgggattag ggcggcgtg ggagcctaga gtgggagaga ttaagctgaa	180
gggaggtctt gtggttaagg gtgatatcat ggggatgtta gaagaaacat ttgtcgtata	240
gaatgattgg tgatggcctg gatacggttt tggatgattt gagaagctaa atggaagata	300
caagggtccga ataaaaggag gagaaaaatg ggtattaaat gtctaagaat tgggaggacc	360
taggacatct gattagagag tgcctaagga gattcagcat a	401

<210> 20

<211> 331

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 20

```

aggtccagct ctgtctcata cttgactcta aagtcacag cagcaagacg ggcattgtca      60
atctgcagaa cgatgcgggc attgtccaca gtatctgcga agatctgagc cctcaggtcc      120
tcgatgatct tgaagtaatg gctccagtct ctgacctggg gtcccttctt ctccaagtgc      180
tcccggattt tgcctccag cctccggttc tcggtctcca ggctcctcac tctgtccagg      240
taagaggcca ggcggtcgtt caggctttgc atggtctcct tctcgttctg gatgcctccc      300
attcctgccca gacccccggc tatccccggtg g                                     331

```

<210> 21

<211> 346

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(346)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21

```

ggtccaccac ttgtaccgga tatggacttc cggcttctct gtccaatgga gccacactaa      60
agatctcacc agtcacgtgg tcaattttaa gccaacctct tgtgtctccc ctgagtgaat      120
agcttatgtc cagaccttct ggatccttgg cagtcacatt gccaccttta gtgcctatag      180
ctacatcctc actgactttc gcttggaata cgtgttgga aaattgaggt gcttcattca      240
catctgtcac aataagncgt gaacttggca aaagaacttg cattgtactt cacaccaaac      300
actagaggct caggattttc tgctttgaac acaatgttgg aaacag                      346

```

<210> 22

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(360)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

```

gaagactccc tctctcggaa gccggatccc gagccgggca ggatggatca ccaccagccg      60
gggactgggc gctaccaggt gcttcttaat gaagaggata actcagaatc atcggctata      120
gagcagccac ctacttcaaa cccagcacc gcagattgtg caggctgcgt cttcagcacc      180
agcacttgaa actgactctt cccctccacc atatagtagt attactggtg gaagtaccta      240
caacttcaga tacagaagtt tacggtgagt tttatcccggt gccacctccc tatagcggtg      300
ctacctctct tctacnwtc cgatgaaagc tgagaaggct aaagctgctg caatggcatg      360

```

<210> 23

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 23

```

ggcggagctc cagcagcagc tggaaaagga accttttgag gatggctttg caaatgggga      60
agaaagtact ccaaccagag atgctgtggt caggtatact gcagaaagta aaggagtcgt      120

```

```

gaagtttggc tggatcaagg gtgtattagt acgttgtatg ttaaacattt ggggtgtgat      180
gcttttcatt agattgtcat ggattgtggg tcaagctgga ataggtctat cagtccttgt      240
aataatgatg g                                     251

```

```

<210> 24
<211> 421
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(421)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 24
caggtctttc ccaggtggtg actccagctc cagcttcagc tccagctcca ggtcgggctc      60
cagctccagc cgcagcttar gcagcgggag gttctgtgtc ccagttgttt tccaatttca      120
ccggctcccg tggatgamcg ygggacctgy caswgctcct gktycctgc yagsacacca      180
cnytttyccg tggacacrar kggaacckct tggaattcac agctyatgtt ctttctcara      240
agtttgagaa agaactttct aaagtgaggg aatatgtcca attaattagt gtgtatgaaa      300
agaaactgtt aaaccttaact gtccgaattg acatcatgga raaaggatac catttcttac      360
actgaactgg acttcgagct gatcaaggta gaagtgaagg agatggaaaa actggtcata      420
c                                     421

```

```

<210> 25
<211> 381
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(381)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 25
gaactttttg tttctttatt ttcaatattt gtcttattaa tatttttctt attttataat      60
gcaattacaa caatttagga nacaaaacaa tataaacaaa agaatgttaa atagtttttt      120
ttaaaaaata gcttggtgct tgcaanaaag tccatataat cttattcccc cccaaatata      180
attttatact ttgactaaa ccaaaatagc ttatggaaaa ttagtattaa atagctaaac      240
acagaaaacc tacagctata aataacataa aatacagttt aactttaatg ngatgcttaa      300
acaaagcaaa ctatgatgca atatgaatca acttcattaa ttggacaagt ccagngggagg      360
cacaaattag ataagcacta a                                     381

```

```

<210> 26
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(401)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 26
ggaaaaggga ctggcctctc tgaagagtga gatgagggaa gtggaaggag agctggaaag      60

```

```

gaaggagctg gagtttgaca cgaatatgga tgcagtagac atggtgatta cagaagccca 120
gaaggttgat accagaagcc aagaacgctg gggttacaat ccaagacaca ctcaacacat 180
tagacgggct cctgcattct gatggacca ccttttcang tggtaagatt gaagangggg 240
cctgggctta cctgggaagc aaaaactttt cccganccaa ggaaccagg attcaaccan 300
gcnacttgcg ggccaaggaa ggcanaactn ggaanaaaag gccccttaag caaaagggnc 360
accttcattt gctnggaaan cagcctttan ttggaatctt g 401

```

<210> 27

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27

```

aattgcaact ggacttttat tgggcagtta cnacaacnaa tgttttcana aaaatatttg 60
gaaaaaatat accacttcat agctaagtct tacagagaan aggatttgct aataaaactt 120
aagttttgaa aattaagatg cnggtanagc ttctgaacta atgcccacag ctccaaggaa 180
nacatgtcct atttagttat tcaaatacca gttgagggca ttgtgattaa gcaaacaata 240
tatttggtan aactttgntt ttaaattact gntncttgac attacttata aaggagnctc 300
taactttcga tttctaaaac tatgtaatac aaaagtatan ntttcccat tttgataaaa 360
gggcnanga tactgantag gaa 383

```

<210> 28

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(401)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

```

ggtcgcgttt cccctggctc acagtctgcc attatttgca tttttaaatg aagaaaagtt 60
taacgtggat ggatggacag tttacaatcc agtggaagaa tacaggaggc agggcttgcc 120
caatcaccat tggagaataa cttttattaa taagtgtat gagctctgcg acacttacct 180
tgctcttttg gtggttcctg atcgtgcctc anatgatgac ctccggagag ttgcaacttt 240
taggtcccga aatcgaattc cagtgtgtc atggattcat ccagaaaata agacgggtcat 300
tgtgcgttgc agtcagcctc ttgtcgggtat gagtgggaaa cgaaataaag atgatgagaa 360
atatctcgat gttatcaggg agactaataa acaaatttct a 401

```

<210> 29

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 29

```

atatgagttt gccatctcca tggatgccat ttcaatgcct tcagggtaat cattctctcc 60
ccaaagactg cccacggggt catcactcct gtgacgaaat gagggctgga ttgaagatgt 120
tctgctgagc acccccctgg tcatctttgg ggtctcagaa gagccataat catgaccatt 180
ctcagcatct gaataatcag gttctctcca agtgcttggc aagttctgat tgtcctcagc 240

```

actgggatag tctggctccc caaaaaaggg tggagagtta ggttgaatgt cagcgcttgg 300
 ataatcaggc tttcccagag agtctgcgta tggattgatt ctaaaacttg tatgttccag 360
 attctttctg gatcctggat ggttcaaatt ggctctgggt c 401

<210> 30
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 30
 cctgaactat ttattaaaaa catgaccact cttggctatt gaagatgctg cctgtatttg 60
 agagactgcc atacataata tatgacttcc tagggatctg aaatccataa actaagagaa 120
 actgtgtata gcttacctga acaggaatcc ttactgatat ttatagaaca gttgatttcc 180
 cccatcccca gtltatggat atgctgcttt aaacttggaa gggggagaca ggaagtttta 240
 attgttctga ctaaacttag gagttgagct aggagtgcgt tcatgggttc ttcactaaca 300
 gaggaattat gctttgcact acgtccctcc aagtgaagac agactgtttt agacagactt 360
 tttaaaatgg tgccctacca ttgacacatg cagaaattgg t 401

<210> 31
 <211> 297
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 31
 acctccatta atgccagggtg ttcctcctct gatgccagga atgccaccag ttatgccagg 60
 catgccacct ggattgcac atcagagaaa atacaccag tcattttgctg gtgaaaacat 120
 aatgatgcca atgggtggaa tgatgccacc tggaccagga ataccacctc tgatgcctgg 180
 aatgccacca ggtatgcccc cacctgttcc acgtcctgga attcctccaa tgactcaagc 240
 acaggctgtt tcagcgccag gtattcttaa tagaccacct gcaccaacag caactgt 297

<210> 32
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 32
 caaacctgga gccaaaaagg acacaaagga ctctcgaccc aaactgcccc agaccctctc 60
 cagaggttgg ggtgaccaac tcatctggac tcagacatat gaagaagctc tatataaatc 120
 caagacaagc aacaaaccct tgatgattat tcatcacttg ggtgagtgcc cacacagtca 180
 agctttaaag aaagtgtttg ctgaaaataa agaaatccag aaattggcag agcagtttgt 240
 cctcctcaat ctggttttatg aaacaactga caaacacctt tctcctgatg gccagtatgt 300
 ccccaggatt atgtttgttg acccatctct gacagttaga gcccgatatc actggaagat 360
 attcaaaccg tctctatgct tacgaacctg cagatacagc t 401

<210> 33
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 33
 agcagagggga caggaatcat tcggccactg ttcagacggg agccacaccc ttctccaatc 60
 caagcctggc cccagaagat cacaagagc caaagaaact ggcagggtgc cagcgctcc 120
 aggccagtga gttggttgc acttactttt tctgtgggga agaaattcca taccggagga 180
 tgctgaaggc tcagagcttg accctgggcc actttaaaga gcagctcagc aaaaagggaa 240
 attataggta ttacttcaaa aaagcaagcg atgagtttgc ctgtggagcg gtgtttgagg 300

agatctggga ggatgagacg gtgctcccga tgtatgaagg ccgattctg ggcaaagtgg 360
agcggatcga ttgagccctg gggctctggct ttggtgaact g 401

<210> 34
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 34
aacaatggct atgaaggcat tgtcgttgca atcgacccca atgtgccaga agatgaaaca 60
ctcattcaac aaataaagga catggtgacc caggcatctc tgtatctgtt tgaagctaca 120
ggaaagcgat tttatttcaa aaatggtgcc attttgattc ctgaaacatg gaagacaaag 180
gctgactatg tgagaccaaa acttgagacc tacaaaaatg ctgatgttct ggttgcttga 240
gtctactcct ccaggtaatg atgaacccta cactgagcag atgygggcaac tgtggagaga 300
aggggtgaaa ggatcccacc tcactcctga tttcattgca ggaaaaaagt tagcttgaat 360
atggaccaca aggtaagggc atttgtccat gaatggggct c 401

<210> 35
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (401)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35
catttcttcc tactagactg ccccttctgat ccactggcag aaatgatggc accaccttgt 60
cttcagggtg tgctccttca ttattccaag gatgcagcat ctctatgggt ccagggtatgg 120
gggtaaaagcc tttggcgccc ttccgcgaat ggcacatcag cagtaaaagt ggtaccaata 180
gcangaacag aaagggcaaa atcatgancg caattgctgc ggggcccaag cccacatagg 240
aatcatgctg ngcttccctg canccgctgc catgcaagac actnacaaac tngnantgta 300
aggacctgct tttcaggaca actaaaaccc tgattgntcg aaatcaggaa ctgaatttca 360
cttctcccaa gctttttctc actttggtgc aacancacac t 401

<210> 36
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 36
cctgctagaa tcactgccgc tgtgctttcg tggaaatgac agttccttgt tttttttgtt 60
tctgtttttg ttttacatta gtcattggac cacagccatt cagggaactac cccctgcccc 120
acaaagaaat gaacagttgt agggagaccc agcagcacct ttcctccaca caccttcatt 180
ttgaagttcg ggtttttgtg ttaagttaat ctgtacattc tgtttgccat tgttacttgt 240
actatacatc tgtatatagt gtacggcaaa agagtattaa tccactatct ctagtgttg 300
acttttaaadc agtacagtac ctgtacctgc acggtcaccc gctccgtgtg tcgccctata 360
ttgagggctc aagctttccc ttgttttttg aaaggggttt a 401

<210> 37
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(401)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37
 cnnctntgna atggantnnt tgnctaaaaan ganttgatga tgatgaanat ccctangang 60
 antaagcatg gancntgac ntttntctnng cactccttta cgacacggaa acangnatca 120
 ncatgatggt accaganacc ttatcaccna cgcgcacnga nctgactnat tccaaagagt 180
 tgnnggttacg gncatccggt cattgctcgt gccattgct gcagggctga tntactggt 240
 gcttattatg ntggccctga ggatgctcca caatgaatat aagcatgctg catgatcagc 300
 ggcaacanat gctctgccgt ttgcactaca tctttcacgg acacnatntc gaanacgggc 360
 acnttgcana gttagacttg gaatgcatgg ngccggnan n 401

<210> 38
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 38
 aattggctca ctctctcaag gcaagcactg tctcaaggca gtctcaaggc agagatgaca 60
 cagcaaaaaa cagaggggga gaaaaaagtc tattattggc ttgtgattta caaaagccaa 120
 agtccttttag ataaaaggcc aggagtcgta ccaacataga taccaaatac aggagaacac 180
 agaccagcga taagagggac gcttccccat gaccagacc agcctaaagc ccctgtgggg 240
 gcagccagtg gggagctgtc agaccttgga catgggtggtc ttgagaatg ggtctgccct 300
 tctctccctg accagttggg atagacacct gactggaatc cttgacactg gcaggtgttt 360
 ctatgaacag agaggactgt gcctgtcttc ctgaatccca a 401

<210> 39
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(401)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39
 tctggtangg agcaattcta ttatttggca ttgcatggct gggttgaatt aaaacagga 60
 gtgagaacag gtgagtctag aagtccaact ctgaaaagga cactgtaca tttgaacaca 120
 cggctgtgtt aaagatgctg ctaatgtcag tctactgggtg cactaaagga tctcttattt 180
 tatgtaaaac gttgggaatg acaagatana actgatactc tggttaagtta ccctctgaag 240
 ctacttcttg tgaaatacta atgacagcat catcctgcca agcgaaagag gcaggcataa 300
 gcaaggacaa attaaaaggg ggtaagagcc ttatcatgat gaggagtctt gttttgacat 360
 cttgggaaaa gctgtccata gtgtgaagtc gtcaatttct c 401

<210> 40
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 40
 tctggtcacc caactcttgt ggaagagggg aattgagatc gagtactgaa tatctggcag 60
 agaggctgga atccttcagc cccagagccc agggaccact ccagtagatg cagagagggg 120

```

cctgcccagg ggtcagggca gtgggtatca ctgggtgacat caagaatata agggctgggg      180
aggcatcttt gtttcctggg gccctcctca aagttgctga cactttgggg acgggaaggg      240
gtagaagtag ggctgctcct tttggagctg gaggggaatag acctggagac agagttgagg      300
cagtcgggct gtccaggttc taagcatcac agcttctgca ctgggctctg aggagattct      360
cagccagagg atcccagcct cctcctccct caaatgtcaa g                                401

```

```

<210> 41
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(401)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 41
ctggactaaa aatgtccact atggggtgca ctctacagtt tttgaaatgc taggaggcag      60
aaggggcaga gagtaaaaaa catgacctgg tagaaggaag agaggcaaag gaaactaggt      120
ggggaggatc aattagagag gaggcacctg ggatccacct tcttccttan gtcccctcct      180
ccatcagcaa aggagcactt ctctaatacat gccctcccga agactggctg ggagaagggt      240
taaaaacaaa aaatccagga gtaagagcct taggtcagtt tgaaattgga gacaaactgt      300
ctggcaaagg gtgcganagg gagcttgtgc tcangagtcc agcccgtcca gcctcggggg      360
gtangtttct gaagtgtgcc attggggcct caccttctct g                                401

```

```

<210> 42
<211> 310
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 42
ggttcgacaa atccccaaaa atggcaaatt aagccctgtg acaaaaataag ttattggatc      60
atacagaaat agcccaaatac tggaaatttt gaattaaaat tgtaatcctg taaaacaagt      120
tttggggtga atggatttct ttaataccaa taatattttt aattcccacc acagatggat      180
ttgctgaata tgctaattgt gtgaatgaga aaacaatttt ggggtaggta taccacaag      240
taatctgatg acaaaaataaa ccacagactg atgtcaaata gacaaaaaac tgaaaatatg      300
ctgtgagaaa                                310

```

```

<210> 43
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 43
aggtcactta cacttgtgac cagtgtgggg cagagaccta ccagccgac cagtctccca      60
ctttcatgcc tctgatcatg tgcccaagcc aggagtgcc aaccaaccgc tcaggagggc      120
ggctgtatct gcagacacgg ggctccagat tcatacaatt ccaggagatg aagatgcaag      180
aacatagtga tcagggtgct gtgggaaata tccctcgtag tatcacggtg ctggtagaag      240
gagagaacac aaggattgcc cagcctggag accacgtcag cgctactggt attttcttgc      300
caatcctgcg cactgggttc cgacagggtg tacagggttt actctcagaa acctacctgg      360
aagcccatcg gattgtgaag atgaacaaga gtgaggatga t                                401

```

```

<210> 44
<211> 401
<212> DNA

```

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 44

atccctgtaa gtctattaaa tgtaaataat acatacttta caacttctct tagtcggccc	60
ttggcagatt aaatctttgc aaaattccat atgtgctatt gaaaaatgaa ataaaaacctc	120
agatgtctga attcttattt caaatacagt tatataatta ttttaaatta caatatacaa	180
tttctgttaa atacaactgt taagggtatc tgagaacaat tataagatta taataatata	240
tacaaactaa cttctgaaat gacatgggtt gtttccttcc caccctccta cctctcctaaa	300
gagtttttgc atttgctgtt cctgggtgca aaaggcaaaa gaaaatctaa aaatagtctg	360
tgtgtgtcca cgacatgctc gtcctttga gaatctcaaa c	401

<210> 45

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(401)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 45

gtgcctgctg cctggcagcc tggccctgcc gctgcctcag gaggcgggag gcatgagtga	60
gctacagtgg gaacaggctc aggactatct caagagattt tatctctatg actcagaaac	120
aaaaaatgcc aacagtttag aagccaaact caaggagatg caaaaaattc tttggcctac	180
ctatactgga atggtaaact cccgcgtcat anaaataatg caanaagccc agatgtggag	240
tgccagatgt tgcagaatac tcaactatttc caaatagccc aaaatggact tccaaagtgg	300
tcacctacag gatcgatatca tatactcgag acttaccgca tattacagtg gatcgattag	360
tgtcaaaggc tttaaacatg tggggcaaag agatccccct g	401

<210> 46

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(401)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46

gtcagaattg tctttctgaa aggaagcact cggaatcctt ccgaactttc caagtccatc	60
catgattcan agatactgcc ttctctctct ctgggatttt atgtgtttct gatagtgaat	120
tgttgatgta ttgtctactt tgcttctttt ctctttcaag acttgatcat tttatatgct	180
gnttggagaa aaaaagaact tttggttagca aggaggtttc aagaaatgat tttggatttt	240
ctgctgcgga atttctcggc acctacctgt agtatggggc acttggtttg gttgcagagt	300
aagaaggtgg aagaatgagc tgtacttggt taagcagttg aaaccttttt tgagcaggat	360
ctgtaaaagc ataattgaat ttgtttcacc cccgtggatt c	401

<210> 47

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 47


```

ggctctgcagc aatgcacttc aaccatacat actgcttcca ctagctaata ccaaatgcag      60
gttctcagat ccagacaaat ggaggaaaag aacatttatg cttccgtttc agaaagccaa      120
gtcgtagttt tggcccttcc tttctctaaa gtttattccc aaaaacaggt agcattcctg      180
attgggcaga gaagaggata ttttcagccc acatctgctg caggatgctc attttctccc      240
atcttcactg tgactagtaa agatctcacc acttctcttt ggaatttcca actttgcttg      300
tgattgaatg tcacttcgtg aatttgattt atgtcagatc acttggcatt gctcttccat      360
atgcatcaag ttgccaggca ctaaacccaa tgttcatgaa c                                401

```

```

<210> 48
<211> 430
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 48
acataacttg taaacttttt ctgcttgggg gctgtaacag acagaagagt aaagactaca      60
aggattttct gaagatgctt caatgaaaat catcatttcc tctttagtca tcccaagtct      120
tggtttgaaa aacttgggca tggacttata cagaccttga accaccactg acttatcatt      180
gggtggcaga ccttgaaacc aagctctctg tgttacttct gaaagtgcac caattctgat      240
ttggctaaga acagaagaca aatactggga tcgtgattct gtgttatact ctagccacag      300
catagcagct tctcgaacgg tttcttccct ttctacattt aaattgtcac tactgagaat      360
atctatcagt aggtcatgtg acagacctgc cccggggcgg gcccgctcga tgcttgccga      420
atatcatggg                                430

```

```

<210> 49
<211> 57
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (57)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 49
ggatttaaca atatcangca ctcattcttc ccctcttatg aaanggatna attttta      57

```

```

<210> 50
<211> 327
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (327)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 50
gatggnggtn tccacaagan tnaangtnen tattaantan nncttgtaga nccacttnna      60
ttaattgnnn tatgnntgnc cttctgggtg ntgtngaagc ttcatatnnt ntttggacat      120
cattacacgt cttagctctt tnaagnacaa ctttaatgct atatgaattt tgccattttt      180
gctaacactg gtatgctecn ngcatccacc atnccacntg gaattattta ttncnttcat      240
attaatnttt tgtttaccaa atctnacttg acccgaacga aactttctgn gtattttang      300
gcccncat tcttactttt caagcct                                327

```

```

<210> 51

```

<211> 236
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 51
 cgtctcgaag aagcgctgca ggccgatgat ggactgcacg tctgccttgt cctcagttaa 60
 cttgttgaat tgcttgaaca tgcggcccac atcctgggca aactcctgtg gggagctgta 120
 gggaggtgac aacttctcct ggaggcgggc acggatcagg gtcagatcca gggtgccacc 180
 gggctggtcc agggagaagg tggagtcgta gccagacctg cccgggcggc cgctcg 236

<210> 52
 <211> 291
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(291)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52
 ctacatcct ggggtccggct gtagagctgc accatgggtgc tgagcgcccc ctccagctcc 60
 ttgtagatgt aaaggacggc gaaggagctg tagtctgtgt ccacgatgcg cacgtccagg 120
 tagcccaagg ccgggactct gaagttgtcc ctcgagccc accttcangt actcgggcat 180
 ccacctggtt acagccnttc gncctcgga actccatntg gactttacag gccgccctcc 240
 tctgtgggccc tgatggncct tgcaggacat nggaacacgg gagctcnctt t 291

<210> 53
 <211> 95
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(95)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53
 gtctgtgcag tttctgacac ttgttgttga acatggntaa atacaatggg tatcgctgan 60
 cactaagttg tanaanttaa caaatgtgct gnttg 95

<210> 54
 <211> 66
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(66)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 54
 cctnaatnat ntnaatggta tcaatnnccc tgaangangg gancggngga agccggnttt 60
 gtccgg 66

<210> 55
 <211> 265
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(265)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 55
 atctttcttc tcagtgcctt ggccttggtg agtctatctg gtaacactgg agctgactcc 60
 ctgggaagag aggccaaatg ttacaatgaa cttaatggat gcaccaagat atatgaccct 120
 gtctgtggga ctgatggaaa tacttatccc aatgaatgcc gtgttatgtt ttgaaaatc 180
 ggaaacgcca gacttctatc ctcatcaca aatctgggcc ttctgaaaa ccagggtttt 240
 naaaatccca ttctnggtcnc cggcg 265

<210> 56
 <211> 420
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(420)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 56
 gagcggccgc ccgggcaggt cctcgcggtg acctgatggg atttcaaaac cttgggtctc 60
 agcaaggccc agatttttga atgangatag aagtctggcg ttcccgattt tcaaaacata 120
 acacgcattc attgggataa gtatttccat cagtcccaca gaacgggtca tatatcttgg 180
 gtgcatccat taagttcctt tgtaaacatt tgggcctctc ttccccangg gaattcagct 240
 cccagttgtt taccaanatt naactccacc ggggcccagg gcnccttgaaa aaaaaanaa 300
 ttccctgttt accttcttg ggcttnaagt tctggcgctc aaaagttcaa ttgaaaact 360
 gcaccgcact taccacgtct cttcnagaan cctggggaca cctcggcgc gaccacgcta 420

<210> 57
 <211> 170
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 57
 gaagcggagt tgcagcgctt ggtggccgcc gagcagcaga aggcgcagtt tactgcacag 60
 gtgcatcact tcatggagtt atgttgggat aaatgtgtgg agaagccagg gaatcgcta 120
 gactctcgca ctgaaaattg tctctccaga cctcggccgc gaccacgcta 170

<210> 58
 <211> 193
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 58
 attttcagtg cgagagtcta ggcgattccc tggcttctcc acacatttat cccaacataa 60
 ctccatgaag tgatgcacct gtgcagtaaa ctgcgccttc tgctgctcgg cgccaccag 120
 gcgctgcaac tccgcttcat cggcttcgcc cagctccgcc attgttcgcc acctgcccgg 180

gcggccgctc gaa

193

<210> 59

<211> 229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 59

cgcaactctc gagcatttat atacaatagc aaatcatcca gtgtgttgta cagtctataa	60
tactccaaca gtctcccatc tgtattcaat ggcgccaccc aatacagtcc tttgtttgga	120
tgctggggag agtaatccct accccaagca ccatatagat aagaaaaccc tctccagttg	180
agctgaacca cagacggttt gctgatacct gcccgggcgg ccgctcgaa	229

<210> 60

<211> 340

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 60

tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtcctctaaa gatcaaaaca cccctgtcgt ccaccctcct	60
cccaactccag ggaagctgtg gtcattggtg tgtggtgaac atcagcaaac cgtctgtggt	120
tcagctcaac tggagagggt tttcttatct atatggtgct tggggtaggg attactctcc	180
ccagcatcca aacaaaggac tgtattgggt ggcgccattg aatacagatg ggaaactgtt	240
ggagtattat aaactggtac aacacactgg atgatttgct attgtatata aatgctcgag	300
aattgcggat cacctatgga cctcggccgc gaccacgctg	340

<210> 61

<211> 179

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (179)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 61

tttttgtgac ggacgnttgg agtacatgtc ccaggatcac atccagcagc tagagtggct	60
gggacaagct ggcggnggcc aagcactgtt gaaacnatag gggctctgggn gnactcgggt	120
tnaagtgggt ggtccgantn ttnataacct tgtcngaacc nancatctcg gttgncang	179

<210> 62

<211> 78

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (78)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 62

agggcggttcg taacgggaat gccgaagcgt gggaaaaagg gagcgggtggc nggaagacgg	60
ggatgagctt angacaga	78

<210> 63
 <211> 410
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(410)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 63
 cccagttact tggggagggt gaggcaggga gaatcctttg aacccggngg gtgggaggtt 60
 gcagtgagcc cgagatagca ccattgcact tccancatgg ggtggacaga gtgagactct 120
 atctcaaaaa aaaagaaaag aaaaggaaaag agattagatt aagattaagt acctacttcc 180
 tntcccatTT caagtcctga aaatagagga tcagaaatgt tgaggaattc tttaggatag 240
 aaagggagat gggattttac ttatggggaa agaccgcaa taaagactgn aacttaacca 300
 cattcccca gtgnaagggtg ttacccaaga agtaggaacc cttttggctn ttaccttacc 360
 ttccngaaaa aaacttattn cttaaaatgg aaacccttaa agcccgggca 410

<210> 64
 <211> 199
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(199)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 64
 cttgttctca aaaagggtcaa agggagccccg acgaggaata aatagcaatg cccrgaattc 60
 caactgacct tctacagaaa agtgcttgac tgccaagtgg tcttcccagt cattagttag 120
 gctctttagt aattctccat actcctcttg ggngangnca tnagggtttn nggccc aaat 180
 aggntgggcc tngttaagt 199

<210> 65
 <211> 125
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(125)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
 agcggtagacag ttctgtcctg gcattcatcat tcattgtagt atgggtcaata ggtgccatga 60
 aactcagtag cttgctaagg acatgaaacc gaagtttctt gcctttgctg gcctngtngn 120
 gggtta 125

<210> 66
 <211> 204
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
 attcagaatt ctggcatcgg tattttctata aagtccatca gttagagcag gagcaggccc 60
 ggaggggacgc cctgaagcag cgggcggaac agagcatctc tgaagagccc ggctgggagg 120
 aggaggaaga ggagctcatg ggcatttcac ccatatctcc aaaagaggca aaggttcctg 180
 tggacctcgg ccgcgaccac gcta 204

<210> 67
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 67
 tcagggcctc caggcagcca gttttgcagg anattcagca cctagngtct tcctgcctna 60
 cgctcccaag aacctgctcc tgcaggggga acatcagaac tcgtccttga tgtcaaaatg 120
 gggctgggtct tnaggcttga agtccaggtt agggctgcc a cctcattga gaattctccg 180
 ggcagtgtan ccgacgatgg ggtatttggc tttgtacact ttggtgaaaa cctnatccag 240
 ggcctccagt tccttggccg tganaccctg antgtcatgg gtgaggtctg caggatccaa 300
 ggacatcttg gctaccctc tagtggagtc cttccccgtc aaggcattgt aaggggctcc 360
 tcgtccataa aactcctttt cgg 383

<210> 68
 <211> 99
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 tcacatctcc tttttttttt aactttttca aatttttgtg ttaaatagaa ggctaaaggg 60
 ttagatttaa gtttctgcta cattgacctt atttaccta 99

<210> 69
 <211> 37
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (37)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 gagaaggacn tacggnctg ntantanang aatctcc 37

<210> 70
 <211> 222
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (222)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 70

gtgggtcatt	tttgctgtca	ccagcaacgt	tgccacgacg	aacatccttg	acagacacat	60
tcttgacatt	gaagcccaca	ttgtccccag	gaagagcttc	actcaaagct	tcattggcgca	120
tttcgacaga	ttttacttcc	gttgtaacgt	tgactggagc	aaaggtgacc	accataccgg	180
gtttgagaac	acccantcac	ctgccccggg	cggccgctcg	aa		222

<210> 71

<211> 428

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(428)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71

caggagtatt	ttgtagaaaa	gccagaagag	cattagtaga	tgtatggaaa	tatacggtag	60
ggcacacgct	gacagtactt	ttcccaagcc	acgccgtatt	tcttcttaca	gtgggtactcg	120
tcacgagctt	ctcgggtggac	aagcaacatg	gtgaaataaa	ttatgtagaa	ataaggcaga	180
atgtgggttaa	aaccacatgg	gagggaccac	gccaaggcca	tgatgagatc	acccaagtaa	240
ttgggggtggc	gaacaaagcc	ccaccatcca	gaaactagaa	naatttttcc	cgttgaaata	300
tgaatggntt	ttaaatgtgc	aagcttttga	tactggggaa	ttttcccgaa	tgcccttttc	360
tganaattgc	accttnggaa	gantccttac	cccaagnttc	agaccattat	ttnaaaagcn	420
ttggaact						428

<210> 72

<211> 264

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(264)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72

gaataaagag	cttactggaa	tccagcaggg	ttttctgccc	aaggatttgc	aagctgaagc	60
tctctgcaaa	cttgatagga	gagtaaaaag	ccacaataga	gcagtttatg	aagatcttgg	120
aggagattga	cacacttgat	cctgccagaa	aatttcaaag	acagtagatt	gaaaaggaaa	180
ggctttggta	aaaaaagggt	caggcattcc	tagccgantg	tgacacagtg	gagcanaaca	240
tctgcangag	actgancggc	tgca				264

<210> 73

<211> 442

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(442)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73

```

ggcgaatccg gcgggtatca gagccatcag aaccgccacc atgacggtgg gcaagagcag      60
caagatgctg cagcatattg attacaggat gaggtgcac ctgcaggacg gccggatctt      120
cattggcacc ttcaaggctt ttgacaagca catgaatttg atcctctgtg actgtgatga      180
gttcagaaaag atcaagccaa agaacttcaa acaagcagaa agggaagaga agcgagtcct      240
cggtctggng ctgctgccaa gggagaatct ggtctcaatg acngtagaag gacctttctt      300
caaagatact ggnattgctc gagttccact tgctggaact tcccggggcc caaggatcgc      360
aaggcttctg gcaaaagaaa tccanacttn ggccgggacc acctaancca attcacacac      420
tggcggccgt actagtggat cc                                             442

```

<210> 74

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(337)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74

```

ggtagcagcg tctccagagc ctgatctggg gtcccagata cccaggcagc agcagccctg      60
gaggtaaagg gcaagctccc caatgtgagg ggagacccca ttcctgggtca gccaggcttt      120
cagaggagat agcaggtcga gggagccaac gaagaagaga ctgccancag gggaggact      180
gtcccgccaa ggacagaact gattcagggg ggtcaatgct cctctagaga agagccacac      240
agaactgggg ggtccaggaa ccatgaanct tggctgtggt ctaaggagcc aggaatctgg      300
acagtgttct gggtcatacc aggattctgg aattgta                               337

```

<210> 75

<211> 588

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(588)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75

```

catgatgagt tctgagctac ggaggaaccc tcatttcctc aaaagtaatt tattttttaca      60
gcttctgggt tcacatgaaa ttgtttgctc tactgagact gttactacaa actttttaag      120
acatgaaaag gcgtaatgaa aaccatcccg tccccattcc tctcctctc tgagggactg      180
gagggaagcc gtgcttctga ggaacaactc taattagtac acttgtgttt gtagatttac      240
actttgtatt atgtattaac atggcgtgtt tatttttgta ttttctctg gttgggagta      300
tgatatgaag gatcaagatc ctcaactcac acatgtagac aaacattagc tctttactct      360
ttctcaacc cttttatgat ttttaataatt ctacttaac taattttgta agcctgagat      420
caataagaaa tgttcaggag agangaaaga aaaaaaatat atgttcccca tttatattta      480
gagagagacc cttantcttg cctgcaaaaa gtccaccttt catagtagta ngggccacat      540
attacattca gttgctatag gncagcactg aactgcatta cctgggca                               588

```

<210> 76

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 76

```

gcggtatcac agcctggccc ccatgtacta tcgggggggcc caggctgcca tcgtggtcta      60
tgacatcacc aacacagata catttgacg ggccaagaac tgggtgaagg agctacagag      120
gcaggccagc cccaacatcg tcattgcact cgcgggtaac aaggcagacc tggacctgcc      180
cgggcggccg ctcgaa                                     196

```

<210> 77

<211> 458

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(458)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 77

```

agtagagatg gggtttcact gtgttaacca ggatggtctt gatctcctgg cctcgtgatc      60
tgcccgccctc ggccctcccaa agtggttgga ttacaggcgt gaaccaccgc acccggccag      120
aaatgttagt ttttcctat tctctctcct ttttcctatt atatacttgg tcaaccagac      180
agccatccta cccanaatg gtaatgcctc ttcattcctc atatgaggga ataaaagaga      240
aaaaagcttt tggaaaacat ccacttatct aatcatccca aatatgtaat caaaagtata      300
caactcatgt gaagaatata ctggtaaaat gttantatag gccaaaggat cttgaattcc      360
tatatagaaa gctggtaaat gcccttttgg ctggaaccgc catcttccnn taattcnccc      420
aaaatgacca aacacaaagg gnaagangan aagccccc                                     458

```

<210> 78

<211> 464

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(464)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 78

```

tccgcaaatt tcctgccggc aagggtcccag catttgaggg tgatgatgga ttctgtgtgt      60
ttgagagcaa cgccattgcc tactatgtga gcaatgagga gctgcgggga agtactccag      120
aggcagcagc ccaggtggtg cagtgggtga gctttgctga ttccgatata gtgccccccag      180
ccagtacctg ggtgttcccc accttgggca tcatgcacca caacaaacag gccactgaga      240
atgcaaagga ggaagtgagg cgaattctgg ggctgctgga tgcttacttg aagacgagga      300
cttttctggt gggcgaacga gtgacattgg ctgacatcac agttgtctgc accctgttgt      360
ggctctataa gcagntcta gaaccttctt ttcgcangac ctteggccgg accacgctta      420
acccaaattc cacacacttg cnggccgtac taanggaatc ccac                                     464

```

<210> 79

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 79
 ctgtatgacc agtttttcca tctccttcac ttctaccttg atcagctcga agtccagttc 60
 agtgtaagaa atgggtatcct tctccatgat gtcaattcgg acagtttaggt ttaacagttt 120
 cttttcatac acactaatta attggacata ttccctcact ttanaaagtt cttttctcaaa 180
 cttctganaa aagaacatga actgtgaatt ccaagcgttc ccactctgtc cacgggaaaa 240
 ggtggtgtct ggcagggaaa cagaacactg gcaggtccac ggtcatccac ggagccggtg 300
 aaattgggaa aacaactggg acacagaacc tccgctgcct aagctgcggn tgggagcttg 360
 gaacccgacc tggaactgga 380

<210> 80
 <211> 360
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(360)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 80
 tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtcctcagag agctgtttgt tncgcttctt caaaaactcc 60
 tattctccac ttctgtctaaa ggactggatg acatcaattg tgatagcaat atttgtgggt 120
 gttctgtcan ncancatcgc actcctgaac aaagtagatg ttggattgga tcagtctctt 180
 tccaccaga tgactcctan atgggtggatn atttcaaate catcantcag tacctgcatg 240
 cgnggtccgc ctgtgtncct tgtcctgcag gangggcnct actacacttc ttccnagggg 300
 canaacatgg tgtgcngcgg ccatgggctg gcaacantga ttcnctgctg cacccanatn 360

<210> 81
 <211> 440
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(440)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 81
 acgtgggtccg gcgagtctga cctgcagata tgaactcctt gggaaacctt cattctgcct 60
 cagacatact gggggcaaatt ggcttttaaaa gtctgggtca gggagccaag attacagaaa 120
 nccgttgagt cnccatacat ggacactgac aaaggaactg aagatatcca aacaagccct 180
 cctgggtcccg ngcctgcata aagatcggga ncggaaacgt accngacgtc tgtggtcagg 240
 ggttggtgaa aattggaaaa aaccagtcct gccacattg acagggagc ctcaacggaa 300
 attgaacaga tngtcttate accagtctcc cctcctggat cntgtctcgg ctenggggan 360
 tcagtgatca gtcctttcag gtggaagaag caaagaagat caacaanaag cngatcctct 420
 cacctgntac cagcatatgg 440

<210> 82
 <211> 264
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(264)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82

```

agcgtggtcg cggccgangt cctgacattc ctgccttctt atattaatta tacnaataaa      60
acaaaatagt gttgaagtgt tggagcggcg aaaatttttg gggggtggta tggacagaga      120
atgggcgatn ttctcanggc tgcttcaagt gggattgggg cngcgtggga tcatncagtg      180
gganagattn cnctgaccgg antctnttgg tanggatnat cttgtgggga tgtgcaagag      240
ncattcgtct cctgaatgan tggt                                     264

```

<210> 83

<211> 410

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(410)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83

```

ancgtggtcg cggccgangt ccacagttgt gggagagcca gccattgtgg gggcagctcc      60
acaggtaaga ctctgtgtct gagcagcgca catcatccag gacaatgggt cctgagccct      120
gaccaaaccg ggcatttctt ggggctgaca tggcccagcc acagcccant tgcctgcaga      180
cgaaattggc atcattgggtg tcccagtant catcacacac ggtgccccag gaacctccgg      240
tatangaact ccactcggcc tcnanacctg tcgcctccat tcncagcct cagggggcaa      300
actgggattc agatccttct gtgggtacag gtgggtgatat cctgacaggc caactttctg      360
gcctgagtgt tgactgancg tgggcagacc tgcccgggcg gccgctcgaa      410

```

<210> 84

<211> 320

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(320)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84

```

tcgaacggcc gcccgggcag gtctgccccca ggtgtatcca tttgccgccg atctctatca      60
naaggagctg gctaccctgc nncgacgaan tcctgaanat aatctcacc ncccagatct      120
ctctgtcgca atggagatgt cgtcatcggt ggnccctgatc acagggcatt ggactcagag      180
anangtnanc acagtgtnga agcgattgan nnagttcagt tgctggtctt acccgatntt      240
ggaaggaagg aaaacgtggt angacgtatc tcgatgnant tgaccaaanc tgaangctnc      300
agggggcatc gcaaaganan                                     320

```

<210> 85

<211> 218

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(218)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85

tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtctgctgcc cgtgctggtg ccattgcccc atgtgaagtc	60
actgtgccag cccagaacac tgggtctcggg cccgagaaga ctcccttctc caggctntan	120
gtatcaccac taaaatctcc agggggcacca tnganacct ggggtgtccgc aatgttgcca	180
atgtctgtcc gcnnattggc tacccaactg ttgcatca	218

<210> 86

<211> 283

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(283)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

tcgacttctt gtgaaggttt tgganaaata tgtatcagtt cgttttatatt gggatttcaa	60
taatatactt ggtgataatg ctgactccat ggcttctgac cccaaaaatt gaccctgctg	120
ccactgggtg tagccctgag attgattttt gtagccacga ttgtttctctc gtcctctgaa	180
gtactgggtg tanttcctc tgtngggcat tcccctctgt tgtanttccc tctgtttgan	240
taactaccac ggccaggaaa aacaggggca cgaaggtatg gat	283

<210> 87

<211> 179

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(179)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

agcgtgggtc cggccgatgt ctttctgtgt aagtgcataa cactccacat acttgacatc	60
cttcangtca cgggccagct nttcagcant ctctggagtg ataggctact gtntgttctn	120
ggcaagtgtc tcaanaatac aggggtcttc tctgagatga ntttcagtcc cgaaccctc	179

<210> 88

<211> 512

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(512)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88

tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtcctancan agaataacca aatttatgga gagttaacag	60
gggtttaaca ggaangaagt gccttttagta agttctcaag ccagangctg gaggcagcag	120
ctaaatcaga ggacaggatc ctcatgaaa gtgagccatt cgggggtggca tgtcactcca	180
ggaataagca caacttanaa acaaatgatt tcgtangata gcacagtgcac attgggtgcac	240

ttgtgaacct gaggccactg tgtcaaactg tgcactgggt gtgaataggg aganccaaaa	300
attatgtcct actgggtaat gagctttcaa tgggctcgat cctctcacnc tgaaagctct	360
gtagagcagc tcagaaccac aaccactccc aacattgacc cttctggggg tactgtctgt	420
ggcaccacaca ggaaggagct ggagatcccc attaggactg tccaccacaca cttgaagcca	480
caaaactgca cctcggccgc gaccaccgct ta	512

<210> 89
 <211> 358
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(358)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89	
tcgagcgggc cgcccgggca ggtctgccag tccccatccc agacattctt tgcattctaag	60
ctgangtctg aactgagtgg ggtgggctgg tgtttccatc ctcacaactc cagtgcgccc	120
ggtgtggccg tggcctgcgt ctctctggcg gttagtgatg ttggcatcat ccaccttttt	180
caaaacaaaa gcaactggact gaagaanaat ccncctgt ntccaccag tccatggttt	240
ttaataaaaag ggttatnnaa gttgancaag ncatcaccac acacaancct aagaacnttt	300
ttcatcnntc cccaaaacaa acccncaccc tgggaactcc gggcgcgaaac cagccta	358

<210> 90
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(250)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90	
cgagcggccg cccgggcagg tctggatggg gagacggact ggaactgcgg cttcccgtgg	60
cctgcacgca caaggctccc cacggccgcc gaccttcttc agattcgatc gtatgtgtac	120
gcacnaagag ccaaattattg acattcaca cttcgtggga atnttaccac anaagactgc	180
gacccccga tcaggcgana gcctgagcat agaagaacac cgctgtgggc ttggcactgt	240
gggncccatc	250

<210> 91
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(133)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91	
tcgagcggcc gnccgggcag gtcccgggtg gttgtttgcc gaaatgggca agttcntnaa	60
ncctgggaag gtggtgcntg tncctggctgg acgctactcc ggacgcnaag ctgtcntcgt	120
gangancatt gat	133

<210> 92
 <211> 232
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(232)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92
 agcgtggtcg cggccgangt ctgtcacttt gcgggggtag cgggtcaattc cagccaccag 60
 agcatggctg taggggcat ctgaggtgcc atcatcaatg ttcttcacga tgacaagctt 120
 tgcgtccgga gtagcgtcca gccaggacaa gcaccacctt cccacgtntt cangaactng 180
 cccatttcgg cataaccacc cgggacctgc ccggggcggnc gctcgaaaag cc 232

<210> 93
 <211> 480
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(480)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93
 agcgtgggtc gcggccgang tctgtangct caccggccag agaagaccac tgtgagcatt 60
 ttgccgtata tctgcccctg ccatttgctt actttttaaa ctaaaatagg aacatccgac 120
 acacaccgtt tgcacgtctt tctcccttga tattttaagc attttcccat gtcgtgagtt 180
 tctcagaaac atgtttttta caattgtact atttagtcat ngtcatttta ctataattta 240
 tctgaccatt tccctactgt taaaatactt aagacgggtt ctgatttttc cactatttaa 300
 ataatgctgt gatgaatata tttaaaatct tctgatttct tacttttttc ccccttagat 360
 gcctggaagt ggtattttga ggtgaaagag tttgttcatt ttgaanatat ttctgtctct 420
 ctctcgacct gatgtgtana cgctcacttc cagtttagcag aaccacctta gtttgtgtct 480

<210> 94
 <211> 472
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(472)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94
 tcgagcggnc gcccgggcag ggtctgatgt cantcacaac ttgaagggat gccaatgatg 60
 taccaatccn atgtgaaatc tctcctctta tctcctatgc tgganaaggg attacaaagt 120
 tatgtggcng ataannaatt ccatgcacct ctantcatcg atgagaatgg agttcatgan 180
 ctggtgaacn atggtatctg aaccgcgatac cangttttgt ttgccacgat angantagct 240
 tttatttttg atagaccaac tgtgaacctt ccacacgtct tggacnactg anntctaact 300
 atccncaggg ttttattttg cttgttgaaac tcttncagct nttgcaaact tcccaagatc 360
 canatgactg antttcagat agcattttta tgattccan ctcatgaag gtcttatnta 420

tntctnttttt tccaagccaa ggagaccatt ggacctcggc cgcgaccacc tn

472

<210> 95
 <211> 309
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(309)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95
 tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag agtgtcgagc cagcgctcgcc gcgatggtgt tggtggagag 60
 cgagcagttc ctgacggaac tgaccagact tttccanaag tgccggacgt cgggcancgt 120
 ctatatcacc ttgaagaant atgacggctc aaccaaacc attccaaaga aangtactgt 180
 gganggcttt gancccgag acaacnagtg tctgttaaga actaccgatn ggaaanaana 240
 anacagcac tgtgggtgag ctccnaggga agttaataan tttcggatgg gcttattcna 300
 acctcctta 309

<210> 96
 <211> 371
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(371)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96
 tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtccaccact cacctactcc cgtctctat agatttgcct 60
 gttctgggca gttctcagca atggaatcct actgtgtatc tttttgtgac tggttcttta 120
 actcagcatc acattttcaa ggttcaccca tgctgcagcc tggtccgta ctggtgacag 180
 tacttcattt ctctctccct tttgttcaga ccaaggtctc cctctgtccc caaggctaaa 240
 gtgcagttgg tgtgatcatg gctcactgca gcctcaaact cctggactca aacagtcctc 300
 ccctctcagc ctcccaaagt gctgatntta taagttgcaa gccctgcacc cagcctgtat 360
 ctccagtttg t 371

<210> 97
 <211> 430
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(430)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97
 tcganccggcc gcccgggcag gttntttttt tttntttttt nnnngntagt atttaaagan 60
 atttattaaa tcatcttata accaaaatgg aaacatnttc caactagaaa catgcnacca 120
 tcatcttccc cagtcagtc ncaangtcca atatttttct tgctctgca gataaaaagt 180
 tcnnattttt ataccactc ttactccccc ccaaaatttt aattcngtcc tncctaaaa 240
 ttncnccggg taacaantta ccaaaatggc naaccaatta ttttaanaaa aagttgcncn 300

```

ttnaaaangg aaactttntg gcaanttanc ctcttttccc tccccacccc ccantttaag      360
gggaaaacaa tggcactttg ctcttgcttn aacccaaaat tgtcttccaa aaactattaa      420
aatgttnaa                                     430

```

```

<210> 98
<211> 307
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(307)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 98
tcnaacggcc gccnngcnn gtctngcngc acctgtgcct canccgtcga tacctgggtcg      60
attgggacan ggaanacaat ntggttttca gggaggccac anatttggag aaacggatga      120
attctccttt attccgaant cagctccttg gtctccgtag anngtgatct tgaaattctc      180
ctgttttgaa aactttcttg aanaaacctt acctgctggt tgtatttggt ctcccactcg      240
gacaagtact cgttatccnn ggtactctta atgtgcccac gtnaactccc cgggntggca      300
actggaa                                     307

```

```

<210> 99
<211> 207
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(207)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 99
gtccnggacc gatgttgca aganntttct tgggtccanta ggttcnaaaa aatgataanc      60
naggtntanc acgtgaagat ntntatanag tcttantnaa aacnctaga tctgnatgac      120
gataantcga anacnggggg aggggntgag gngaggtggn gtganggaag anntgttgat      180
aaaagannna gntgataaga annagac                                     207

```

```

<210> 100
<211> 200
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(200)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 100
acntnnacta gaantaacag ncntttctang aacactacca tctgtnttca catgaaatgc      60
cacacacata naaactccaa catcaatttc attgcacaga ctgactgtaa ttaattttgt      120
cacaggaatc tatggactga atctaatacgc nccccaaatg ttgttngttt gcaatntcaa      180
acatnnttat tccancagat                                     200

```

```

<210> 101

```


<211> 51
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(51)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 101
 tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtctgaccag tgganaaatg cccagttatt g

51

<210> 102
 <211> 385
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(385)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 102
 aacgtggctcg cggccgaagt ccatgggtgct gggattaatc cactgtgacn gtgactctga 60
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 taggatgaac atgctgaaga tgctnatttt gaaaaggaac tctatgaatc ttacaattga 180
 atactgtcaa tgtttcccca tnacagaacg tggnccccca aggttccatc atctgcactg 240
 ggtttgggtg ttctgtcttg gttgactctt gaaaagggac atttcttttt gttttcttga 300
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<210> 103
 <211> 189
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(189)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 103
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 caccacaggt angttgtgt ctgaatctca agttcacagg ttaaggctac agcatcctca 120
 tcctccacgg ggttggantt gttgctggtg atgaanggtt tggggtggct ctgcataact 180
 gttgatctc 189

<210> 104
 <211> 181
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(181)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 104

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tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtccaggctt ccaccaangc accaccgtgg gaagctggta      60
attgatgccc accttgaagc cnntggggca ccatccncca actggatgct gcgcttgggt      120
ttgatgggtg caatggcaca ttgactcttt tgggaaccac ttcaccacgg tacaacaggc      180
a                                                                    181

```

<210> 105

<211> 327

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(327)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 105

```

tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtcttctgtg gagtctgcgt gggcatcgtg ggcagtgggg      60
ctgccctggc cgatgctcan aaccccgacc tctttgtaaa gattctcatc gtgganatct      120
ttggcagcgc cattggcctc tttgggggtc tcgtcgcaat tcttcanacc tccanaatga      180
anatgggtga ctanataata tgtgtgggtn gggccgtgcc tcaactttat ttattgctgg      240
ttttcctggg acagaactcg ggcgcgaaca cgcttanceg aattccaaca cactggcggg      300
cgttactagt ggatccgagc tcggtac                                         327

```

<210> 106

<211> 268

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(268)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 106

```

agcgtgggtc cggccgangt ctggcgtgtg ccacatcggt cccacctcgc ttacaaaac      60
agtcctgaac ttnatctaataaaaattattg tacacnacat ttacattaga aaaaganagc      120
tgggtgtang aaaccgggccc tgggtgtccc tttaagcgaa ngtgggtcca cagttggggc      180
atcgtcgctt cctcnaagca aaaacgcca tgaacccna agggggaaaa aggaatgaag      240
gaactgnccn gggangnccg ctccgaaa                                         268

```

<210> 107

<211> 353

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(353)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 107

```

tcgagcggcc gcccgggcag gtggccaggc catgttatgg gatctcaacg aaggcaaaca      60
cctttacacn ctagatgggtg gggacatcat caacgccttg tgettcagcc ctaaccgcta      120

```

```

ctggctgtgt gctgccgcag gccccagcat caagatctgg gatttanagg gaaagatcnt 180
tgttnnatgaa ctgaancnta aattatcagt tccannacca ngcaaaaacc acccngtgca 240
ctccctggcc tgggtctgctg atgggacctc gggcgcgcaac acgctnancc caattccanc 300
aactggggcg gncgttacta ntggatccga actcnggtac caancttggc gtt 353

```

```

<210> 108
<211> 360
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(360)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 108
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naagcagcag ctacatcctt aaggtccgga aagttagatg aagatttgga tcctgcattg 120
nccctgcctcc cacctatctc tccnaatta taaacagcct ccttgggaag cagcagaatt 180
taaaaactct cccnctgccc tnttgaacta cacaccnacc gggaaaacct ttttcanaat 240
ggcacaaaaa tncnaggga tgcatttcca tgaangaana aactgggtta cccaaaatta 300
ttgggttggg gaaatccngg gggggttttt aaaaaagggc aancnccaa anaaaaaac 360

```

```

<210> 109
<211> 101
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(101)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 109
atcgtggctc cggccgaagt cctgtgtcct ggatgggccc tgtgcanca atccgttggc 60
gactcctaac taccaanaaa angactctcg gaagaaattt c 101

```

```

<210> 110
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(300)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 110
ccanggaaac ccagagtcac atgagatagg gtggctttcg ggacaggggg tcagangaat 60
ggtacatgga tctcagcccc tgatggacac ggaacaggtg tggtcagAAC tcccangatt 120
ctgcatccan gatccagtct ctatagaagt tatggatcat tccttcattt cattcccccc 180
ttcatgaaaa aacttctgaa caagcctttt ttctcacttt ggggccctgt ttggcncaag 240
gtnttnantt ggggaaaaaa aaacaaatcc ntccnttan ccctccgtgg ggaatgacct 300

```

```

<210> 111

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<211> 366
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(366)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 111
 cgagcggccg cccgggcagg tccttgtgtt gccatctgtt ancattgatt tctggaatgg 60
 aacanccttc tcaaagtttg gtcttgctan tcatgaagtc atgtcagtggt cttaagtcac 120
 tgctgctcac ttctttaccc agggaaatata ctgcataagt ttctgaacac ctgttttcan 180
 tattcactgt tccttctcctg cccaaaattg gaagggacct catttaaaaa tcaaatttga 240
 atcctgaaan aaaaacngga aatntttctc ttggaatttg gaatagaatt attcanttga 300
 ataacatgtt ttttccccct gccttgctct tcncaanaac atctggacct cggccgcgac 360
 acctta 366

<210> 112
 <211> 405
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(405)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 112
 ctgactncta aacttctaata tcnatcaana taactactct ccttccgtct tncagagtgt 60
 tcacaataaa tctgtgaatc tggcatacac agttgctgga aaattgttct tcctccacna 120
 aaaggtcaat tgcttcncnc atgaaanaag ataaattgtt catccatcac tinctgaacca 180
 tccaaaacgc cggcggaatt attnccccgt tattatgggg aacggaattt tnaataaatt 240
 tgggaangaa tggggctttt attgttttgt tttccccctt tcttggcatt gattggggcg 300
 caatgggccc cctcgctcan aanntgcccc gggggccggc gctccaaaac cgaaattccc 360
 anccacactt ggcggggccgt tactanttgg atccgaactc ggta 405

<210> 113
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 113
 ggatagaaga gtatatgggt ttggcaccac ggggtggata ggcaaaacat ttggttgata 60
 aggcgcagat tctgaactaa cttgtaaggc ttgtctggtt ttaggacagg taaaatgggg 120
 gaatggtaag gagagtttat aggttttagg agcccatgct gtagcaggca agtgataaca 180
 ggctttaatc ctttcaaagc atgctgtggg atgagatatt ggcatttgag cggggtaagg 240
 gtgattaggt ttaatatgaga tggtaagggg tgcgatgcc ggtccgcaa ggaagggaag 300
 tagaggatc ttatacttgt ggggttaagg tgggggggat ataagaggga ggacgcaaaa 360
 ggaggctttg gattaggaat aaggggcggc aatgagatgc a 401

<210> 114
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(401)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 114

angtccacag	gangcangag	gccaggctcc	gtcccancca	gtccatgatg	ttgaagagga	60
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ccatggctgt	ggtggcgggg	aagacggaca	gggtgacttc	tggaagacag	tgaagactga	180
aggttttct	ggcttctggg	gtcatctgg	ctctgatcc	ggctccttct	ccagggtcaag	240
atccagggtt	cagagctact	ttcttggggg	actactnggg	aatcccgttc	tcctctgggg	300
gtngaggggg	gacggggnaa	gggncatgct	tgtgacccag	gttcccacc	tcggcccgcg	360
accacgctaa	ggcccgaatt	ncagcacact	tggcggcccg	t		401

<210> 115

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 115

atccctgtaa	gtctattaaa	tgtaaataat	acatacttta	caacttctct	tagtcggccc	60
ttggcagatt	aaatctttgc	aaaattccat	atgtgctatt	gaaaaatgaa	ataaaacctc	120
agatgtctga	attcttattt	caaatacagt	tatataatta	ttttaaatta	caatatacaa	180
tttctgttaa	atacaactgt	taagggattc	tgagaacaat	tataagatta	taataatata	240
tacaaactaa	cttctgaaat	gacatgggtt	gttcccttcc	cacctccta	ccctctcaaa	300
gagtttttgc	atttgctgtt	cctgggttgc	aaaggcaaaa	gaaaatctaa	aaatagtctg	360
tgtgtgtcca	cgacatgctc	gctcctttga	gaatctcaaa	c		401

<210> 116

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116

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nggaaacagg	natcagcatg	anggtancan	aaaccttatn	accnangcgc	acganctgac	180
ttcttccaaa	gagttgnggt	tccgggcagc	ggtcattgcc	gtgcccattg	ctggagggtc	240
gattctagt	ntgcttatta	tgctggccct	gaggatgctt	ccaanatgaa	aataagangc	300
t						301

<210> 117

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117

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gaaaaaatat	accacttcat	agctaagtct	tacagagaan	aggatttgct	aataaaaactt	120
aagttttgaa	aattaagatg	cnggtanagc	ttctgaacta	atgccacag	ctccaaggaa	180
nacatgtcct	atttagttat	tcaaatacca	gttgagggca	ttgtgattaa	gcaaacaata	240
tatttgttan	aactttgntt	ttaaattact	gntncttgac	attacttata	aaggagnctc	300
taactttcga	tttctaaaac	tatgtaatac	aaaagtatan	ntttcccat	tttgataaaa	360
gggcnanga	tactgantag	gaa				383

<210> 118

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 118

ctgctagaat	cactgccgct	gtgctttcgt	ggaaatgaca	gttccttggt	tttttggtt	60
ctgtttttgt	tttacattag	tcattggacc	acagccattc	aggaactacc	ccctgcccc	120
caaagaaatg	aacagttgta	gggagaccca	gcagcacctt	tcctccacac	accttcattt	180
tgaagttcgg	gtttttgtgt	taagttaatc	tgtacattct	gtttgccatt	gttacttgta	240
ctatacatct	gtatatagtg	tacggcaaaa	gagtattaat	ccactatctc	tagtgcttga	300
c						301

<210> 119

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 119

taaggacatg	gacccccggc	tgattgcatg	gaaaggaggg	gcagtgttgg	cttgtttgg	60
tacaacacag	gaactgtgga	tttatcagcg	agagtggcag	cgctttggtg	tccgcatgtt	120
acgagagcgg	gctgcgtttg	tgtggtgaat	ggggaggaaa	tgtcactgcc	gaagacccaa	180
aacaagcttc	ttggtataaa	agactcttac	agaatatgtg	tattgtaatt	tattgatctg	240
gatgcttaag	tgtcatggac	agtaaatgaa	tttgaacttt	atgtttgagg	acatgacatt	300
gggtttgaaa	atataaactg	cttttgagca	gtttaagtca	gggcatttga	gaataaaaata	360
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<210> 120

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 120

tccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	60
ctgccccaga	ccctctccag	aggttggggt	gaccaactca	tctggactca	gacatatgaa	120
gaagctctat	ataaatccaa	gacaagcaac	aaacccttga	tgattattca	tcacttgggt	180
gagtgcccac	acagtcaagc	tttaaagaaa	gtgtttgctg	aaaataaaga	aatccagaaa	240
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c						301

<210> 121

<211> 2691

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 121

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ccgccaagtc	gccctaccag	ctggtgctgc	agcacagcag	gctccggggc	cgccagcacg	180
gccccaaagt	gtgtgctgtg	cagaagggtta	ttggcactaa	taggaagtac	ttcaccaact	240
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acctttacga	gaccctggga	gtcgttggtg	ccaccaccac	tcagctgtac	acggaccgca	420
cggagaagct	gaggcctgag	atggaggggc	ccggcagctt	caccatcttc	gccccatgca	480
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<210> 122

<211> 683

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 122

Met Ala Leu Phe Val Arg Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu

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 465 470 475 480
 Ala His Asp Lys Arg Gly Arg Tyr Gly Thr Leu Phe Thr Met Asp Arg
 485 490 495
 Val Leu Thr Pro Pro Met Gly Thr Val Met Asp Val Leu Lys Gly Asp
 500 505 510
 Asn Arg Phe Ser Met Leu Val Ala Ala Ile Gln Ser Ala Gly Leu Thr
 515 520 525
 Glu Thr Leu Asn Arg Glu Gly Val Tyr Thr Val Phe Ala Pro Thr Asn
 530 535 540
 Glu Ala Phe Arg Ala Leu Pro Pro Arg Glu Arg Ser Arg Leu Leu Gly
 545 550 555 560
 Asp Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Asn Ile Leu Lys Tyr His Ile Gly Asp Glu
 565 570 575
 Ile Leu Val Ser Gly Gly Ile Gly Ala Leu Val Arg Leu Lys Ser Leu
 580 585 590
 Gln Gly Asp Lys Leu Glu Val Ser Leu Lys Asn Asn Val Val Ser Val
 595 600 605
 Asn Lys Glu Pro Val Ala Glu Pro Asp Ile Met Ala Thr Asn Gly Val
 610 615 620
 Val His Val Ile Thr Asn Val Leu Gln Pro Pro Ala Asn Arg Pro Gln
 625 630 635 640
 Glu Arg Gly Asp Glu Leu Ala Asp Ser Ala Leu Glu Ile Phe Lys Gln
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<210> 123

<211> 1205

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 123

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gttgtgttgg atgggatgat ctgttgcaga gggagaggca gggaaccctg ctccttcggg	1140
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tgagg	1205

<210> 124
 <211> 583
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 124

ccaagaagca gtggccttat tgcattcccaa accacgcctc ttgaccaggc tgcctccctt	60
gtggcagcaa cggcacagct aattctactc acagtgcctt taagtgaaaa tggctcgagaa	120
agaggcacca ggaagccgtc ctggcgccctg gcagtcctgt ggacgggatg gttctggctg	180
tttgagattc tcaaaggagc gagcatgtcg tggacacaca cagactattt ttagattttc	240
ttttgccttt tgcaaccagg aacagcaaat gcaaaaactc tttgagaggg taggaggggtg	300
ggaaggaaaac aacctgtca ttccagaagt tagtttgtat atattattat aattctataa	360
ttgttctcag aatcccttaa cagttgtatt taacagaaat tgtatattgt aatttaaaat	420
aattatataa ctgtatttga aataagaatt cagacatctg aggttttatt tcatttttca	480
atagcacata tgggaattttg caaagattta atctgccaa ggccgactaa gagaagttgt	540
aaagtatgta ttattttacat ttaatagact tacagggata agg	583

<210> 125
 <211> 783
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 125

tcaaccatac atactgcttc cactagctaa taccaaatgc aggttctcag atccagacaa	60
atggaggaaa agaacattta tgcttccgtt tcagaaagcc aagtcgtagt tttggccctt	120
cctttctcta aagtttattc ccaaaaacag gtagcattcc tgattgggca gagaagagga	180
tattttcagc ccacatctgc tgcaggtagt tcattttctc ccatcttcac tgtgactagt	240
aaagatctca ccacttctct ttggaatttc caactttgct tgtgattgaa tgtcacttcg	300
tgaattttgta ttatgtcaga tcacttgcca ttgctcttcc atatgcatca agttgccagg	360
cactgttgcg ctgtcggggc cactggaatc cacgggggtg aaacaaattc aattatgctt	420
ttacagatcc tgctcaaaaa aggtttcaac tgcttaacca agtacagctc attcttccac	480
cttcttactc tgcaacccaa ccaagtgcgc catactacag gtaggtgccg agaaattccg	540
cagcagaaaa tccaaaatca tttctgaaac ctcttgcga acaaaagtgc tttttttctc	600
caaacagcat ataaaatgat caagtcttga aagagaaaag aagcaaagta gcaatacat	660
caacaattca ctatcagaaa cacataaaat cccagagaga gagaaggcag tatctctgaa	720
tcattggatgg acttggaag ttcggaagga ttccgagtgc ttcccttcag aaagacaatt	780
ctg	783

<210> 126
 <211> 604
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 126

cctgctagaa tcactgccgc tgtgctttcg tggaaatgac agttccttgt tttttttgtt	60
tctgtttttg ttttacatta gtcattggac cacagccatt caggaactac cccctgcccc	120
acaaagaaat gaacagttgt agggagaccc agcagcacct ttccctccaca caccttcatt	180
ttgaagttcg ggtttttgtg ttaaagttaa tctgtacatt ctgtttgcca ttgttacttg	240
tactatacat ctgtatatag tgtacggcaa aagagtatta atccactatc tctagtgcct	300
gactttaaat cagtacagta cctgtacctg cacggtcacc cgctccgtgt gtcgccctat	360
attgagggct caagctttcc cttgtttttt gaaaggggtt tatgtataaa tatattttat	420

gcctttttat tacaagtctt gtactcaatg acttttgtca tgacattttg ttctacttat	480
actgtaaatt atgcattata aagagttcat ttaaggaaaa ttacttggtg caataattat	540
tgtaattaav agatgtagcc tttattaaaa ttttatattt ttcaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa	600
aaaa	604

<210> 127
 <211> 417
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 127	
ctgagcctct gtcaccagag aaggctgagg cccaatggc acacctcaga aacctacacc	60
ccgaggctgg acggctggac tcctgagcac aagctccctc tcgcaccctt tgccagacag	120
tttgtctcca atttcaaaact gacctaaaggc tcttactcct ggattttttg tttttaaac	180
ttctcccagc cagtcttcgg gagggcatga ttagagaagt gctcctttgc tgatggagga	240
ggggacctaa ggaagaagggt ggatcccagg tgctcctctc ctaattgatc ctccccacct	300
agtttccttt gcctctcttc cttctaccag gtcattgttt ttactctctg ccccttctgc	360
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<210> 128
 <211> 657
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 128	
ccacactgaa atgcagttta atgtggaaac ttttctaaat acatattgta gcatctttgg	60
acatcaacgt gtggcctgaa atttttatta ttgttccctc ttctctcca ttaaaaaaa	120
aatctccttg tggatattag tcattttacca ttaacacata ttatggctta aaaagggcca	180
tccttccctt ttctgagctg gaggcttcca cgctcacctt tgatgcatgg ccttagctgg	240
ttactttgcc ttggtttggg catgaacatt ggggttagtg gcctggcaac ttgaatgcat	300
atggaaagaa caatgccaaag tgatctgaca taatacaaat tccgaagtga cattcaatca	360
caagcaaagt tggaaattcc aaagagaagt ggtgagatct ttactagtca cagtgaagat	420
gggagaaaat gacatacctg cagcagatgt gggctgaaaa tatcctcttc tctgcccatt	480
caggaatgct acctgttttt gggaataaac ttttagagaaa ggaagggcca aaactacgac	540
ttggctttct gaaacggaag cataaatgtt ctttctctcc atttgtctgg atctgagaac	600
ctgcatttgg tattagctag tggaagcagt atgtatggtt gaagtgcatt gctgcag	657

<210> 129
 <211> 1220
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 129	
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agatcctcat tcaaaccac tgctggcaca tccctttcct tactttgccc tgtgctacca	180
gccacggaag gagcctctct tgtttttctc ataaaatggg taggcaggag aaaagcaggt	240
gccctaagat tgctctaagg cccagcatgt ggttacagt ctctgacttg cagaacctgc	300
caggtgtatg gctacaagtt atcctcgtgc tgatctgtct cttactaag ttaatggaga	360
agacagaaag gtaaaaatca cgtgtagcaa gaacaactct tatttcacaa actcaggtat	420
gaaacgaaac gcctgtcctt catggaactg ctttttagctc ctgtcttttc aaaatggcag	480
agggagttcc tacacacact ttttccctgg aggccaaggt ctaggggtag aaaggggagg	540
ggtggggcta ccaggtagca gttgacaacc caaggtcaga ggagtggccc tcagtgtcat	600
ctgtccacag tgatacctgc caagatgacc actgaccac atctgggtctt agtcattggt	660
ctcctcagat ttctggggcc acctgcaagc cccattccat tcctacagat ctctcagcca	720

cctgtaagtc	ctttgtgaag	atgtgggtga	cacaggggga	caggaaaacc	catttctcaa	780
cccagatcca	tgtctccact	gcttctactc	tgggttggga	ttcaggaaga	caggcacagt	840
cctctctgtt	catagaaaca	cctgccagtg	tcaaggattc	cagtcagggtg	tctatcccaa	900
ctggtcaggg	agagaagggc	agacccattc	tcaaagacca	ccatgtccaa	ggcttgacag	960
ctccccactg	gctgccccca	caggggcttt	aggctggctc	gggtcatggg	gaagcgtccc	1020
tcttatcgct	ggctctgtgt	ctcctggatt	tggatatctat	gttggtagca	ctcctggcct	1080
tttatctaaa	ggacttttggc	ttttgtaaat	cacaagccaa	taatagactt	ttttctcccc	1140
ctctgttttt	tgtctgtgtca	tctctgcctt	gagactgcct	tgagacagtg	cttgccttga	1200
gagagtgcgc	caattaacag					1220

<210> 130

<211> 1274

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 130

ccatatgagt	ttgccatctc	catggatgcc	atttcaatgc	cttcagggta	atcattctct	60
ccccaaagac	tgcccacggg	gtcatcactc	ctgtgacgaa	atgagggctg	gattgaagat	120
gttctgctga	gcacccccct	ggcatctctt	ggggtctcag	aagagccata	atcatgacca	180
ttctcagcat	ctgaataatc	aggttctctc	caagtgcctt	gcaagttctg	attgtccctca	240
gcaactgggat	agctctggctc	ccccaaaaag	ggtaggagat	taggttgaat	gtcagcgctt	300
ggataatcag	gctttcccag	agagtctgcg	tatggattga	ttctaaaact	tgtatgttcc	360
agattctttc	tggatcctgg	atggttcaaa	ttggctctgg	gtccaggatg	atcagagttg	420
ctctgagctc	cagggtagtc	cggttcttaag	gagccaaaat	gatctggatg	tgttctggag	480
cctgcatagt	ttccactgct	gctggagcct	gcaaaatcag	gatttctgtt	agatccaggg	540
tagtctgggt	gtctggatga	tgtctgggtg	taggyatgac	tctgaaattc	actataatct	600
ggctctggta	gagaggtagg	atggctctgg	cttgttctag	aggctgcaga	gtatgcattg	660
cttctgggtgc	cagaatagtc	tggattactc	agagatctag	gataatttgg	ttctgccaga	720
gaccaggat	agtctggacg	tgttctggag	gctacagagt	atggattgct	cctgggtgccg	780
gggtaatctg	gattgttcag	aggacctgga	acatctggat	aaccttgagt	tttcaaatac	840
ccctgcgtac	ggttctgaga	ccctgaatag	tcagggtaat	ctgggtcttc	ctcagaccag	900
ttattctctgt	agtaggcaga	catgttggta	tggactcttc	accctggagt	ggtaaactgt	960
cccagcattt	gcaattactc	agggatcttt	tttttttcac	ttttttgccc	ttattgttct	1020
tgttttgtcc	caagtagatg	caaatgttgt	gcaaaccaac	ttgatcttaa	gatgttggtta	1080
agaacactgg	agtcacgtgt	ccatgggtcc	ttcaggctgg	cttttgatgg	gagctgggat	1140
gcagatgatt	tacggagggt	tataatctgt	gatgctgggt	tgaagtctga	atattccaag	1200
ttgctgactg	caggcagagc	ctcatgtcct	cctggcgctc	ctgttgccgc	tgtttgcgct	1260
ggccctcggg	tgcga					1274

<210> 131

<211> 554

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(554)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131

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gaaattcttc	ctttctacct	ctctgggact	ctgagacagg	aaatcttcaa	ggaggagttt	120
ttccctcccc	actattctta	ttctcaaccc	ccagaggaac	caaggctgct	gtacccacct	180
cagggacaga	actccacact	atagtgggaa	agcttcaggg	acccctcctt	ttagtgtctca	240
gggctcacct	atgctactgg	tcctttttggc	aaaaaaggaa	aatgatagag	ccagggttgc	300

ccttgatgta	gcagccttac	tgtggagggg	ccaaagctgg	tgttcagagc	tcaccaagg	360
agggaggtga	taaggtgtca	tgcgttctgc	tgaaccact	ggntggatatg	aacatgaggc	420
ttgggggtgag	ggaaaccaag	taggggttg	agaaggagca	gcacctttgt	macacctggc	480
tacccatagc	tagctttctg	ccctcaaaaa	ctcagccttc	aagggatcca	gccacacac	540
gccacaggca	gcag					554

<210> 132
 <211> 787
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 132						
ctggtcaccc	aactcttgtg	gaagagggga	attgagatcg	agtactgaat	atctggcaga	60
gaggctggaa	tccttcagcc	ccagagccca	gggaccactc	cagtagatgc	agagaggggc	120
ctgcccaggg	gtcagggcag	tgggtatcac	tggtgacatc	aagaatatca	gggctgggga	180
ggcatctttg	tttcttggtg	ccctcctcaa	agttgctgac	actttgggga	cgggaagggg	240
tagaagtagg	gctgctcctt	ttggagctgg	agggaataga	cctggagaca	gagttgaggc	300
agtcgggctg	tccaggttct	aagcatcaca	gcttctgcac	tgggctctga	ggagattctc	360
agccagagga	tcccagcctc	ctcctccctc	aaatgtcagt	ccaagcaa	accaaagcaa	420
cgcctcgatt	ttgtggaagt	caattagaga	tgtggggagc	tatcggagac	aagcactatt	480
gtaccttttc	acctccacac	ttgtcacaag	cagggactgt	ctcctcccca	ctttgcttgc	540
cacgcctgcc	atggcttgag	ctgggggtgag	gagtgggtctt	tatcttcttt	gggagatcct	600
gactgggttg	gcacttgcta	agggcaggaa	gtctggaggg	ctgcaggaat	ggtgccgttg	660
ataaacaggt	ggacttataa	tcatcatgca	ctgcaattgt	agaacatagt	ctcctgcctt	720
ttctcatttg	tataattgtc	tgggtcaata	ttctcccaat	attgggaggg	gctctgcagc	780
cctccag						787

<210> 133
 <211> 219
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (219)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133						
tactgctcta	agttttgtna	aatttttcat	attttaattt	caagcttatt	ttggagagat	60
aggaaggtca	tttccatgta	tgcataataa	tcctgcaaag	tacaggtact	ttgtctaaga	120
aacattggaa	gcagggttaa	tgttttgtaa	actttgaaat	atatggtcta	atgtttaagc	180
agaattggaa	nagactaata	tcgggttaaca	aataacaac			219

<210> 134
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 134						
gattttaaaa	acatcatgac	tttgaactga	aaaacataca	cgtttagcac	acaaatattg	60
taatatgaat	gaactccaac	tccatttgaa	aacatgtgaa	tcaaagtaca	gttttagaag	120
ttagtaattc	acattttaagc	aagttagcgc	cttgctgaat	acagcctttg	taaaaaagag	180
acttagtgca	tatttttaatg	gtacattgtg	gttttgtacc	atttggttga	gttg	234

<210> 135

<211> 414
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 135
 ctccagcctg gctatatccg gtcccgcctat aacctgggca tcagctgcat caacctcggg 60
 gctcaccggg aggctgtgga gcactttctg gaggcctga acatgcagag gaaaagccgg 120
 gggccccggg gtgaaggagg tgccatgtcg gagaacatct ggagcaccct gcgtttggca 180
 ttgtctatgt taggccagag cgatgcctat ggggcagccg acgcgcggga tctgtccacc 240
 ctccctaacta tgtttggcct gccccagtga cagtgggacg ggctgccctg tgagtgtcca 300
 cctggggatt aaatatgtct tcaacaaggg aggcctggct tctacaatgg tttaggtaaa 360
 ggggcctttg aagtagttct ggccaggctt gcaatacaca caacacaaga gccca 414

<210> 136
 <211> 461
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 136
 gaagtgatta ataggtttat ttgcatatac acagagaaga gtcagcattg ttgggtgaga 60
 agaggcaggc tgtgaggagg taaggcttca gcagaggaag gcaccttgac agacaacacg 120
 agactcctat taaatcagca cagttgcaaa cttcacctgc ctcaagccaa cagctcattg 180
 aactcatatg tcgattgaga atcatttaca aaaccaggag agaaacaatg ggaagagcaa 240
 cggtctctca tccctggacc tgacactcaa aacattatgt acaggatgca ggaacaaaat 300
 ctgtctgac agtgccctct cctgctggga aaaacaccca tcacggaaga atttggggat 360
 taaatatgtc ttcaacaagg gaggcctggc ttctacaatg gtttaggtaa aggggccttt 420
 gaagtagttc tggccaggct tgcaatacac acaacacaag a 461

<210> 137
 <211> 269
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 137
 atagcaaatg gacacaaatt acaaatgtgt gtgcgtggga cgaagacatc tttgaaggtc 60
 atgagtttgt tagtttaaca tcatatattt gtaatagtga aacctgtact caaaatataa 120
 gcagcttgaa actggcttta ccaatcttga aatttgacca caagtgtctt atatatgcag 180
 atctaattgta aaatccagaa cttggactcc atcgtaaaaa ttatttatgt gtaacattca 240
 aatgtgtgca ttaaatatgc ttccacagt 269

<210> 138
 <211> 452
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (452)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138
 ctccatggga ggcaaaatat agagaattta tggtgcccaa ctcttatgta atcactggac 60
 taatcttccc tggttaactat gcaacatttg gacagaaagg cacacaaaaa agtttaataa 120
 tttcatgtgc caatctggaa aaaaataatt taaatcaaca gaacagacag tacatctaca 180
 caaatgagga aagcagaaaa gatacctcac attcatttat ctcaggtttc aaagtggctt 240

```

caatgctaaa gtaaattgtat taacatttgg aaaatacaag acaatttttt tgtttgtttt      300
caattttttt agctctatac aatgattaca acataagaca aaaaaaaaaa aaaaacacaa      360
aaaacaaaac aaaaaaggag ttcaggactt gttatcagtg tccaagtggc taanaactgg      420
ttcccataac aagcattgaa agttaaggcc cc                                         452

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<210> 139
<211> 474
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 139
tgtgcctcat tgaggttaca attgaaacag atgtgagcac ctgagagact ttccttgatt      60
atattcctcc acaaaccact gtaccatatt accttatttt atcttcttga aattcttatt      120
cattggcttg tttgttgtct ctttgcatta gatatatgta agtccttgg cataaatttg      180
acattggtag gggactgaca ttctaacctg gcccaggccc taggagagag ataactccac      240
aaagcagcac atactatctt aggttagcag ggagctaact caccatgtag cagatgaaaa      300
aaaccaaac cagcactgtg cataaatacc acttgccaag aagtcaggtc ctcggaacc      360
gagaatcaac ctgagcacia acgcagggtg ctgggctctg ttccccctta gccaccacct      420
cagcctctcc cctccccctg cccaagtgcc caagagcttg gctctctgtg cttt         474

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<210> 140
<211> 487
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 140
cttccctgcc tcgtgttctt gagaaacgga ttaatagccc tttatcccc tgcaccctcc      60
tgcaggggat ggcactttga gccctctgga gccctccctt tgctgagcct tactctcttc      120
agactttctg aatgtacagt gccgttggtt gggatttggg gactggaagg gaccaaggac      180
actgaccca agctgtcctg cctagcgtcc agcgtcttct aggagggtgg ggtctgacctg      240
tcctgggtgtg gttgggttgg cctgtttgc tgtgactacc cccccccctc cccgaaccga      300
gggacggctg cttttgtctc tgcctcagat gccacctgcc ccgcccagtc tccccatcag      360
cagcatccag actttcagga agggcagggc cagccagtcc agaaccgcat ccctcagcag      420
ggactgataa gccatctctc ggaggggcccc ctaataccca agtggagtct ggttcacacc      480
ctggggg                                           487

```

```

<210> 141
<211> 248
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(248)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 141
ttaaagatgg ggaaatgagg cctgnaaata gaaaagattt gcctagagtc acacacactg      60
tcagggtcagg tagagtcaaa atcaggcacc ccgactcaca gactgcttca cattgccatc      120
agagattgtc ctgcaacaat attatgttta gttctactgc agaatgataa ctggatctta      180
ccccctttgc ctgatctggc cacaaacttg tttttcaggt ctttccatta ggctctcttc      240
agctaatt                                           248

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<210> 142
<211> 173

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<212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 142
 tactaagatt gtccaagcct ccctcttaaa actttctttc ctttagagg aatcattact 60
 tcgtattaaa agtttctact tccttgtaga atatctacat ccaatgggcc atggcacaaa 120
 atttaagtct agaaagaatc ttaaaggctc atcttatagt aaccagaggc agg 173

<210> 143
 <211> 511
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(511)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 143
 cctcgtcaga ggggtggttc ctggtnacct gtactccacg gacctcggtg aagcaaaagc 60
 ttcagggcag aggggaatgag gcaacccagt ggcagcccg ctgggccccg tggctcctgc 120
 tctcctattg gacgtagagg caggggagag acttctctat acaaattatc tcatcacaga 180
 agggatgata cttgctgctc tgccgtaggg tttttgatgc tgagctatgc tgcacatgac 240
 gttaacctaa agaacttgga ctgagctttt aaaaaaggac agcaaacaat ttataaatcc 300
 ttaaagtgtg atagacggtt acactagtgc aggggtattgg ggaggctctt tgggtgtgga 360
 ggctgtcact tgtattttatt gtgactctaa atctttgata gtaaaacaaa tgtaaaaaga 420
 aatgtttgcc accagatggg aatagaagtt ccaataagca ggctggaatg ggtggctata 480
 cgttgatatca cgaggaagtt ttagactctg a 511

<210> 144
 <211> 190
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 144
 cattcttctg tcacatgcca attcagttgt caatcccatt gtctatgctt accggaaccg 60
 agacttccgc tacacttttc acaaaattat ctccaggtat cttctctgcc aagcagatgt 120
 caagagtggg aatggtcagg ctgggggtaca gcctgctctc ggtgtgggcc tatgatctag 180
 gctctcgctt 190

<210> 145
 <211> 169
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 145
 gatgtgggta tctctcaga tggccagttt gccctctcag gctcctggga tggaaccctg 60
 cgctctggg atctcacaac gggcaccacc acgagggcat ttgtgggcca taccaaggat 120
 gtgctgagtg tggccttctc ctctgacaac cggcagattg tctctggat 169

<210> 146
 <211> 511
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 146
 atctagagaa gatttgggaa acacatgata gctatggtta aatacttaac agggcaatca 60
 cagggaagat gactagattt cctaacatcc atgagtgaag tttatagaag tatactctct 120
 gacttgatat aaaggaagat tttaaaaaac atgactgttc aggagtgttc aagtagggtc 180
 agatgaccag tgattgggaa tacttcgtaa gcaggagcaa gtaagatctg agccactgtt 240
 ctatcggtag ggtgtctgtg gtattccttg gtcaaagaag tactctaagc aacttcagtc 300
 tcacgaatta ctatcacctt cgtgggcata catgatgggt accctaaaga ggaagtttca 360
 gaaggcagta atattggatc ctggaatagt cagacaggag ccttcatgca gatacccttt 420
 tcagttctcc atacacccat tcacaagtgg tcacaaaaac acccagtacc tttacttggc 480
 tttaccctact taacaatatg ctcaatatga g 511

<210> 147
 <211> 421
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(421)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 gaccagttga gttcttctctg gctattgtat aatccacagc cacactgtga aagcaaatct 60
 ggccagttag caacacaggg agaactctgcc tgaactgacc aaaggtgtcc atacttcagt 120
 tcagtgaagaa tttcacctcc atcatgttct aaagagccaa caacagattc tagggcactg 180
 caaaatgctt cagcaattaa ttgaagttct gtttgagtac attcatcatc tttgagaatg 240
 ctttctgggt cgttgtgagt cttgtgtctg atatatgcag ccaaagtgtt ttcagtacag 300
 ccacctccca acaaagccca tggttccttg agtggttaact gcaggacatg cagtgccgtc 360
 tgacacgtga gcttcagctc atcccangca gtgtcatttc tgttcagag aagccaagct 420
 g 421

<210> 148
 <211> 237
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 148
 acacaccact gttggccttc catctgggtt aagtcaactg tgagtagaaa ccgaagataa 60
 cagttttgta ttcataatgg ccttttcata ctccaagtac ttttgagcac agagcctctt 120
 gcttctgacc tggcacttgg aacacagata tatatatctt ttgttctgtc cctgggaaac 180
 tgatatttgt gtaagacaac caccagatat tttctctaata aaaatcttct aaaatta 237

<210> 149
 <211> 168
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 149
 agagaaagtt aaagtgcaat aatgtttgaa gacaataagt ggtggtgtat cttgtttcta 60
 ataagataaa cttttttgtc tttgctttat cttattaggg agttgtatgt cagtgtataa 120
 aacatactgt gtggtataac aggcttaata aattctttaa aaggagag 168

<210> 150
 <211> 68
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(68)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

```

gggtggggttt ggcagagatg antttaagtg ctgtggccag aagcgggggg ggggttttgt      60
ggaaattt                                         68

```

<210> 151

<211> 421

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

```

aggtgacacg tattcgggat gaaagtataa tagtcattcc ttcaaccctt gcatttatgg      60
actctggaaa tcgaagatcc acagtgaagta aagatgttcg tccaaagaca aaaaatagaa      120
acagctcaac aaagcgagag acaaaaaaac aaaatggcac tgtggctctg cctttgaagt      180
ctgggctcca gcagagggct gatcttccca caggagacga gacggcctat gacactctcc      240
agaactgttg tcagtgccga attttacttc ccttgcccat tctaaatgag caccaggaga      300
agtgccagag gttagctcac caaaagaaac tccagtgggg ctggtgagat ggctcagcgg      360
gtaagagcac ccgactgctc ttccgaaggt ccggagtcca aatcccagca accacatggg      420
g                                         421

```

<210> 152

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 152

```

gaattcggca cnagctcgtg ccgccagggt nggtccnttt tttgctccgc ctccgccanga      60
cttcctacag ctatcgccag tcgtcggcca cgtcntcctt cngaggcctg ggcggcggct      120
ccgtgcgttn tgggcccggg gtcgcctttc nctcncccag cattcacggg ggctccggcg      180
gccgcggcgt atccgtgtcc tccgcccgct ntgtgtcctc gtcctcctcn ggggcctacg      240
gctngctgct acngcggcct cctgaccgct tccnacgggc tgctggcngg caacgagaag      300
ctaaccatgc agaacctnaa cnaccgcctg gcctcctacc tgnacaaggt gcgcnccctg      360
taggcggcca acggcnagct agaggtgaag atccnctact gggtagcaga agcagggggc      420
tgggccctgc ccgactacag ccactnctnc acnaccatgc agtacctgcn ggganaagat      480
tntngggngc caccatngag aactgca                                         507

```

<210> 153

<211> 513

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 153

```

gaattcggca cgaggtggct cagatgtcca ctactgggag tatgggtcgaa ttgggaattt      60
tattgtgaaa aagcccatgg tgctgggaca tgaagcttcg ggaacagtcg aaaaagtggg      120

```

```

atcatcggta aagcacctaa aaccagggtga tcgtgttgcc atcgagcctg gtgctccccg      180
agaaaatgat gaattctgca agatgggccc atacaatctg tcaccttcca tcttcttctg      240
tgccgcgccc cccgatgacg ggaacctctg ccggttctat aagcacaatg cagccttttg      300
ttacaagctt cctgacaatg tcacctttga ggaaggcgcc ctgatcgagc cactttctgt      360
ggggatccat gcctgcagga gaggcggagt taccctggga cacaagggtcc ttgtgtgtgg      420
agctgggcca atcgggatgg tcactttgct cgtggccaaa gcaatgggag cagctcaagt      480
agtggtgact gatctgtctg ctacccgatt gtc                                     513

```

<210> 154
 <211> 507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(507)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 154
ggcacgagct cgtgccgaat tcggcncgag cagacacaat ggtaagaatg gtgcctgtcc      60
tgctgtctct gctgctgctt ctgggtcctg ctgtcccccga ggagaaccaa gatggtcggt      120
actctctgac ctatatctac actgggctgt ccaagcatgt tgaagacgtc cccgcgtttc      180
agggccttgg ctactcaat gacctccagt tctttagata caacagtaaa gacaggaagt      240
ctcagcccat gggactctgg agacagggtg aaggaatgga ggattggaag caggacagcc      300
aacttcagaa ggccagggag gacatcttta tggagaccct gaaagacatc gtggagtatt      360
acaacgacag taacgggtct cacgtattgc agggaagggt tgggtgtgag atcgagaata      420
acagaagcag cggagcattc tggaaatatt actatgatgg aaaggactac attgaattca      480
acaaagaaat cccagcctgg gtccccc                                     507

```

<210> 155
 <211> 507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(507)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 155
ggcacgagga gacctaaagg ctgagtntcg ggaacaggag aaagctctgt tggccctcca      60
gcagcagtgt gctgagcagg cacaggagca tgagggtggag accagggccc tgcaggacag      120
ctggctgcag gcccaggcag tgctcaagga acgggaccag gagctggaag ctctgcgggc      180
agaaagtcag tcctcccggc atcaggagga ggctgcccgg gcccgggctg aggtctctgca      240
ggaggccctt ggcaaggctc atgctgccct gcaggggaaa gagcagcatc tcctcgagca      300
ggcagaattg agccgcagtc tggaggccag cactgcaacc ctgcaagcct ccctggatgc      360
ctgccaggca cacagtcggc agctggagga ggctctgagg atacaagaag gtgagatcca      420
ggaccaggat ctccgatacc aggaggatgt gcagcagctg cagcaggcac ttgccagag      480
ggatgaagag ctgagacatc agcaggga                                     507

```

<210> 156
 <211> 509
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(509)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 156

ggcacgagga	cagagagaac	cctgtngaaa	gagcgttacc	aggaggtcct	ggacaaacag	60
aggcaagtgg	agaatcagct	ccaagtgcaa	ttaaagcagc	ttcagcaaag	gagagaagag	120
gaaatgaaga	atcaccagga	gatattaaag	gctattcagg	atgtgacaat	aaagcgggaa	180
gaaacaaaga	agaagataga	gaaagagaag	aaggagtttt	tgcagaagga	gcaggatctg	240
aaagctgaaa	ttgagaagct	ttgtgagaag	ggcagaagag	aggtgtggga	aatggaactg	300
gatagactca	agaatcagga	tggcgaaata	aataggaaca	ttatggaaga	gactgaacgg	360
gcctggaagg	cagagatctt	atcactagag	agccggaaag	agttactggg	actgaaacta	420
gaagaagcag	aaaaagaggc	agaattgcac	cttacttacc	tcaagtcaac	cccccaaca	480
ctggagacag	ttcgttccaa	acaggagtg				509

<210> 157
 <211> 507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 157

ggcacgaggg	cagccctcct	accggcgcac	gtggtgccgc	cgctgctgcc	tcccgtctgc	60
cctgaaccca	gtgcctgcag	ccatggctcc	cggccagctc	gccttattta	gtgtctctga	120
caaaaccggc	cttgtggaat	ttgcaagaaa	cctgaccgct	cttgggtttga	atctggctgc	180
ttccggaggg	actgcaaaaag	ctctcagggg	tgtctggtctg	gcagtcagag	atgtctctga	240
gttgacggga	tttcctgaaa	tgttgggggg	acgtgtgaaa	actttgcate	ctgcagtcca	300
tgctggaatc	ctagctcgta	atattccaga	agataatgct	gacatggcca	gacttgattt	360
caatcttata	agagttgttg	cctgcaatct	ctatcccttt	gtaaagacag	tggtctctcc	420
aggtgtaagt	gttgaggagg	ctgtggagca	aattgacatt	ggtggagtaa	ccttactgag	480
agctgcagcc	aaaaaccacg	ctcgagt				507

<210> 158
 <211> 507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(507)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158

ggcacgagtc	gagctgtgcc	tattcgngtc	aatccaagag	tgagtaatgt	gaagtctgtc	60
tacaaaaccc	acattgatgt	cattcattat	cggaaaacgg	atgcaaaacg	tctgcatggc	120
cttgatgaag	aagcagaaca	gaaacttttt	tcagagaaac	gtgtggaatt	gcttaaggaa	180
ctttccagga	aaccagacat	ttatgagagg	cttgcttcag	ccttggctcc	aagcatttat	240
gaacatgaag	atataaagaa	gggaattttg	cttcagctct	ttggcgggac	aaggaaggat	300
tttagtcaca	ctggaagggg	caaatttcgg	gctgagatca	acatcttgct	gtgtggcgac	360
cctggtacca	gcaagtccca	gctgctgcag	tacgtgtaca	acctcgctcc	cagggggccag	420
tacacgtntg	ggaaggggctc	cagtgcann	ggcctnactg	cntacgtaat	gaaagaccct	480
gagacaaggn	anctggnnct	gnnacag				507

<210> 159
 <211> 508

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(508)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159

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ggcacnanaa accaggatta tggtnnggat ccaaagattg ctaatgcaat aatgaaggca      60
gcagatgagg tagctgaagg taaattaaat gatcattttc ctctcgtggt atggcagact      120
ggatcaggaa ctcagacaaa tatgaatgta aatgaagtca ttagcaatag agcaattgaa      180
atgttaggag gtgaacttgg cagcaagata cctgtgcatc ccaacgatca tgttaataaa      240
agccagagct caaatgatac ttttcccaca gcaatgcaca ttgctgctgc aatagaagtt      300
catgaagtac tgttaccagg actacagaag ttacatgatg ctcttgatgc aaaatccaaa      360
gagtttgcac agatcatcaa gattggacgt actcactctc aggatgctgt tccacttact      420
cttgggcagg aatttagtgg ttatgttcaa caagtaaaat atgcaatgac aagaataaaa      480
gctgccatgc caagaatcta tgagctcg

```

508

<210> 160

<211> 508

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(508)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

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ggcacgagct tggagcaaag tcatctnaag gaattagagg acacacttca ggtaggcac      60
atacaagagt ttgagaaggt tatgacagac cacagagttt ctttggagga attaaaaaag      120
gaaaaccaac aaataattaa tcaaatacaa gaatctcatg ctgaaattat ccaggaaaaa      180
gaaaaacagt tacaggaatt aaaactcaag gtttctgatt tgcagacac gagatgcaag      240
ttagaggttg aacttgcgtt gaaggaagca gaaactgatg aaataaaaaat tttgctggaa      300
gaaagcagag cccagcagaa ggagaccttg aaatctcttc ttgaacaaga gacagaaaat      360
ttgagaacag aaattagtaa actcaaccaa aagattcagg ataataatga aaattatcag      420
gtgggcttag cagagctaag aactttaatg acaattgaaa aagatcagtg tatttccgag      480
ttaattagta gacatgaaga agaatcta

```

508

<210> 161

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 161

```

ggcacgagcg ctaccggcgc ctctctgctg gccactgagc cggagccggc ctgagcagcg      60
ctctcggttg cagtaccac tggaggact taggcgctcg cgtggacacc gcaagccctt      120
cagtagcctc ggccaagag gcctgctttc cactcgctag ccccgccggg ggtccgtgtc      180
ctgtctcggt ggccggaccc gggcccgagc ccgagcagta gccggcgcca tgcggtggt      240
gggcatagac ctgggcttcc agagctgcta cgctcgctgtg gcccgcgccc gcggcatcga      300
gactatcgct aatgagtata gcgaccgctg cagccgggct tgcatttctt ttggtcctaa      360
gaatcgttca attggagcag cagctaaaag ccaggtaatt tctaatagca agaacacagt      420
ccaaggattt aaaagattcc atggccgagc attctctgat ccatttgtgg aggcagaaaa      480
atctaacctt gcatatgata ttgtgca

```

507

<210> 162
 <211> 507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(507)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 162

ggcagcagca	gctgtgcacc	gacatgntct	cagtgtcctg	agtaagacca	aagaagctgg	60
caagatcctc	tctaataatc	ccagcaaggg	actggccctg	ggaattgcca	aagcctggga	120
gctctacggc	tcacccaatg	ctctggtgct	actgattgct	caagagaagg	aaagaaacat	180
at ttgaccag	cgtgccatag	agaatgagct	actggccagg	aacatccatg	tgatccgacg	240
aacatttgaa	gatattctctg	aaaaggggtc	tctggaccaaa	gaccgaaggc	tgtttgtgga	300
tggccaggaa	attgctgtgg	tttacttccg	ggatggctac	atgcctcgtc	agtacagtct	360
acagaattgg	gaagcacgtc	tactgctgga	gaggtcacat	gctgccaagt	gcccagacat	420
tgccaccag	ctggctggga	ctaagaaggt	gcagcaggag	ctaagcaggc	cgggcatgct	480
ggagatgttg	ctccctggcc	agcctga				507

<210> 163
 <211> 460
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 163

ggcagcagaa	ataactttat	ttcattgtgg	gtcgcggttc	ttgtttgtgg	atcgctgtga	60
tcgtcacttg	acaatgcaga	tcttcgtgaa	gactctgact	ggtaagacca	tcaccctcga	120
ggttgagccc	agtgacacca	tcgagaatgt	caaggcaaag	atccaagata	aggaaggcat	180
ccctcctgac	cagcagaggc	tgatctttgc	tggaaaacag	ctggaagatg	ggcgaccctt	240
gtctgactac	aacatccaga	aagagtccac	cctgcacctg	gtgctccgtc	tcagaggtgg	300
gatgcaaate	ttcgtgaaga	cactcactgg	caagaccatc	acccttgagg	tggagcccag	360
tgacaccatc	gagaacgtca	aagcaaagat	ccaggacaag	gaaggcattc	ctcctgacca	420
gcagaggttg	atctttgccg	gaaagcagct	ggaagatggg			460

<210> 164
 <211> 462
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 164

ggcagcagcc	ggatctcatt	gccacgcgcc	cccgcagacc	gcccgcagtg	cattcccgat	60
tccttttggg	tccaagtcca	atatggcaac	tctaaaggat	cagctgattt	ataatcttct	120
aaaggaagaa	cagaccccc	agaataagat	tacagttggt	gggggttggtg	ctggtggcat	180
ggcctgtgcc	atcagtatct	taatgaagga	cttggcagat	gaacttgctc	ttgttgatgt	240
catcgaagac	aaattgaagg	gagagatgat	ggatctccaa	catggcagcc	tttcccttag	300
aacaccaaag	attgtctctg	gcaaagacta	taatgttaact	gcaaactcca	agctggtcac	360
tatcacggct	ggggcacgtc	agcaagaggg	agaaagccgt	cttaatttgg	tccagcgtaa	420
cgtgaacatc	tttaaattca	tcatttcctaa	tggtgtaaaa	ta		462

<210> 165
 <211> 462
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 165

ggcacgagga	agccatgagc	agcaaagtct	ctcgcgacac	cctgtacgag	gcggtgcggg	60
aagtcctgca	cggaaccag	cgcaagcgcc	gcaagttcct	ggagacggtg	gagttgcaga	120
tcagcttgaa	gaactatgat	ccccagaagg	acaagcgctt	ctcgggcacc	gtcaggctta	180
agtccactcc	ccgccctaag	ttctctgtgt	gtgtcctggg	ggaccagcag	cactgtgacg	240
aggctaaggc	cgtggatata	ccccacatgg	acatcgaggc	gctgaaaaaa	ctcaacaaga	300
ataaaaaact	ggtcaagaag	ctggccaaga	agtatgatgc	gtttttggcc	tcagagtctc	360
tgatcaagca	gattccacga	atcctcggcc	caggtttaaa	taaggcagga	aagttccctt	420
ccctgctcac	acacaacgaa	aacatggtgg	ccaaagtgga	tg		462

<210> 166

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166

ggcacgagag	ggacctgtnt	gaatggntcc	actaggggtn	anntgntctt	tacttttaac	60
cantnaaatn	gacctgcccg	tgaanangcg	ggcntgacac	annaanacga	gaagacccta	120
tggagcttta	atttattaat	gcanacagna	cctaacaaac	ccacangtcc	taaactacca	180
agcctgcatt	aaaaatttcg	gntggggcna	cctcnagca	naacccaacc	tccgagcaac	240
tcatgctaag	acttcaccag	tcaaagctga	actactatac	tcaattgatc	caataacttg	300
accaacagan	caagntaccc	tagggataac	ancacaatcc	tattctagac	cccttatnac	360
caatangntt	tacacctcna	tngnggaacc	aggacatccg	atggggcagn	cgttattaaa	420
gttngttgnt	aacnataaag	tctacgtgat	ctgaggttag			459

<210> 167

<211> 464

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(464)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

gaattgggac	caacganaan	cntgcgntc	ttnttttgc	tccanngccc	agctnattgc	60
tcagacacac	atggggaagg	tnaaggctcg	gagtcaacng	atttggtngt	attgnagcgt	120
ttggtcacca	gngctgcttt	taactctggn	aaagtggata	ttggtgtcat	naatgacccc	180
tncattgacc	tnaactacat	ggtttacatg	ttccaatatg	attccaccca	tggcaaattc	240
catngcaccg	tnaaggctga	gaacgggaag	cttgtnatca	atggaaatcc	catcaccatc	300
tttcangaac	ganatccntn	caaaaatcaa	anttgggggc	gatgcttggc	cncttgaagt	360
accgttcaan	gggaannncc	ccactttggc	cgntntttnc	aancccaccc	caatttgggn	420
aaaaaaaaag	gggnntttgg	gggggggcct	tttanntttt	tttt		464

<210> 168

<211> 462

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(462)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168

ggcacgaggn nnaacctncc	gggctggggc	agcacgcctt	gngcaancct	gcactgcact	60
gaagaccccg	tgccggaagc	cgngggcngc	nacatgcagn	aactgaacca	120
cancagttct	cagacctgac	agaggtgctt	ttacacttcc	taactgatcc	180
gaaatatnt	tngttnatnt	catntgaatn	atccancncc	aatcatanca	240
cctcataanc	nttgagaana	gcnnccctnt	gnttnccan	gggtgctntga	300
cacangcaan	caggtccaag	cggatttnnt	aactntgggt	cttantgang	360
ttacttttct	gaaancngga	agcagaatgc	tcccaccctt	gctcgatggg	420
agactctgat	gattaaccag	ctttanatat	ggacnggaaa	tt	462

<210> 169

<211> 460

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(460)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169

ggcacgaggg	acagcagacn	agacagtcac	agcagccttg	acaaaacggt	cctggaactc	60
aagntcttnt	ncncaaagga	ggacagagca	nacagcagag	accatggant	ctncctcggc	120
ccctccccc	agatgggtgca	tcccctggca	naggctcctg	ctcacagcct	cacttctaac	180
cttctggaac	ccgcccacca	ctgccaagct	cactattgaa	tccacgcctg	tcaatgnntc	240
ntaggggaag	gagngcttt	ctactnttnc	acaatctgan	ccccttcttn	tttggttact	300
ancatggctc	tncatgtnaa	aatactggna	tggntaacct	gtcaaattta	taggnantnt	360
gctaattggg	aaactnccnn	tngtctacce	caggggncct	agattcctnn	gttcncataa	420
cnattaattt	aaccctaat	gncaancctt	tngttaaaga			460

<210> 170

<211> 508

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(508)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170

ggcacgaggg	ggatttttag	gtggtcnggt	gtggatatcag	gaataatgtg	ggaggccaga	60
ttgaagtcca	ggccaggaac	aatggtaatt	gtgggactta	agaaagtgtg	agtacagctg	120
aatgagccgg	ggagcagaaa	gtatatgcgt	caggtatgag	gaagaaaata	gattttggaa	180
gttatgagaa	atgtagagag	tgagttgagc	atagtttgtg	attttgaggg	cctctaacag	240
tattaaagca	gcggcagcgg	ctgcacacag	acatgatggc	taggctaaaa	caggaaggctc	300
aagttgtttg	gacagaaagg	ctacaggggtg	cagtcctggc	tcttggtgtaa	gaattctgac	360
cacactaacc	atgcctagga	aggaaaggag	ttgttctttt	gtaagggatt	gaggtttggg	420

agattaatcg gacacgatca gcagggagag cacctgtgtt tttatgagaa ttatgctgag 480
ataggaataca gatgaggatg aaatttgg 508

<210> 171
<211> 507
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(507)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171
ggcacgagac cagccactag cgcagnctcg agcgatggcc tatgtccccc caccgggcta 60
ccagcccacc tacaaccgga cgctgcctta ctaccagccc atcccgggcg ggctcaacgt 120
gggaatgtct gtttacatcc aaggagtggc cagcgagcac atgaagcggg tcttcgtgaa 180
ctttgtgggt gggcaggatc cgggctcaga cgctgccttc cacttcaatc cgcggtttga 240
cggctgggac aagggtggtct tcaacacggt gcagggcgagg aagtggggca gcgaggagag 300
gaagaggagc atgcccttca aaaaggggtgc cgcctttgag ctggtcttca tagtcttggc 360
tgagcactac aagggtggtgg taaatggaaa tcccttctat gagtacgggc accggcttcc 420
cctacagatg gtcacccacc tgcaagtgga tggggatctg caacttcaat caatcaactt 480
catcggaggc cagccctctc ggcccca 507

<210> 172
<211> 409
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 172
ggcacgagct ggagtgtctg ctgccacccc ctgcgtcctct gcagaaatgt ctgtcaccta 60
cgatgactct gtgggagtgg aagtgtccag cgacagcttc tgggaggttg ggaactacaa 120
acggactgtg aagcggattg acgatggcca ccgcctgtgt ggtgacctca tgaactgtct 180
gcatgagcgg gcacgcatcg agaaggcgta tgcacagcag ctactgagt gggcccgacg 240
ctggaggcag ctggtagaga agggaccaca gtatgggacc gtggagaagg cctggatagc 300
tgtcatgtct gaagcagaga ggggtgagtga actgcacctg gaagtgaagg catcactgat 360
gaatgaagac tttgagaaga tcaagaactg gcagaaggaa gcctttcac 409

<210> 173
<211> 409
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 173
ggcacgaggg cagctagagg aagagtccaa ggccaagaac gcactggccc acgccctgca 60
gtcagctcgc catgactgtg acctgctgcg ggaacagtat gaagaggagc aggaagccaa 120
ggctgagctg cagagggcca tgtccaaggc caacagcgag gtacccagc ggaggacgaa 180
atatgagacg gatgccatcc agcgcacaga ggagctggaa gaggccaaga agaagctggc 240
tcagcgtctg caggatgctg aggaacatgt agaagctgtg aattccaaat gcgcttctct 300
tgaaaagacg aagcagcgac ttcagaatga agtggaggac ctcatgattg acgtggagag 360
gtctaattgct gcctgcgctg cgcttgataa gaagcagagg aactttgac 409

<210> 174
<211> 407
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 174

ggcacgagcc	ggggcggggc	gcggcgctcc	ggctcgaggc	attcggagct	gcgggagccg	60
ggctggcagg	agcaggatgg	cggcggcggc	ggctgcaggc	gaggcgcgcc	gggtgctggt	120
gtacggcggc	aggggcgctc	tgggttctcg	atgctgcag	gcttttcggg	cccgcactg	180
gtgggttgcc	agcgttgatg	tgggtggagaa	tgaagaggcc	agcgctagca	tcattgttaa	240
aatgacagac	tcgttctactg	agcaggctga	ccagggtgact	gctgaggttg	gaaagctctt	300
gggtgaagag	aaggtggatg	caattctttg	cgttgctgga	ggatgggccc	ggggcaatgc	360
caaatccaag	tctctcttta	agaactgtga	cctgatgtgg	aagcaga		407

<210> 175

<211> 407

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 175

ggcacgagct	tggccgctcg	tcgctagctc	gctcggtgcg	cgctgctccc	ctccatggcg	60
ctcttcgtgc	ggctgctggc	tctcgccctg	gctctggccc	tgggccccgc	cgcgaccctg	120
gcgggtccc	ccaagtcgcc	ctaccagctg	gtgctgcagc	acagcaggct	ccggggccgc	180
cagcacggcc	ccaacgtgtg	tgctgtgcag	aagggtattg	gcactaatag	gaagtacttc	240
accaactgca	agcagtggta	caaaggaaa	atctgtggca	aatcaacagt	catcagctac	300
gagtgtgtc	ctggatatga	aaaggctcc	ggggagaagg	gctgtccagc	agccctacca	360
ctctcaaacc	tttacgagac	cctgggagtc	gttggatcca	ccaccac		407

<210> 176

<211> 409

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 176

ggcacgagt	gtgccaaaac	gggaccatgc	cctcctggag	gagcagagca	agcagcagtc	60
caacgagcac	ctgcgcgcgc	agttcgccag	ccaggccaat	gttgtggggc	cctggatcca	120
gaccaagat	gaggagatcg	ggcgcatctc	cattgagatg	aacgggaccc	tggaggacca	180
gctgagccac	ctgaagcagt	atgaacgcag	catcgtggac	tacaagcccc	acctggacct	240
gctggagcag	cagcaccagc	tcattccagga	ggccctcacc	ttcgacaaca	agcacaccaa	300
ctataccatg	gagcacatcc	gcgtgggctg	ggagcagctg	ctcaccacca	ttgcccgcac	360
catcaacgag	gtggagaacc	agatcctcac	ccgcgacgcc	aagggcatc		409

<210> 177

<211> 408

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

ggcacgaggt	ccaggtaact	gcaaaaaaca	tggctcagca	tgaagaactg	atgaagaaaa	60
ctgaaacaat	gaatgtagtt	atggagacca	ataaaatgct	aagagaagag	aaggagcagg	120
tttcaaaaat	ggcatcagtc	cgtcagcatt	tggagaagaa	aacacagaaa	gcagaatcac	180
agttgttgga	gtgtaaagca	tcttgggagg	aaagagagag	aatgttaaag	gatgaagttt	240
ccaaatgtgt	atgtcgctgt	gaagatctgg	agaaacaaaa	cagattactt	catgatcaga	300
tcgaaaaatt	aagtgacaag	gtcgttgctt	ctgtgaagga	aggtgtacaa	gggccactga	360
atgtatctct	cagtgaagaa	ggaaaatctc	aagaacaaat	tttgga		408

<210> 178

<211> 92

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 178

ggcacgagaa gaaattaaga gctaaagaca aggagaatga aaatatgggt gcaaagctga	60
acaaaaaagt taaagagcta gaagaggaga tg	92

<210> 179

<211> 411

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 179

ggcargagga gacacgccac ctataccaca gttctcagaa tgaattagct aagttggaat	60
cagaacttaa gagtctcaaa gaccagttga ctgatttaag taactcttta gaaaaatgta	120
aggaacaaaa aggaaacttg gaagggatca taaggcagca agaggctgat attcaaaatt	180
ctaagttagc ttatgaacaa ctggagactg atcttcaggc ctccagagaa ctgaccagta	240
ggctgcatga agaaataaat atgaaagagc aaaagattat aagcctgctt tctggcaagg	300
aagaggcaat ccaagtagct attgctgaac tgcgtcagca acatgataaa gaaattaaag	360
agctggaaaa cctgctgtcc caggaggaag aggagaatat tgtttttagaa g	411

<210> 180

<211> 411

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 180

ggcacgaggt tggttcggagc gggcgagcgg agtttagcagg gctttactgc agagcgcgcc	60
gggcactcca gcgaccgtgg ggatcagcgt aggtgagctg tggccttttg cgagggtgctg	120
cagccatagc tacgtgcgtt cgctacgagg attgagcgtc tccacccatc ttctgtgctt	180
caccatctac ataatgaatc ccagtatgaa gcagaaacaa gaagaaatca aagagaatat	240
aaagactagt tctgtcccaa gaagaactct gaagatgatt cagccttctg catctggatc	300
tcttggttga agagaaaatg agctgtccgc aggttgttcc aaaaggaaac atcggaatga	360
ccacttaaca tctacaactt ccagccctgg gggtattgtc ccagaatcta g	411

<210> 181

<211> 411

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 181

ggcacgaggg gggacagggc gaagcggcct gcgcccacgg agcgcgcgac actgcccgga	60
agggaccgcc acccttgccc cctcagctgc ccaactcgtga tttccagcgg cctccgcgcg	120
cgcacgatgc cctcggccac cagccacagc gggagcggca gcaagtcgtc cggaccgcca	180
ccgccgtcgg gttcctccgg gagtgaggcg gccgcgggag ccggggccgc cgcgccggct	240
tctcagcacc ccgcaaccgg caccggcgct gtccagaccg aggccatgaa gcagattctc	300
ggggtgatcg acaagaaaact tcggaacctg gagaagaaaa agggtaagct tgatgattac	360
caggaacgaa tgaacaaaagg ggaaaggctt aatcaagatc agctggatgc c	411

<210> 182

<211> 411

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 182

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ggcacgagcc gacatggagc tgttcctcgc gggccgcgcg gtgctgggtca ccggggcagg      60
caaaggtata gggcgcgcca cggccaggc gctgcacgcg acgggcgcgc ggggtggggc      120
tgtgagcccg actcaggcgg atcttgacag ccttgccgcg gaggcccg ggatagaacc      180
cgtgtgcgtg gacctgggtg actgggaggc caccgagcgg gcgctgggca gcgtgggccc      240
cgtggacctg ctggtgaaca acgcccgtgt cgcctgctg cagcccttcc tggaggtcac      300
caaggaggcc tttgacagat cctttgaggt gaacctgcgt gcggtcatcc aggtgtcgca      360
gattgtggcc aggggcttaa tagcccgggg agtcccaggg gccatcgtga a              411

```

<210> 183

<211> 409

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 183

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ggcacgagcc tacactctgg ccagagatac cacagtcaaa cctggagcca aaaaggacac      60
aaaggactct cgacccaaac tgcccagac cctctccaga ggttgggggtg accaactcat      120
ctggactcag acatatgaag aagctctata taaatccaag acaagcaaca aacccttgat      180
gattattcat cacttggatg agtgcccaca cagtcaagct ttaaagaaag tgtttgctga      240
aaataaagaa atccagaaat tggcagagca gtttgtctc ctcaatctgg tttatgaaac      300
aactgacaaa cacctttctc ctgatggcca gtatgtcccc aggattatgt ttgttgaccc      360
atctctgaca gttagagccg atatcactgg aagatattca aatcgtctc              409

```

<210> 184

<211> 410

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 184

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ggcacgaggt cattccagca ccaacaggat ccaagccaga ttgattgggc tgcattggcc      60
caagcttgga ttgcccaaag agaagcttca ggacagcaaa gcatggtaga acaaccacca      120
ggaatgatgc caaatggaca agatatgtct acaatggaat ctgggccaaa caatcatggg      180
aatttccaag gggattcaaa cttcaacaga atgtggcaac cagaatgggg aatgcatcag      240
caacccccac acccccctcc agatcagcca tggatgccac caacaccagg cccaatggac      300
attgttcctc cttctgaaga cagcaacagt caggacagtg gggaatttgc ccctgacaac      360
aggcatatat ttaaccagaa caatcacaac tttgggtggac caccgataa              410

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<210> 185

<211> 411

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (411)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 185

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ggcacgagca cagatgtagt tttctctgcg cgtgtgcgtt ttccctcctc ccccgccctc      60
agggctccac gccaccatgg cgtattaggg gcagcagtcg ctgcggcagc attggccttt      120
gcagcggcgg cagcagcacc aggctctgca gcggcaaccc ccagcggctt aagccatggc      180
gcttctcacg gcattcagca gcagcgttgc tgtaaccgac aaagacacct tcgaattaag      240
cacattcctc gattccagca aagcaccgca acatgaccga aatgagcttc ctgagcagcg      300
aggtgttggg gggggacttg atgtccccct tcgaccgcgc gggtttgggg gctgaagaaa      360
gcctangtct cttagatgat tacctggagg tggccaagca cttcaaacct c              411

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<210> 186
 <211> 410
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 186
 ggcacgagct tctagtcccc ccattggccgc tctcaccgga gacccccagt tccagaagct 60
 gcagcaatgg taccgcgagc accgctccga gctgaacctg cgcgcctct tccgatgcaa 120
 caaggaccgc ttcaaccact tcagcttgac cctcaacacc aacctatggc atatcctggt 180
 ggattactcc aagaacctgg tgacggagga cgtgatgcgg atgctgggtg acttggccaa 240
 gtccaggggc gtggaggccg cccgggagcg gatgttcaat ggtgagaaga tcaactacac 300
 cgagggtcga gccgtgctgc acgtggctct gcggaaccgg tcaaacacac ccattcctggt 360
 agacggcaag gatgtgatgc cagaggtcaa caaggttctg gacaagatga 410

<210> 187
 <211> 506
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 187
 ctttcgtggc tcaactccctt tcctctgctg ccgctcggtc acgcttgtgc ccgaaggagg 60
 aaacagtgc agacctggag actgcagttc tctatccttc acacagctct ttcacctatgc 120
 ctggatcact tcttttgaat gcagaagctt gctggccaaa agatgtggga attgttgccc 180
 ttgagatcta ttttccttct caatatgttg atcaagcaga gttggaaaaa tatgatgggtg 240
 tagatgctgg aaagtatacc attggcttgg gccaggccaa gatgggcttc tgcacagata 300
 gagaagatat taactctctt tgcattgactg tggttcagaa tcttatggag agaaataacc 360
 tttcttatga ttgcattggg cggttggaag ttggaacaga gacaatcatc gacaaatcaa 420
 agtctgtgaa gactaatttg atgcagctgt ttgaagagtc tgggaatata gatatagaag 480
 gaatcgacac aactaatgca tgctat 506

<210> 188
 <211> 506
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 188
 gccacagagg cggcggagag atggccttca gcggttccca ggctccctac ctgagtccag 60
 ctgtccctt ttctgggact attcaaggag gtctccagga cggacttcag atcactgtca 120
 atgggaccgt tctcagctcc agtggaacca ggtttgcgtg gaactttcag actggcttca 180
 gtggaaatga cattgccttc cacttcaacc ctcggtttga agatggaggg tacgtgggtg 240
 gcaacacgag gcagaacgga agctgggggc ccgaggagag gaagacacac atgcctttcc 300
 agaaggggat gccctttgac ctctgcttcc tgggtgcagag ctcatatttc aaggtgatgg 360
 tgaacgggat cctcttcgtg cagtacttcc accgcgtgcc ctccaccgt gtggacacca 420
 tctccgtcaa tggctctgtg cagctgtcct acatcagctt ccagcctccc ggcgtgtggc 480
 ctgccaaccc ggctccatt acccag 506

<210> 189
 <211> 399
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 189
 ctggacagga gaagagcctg gctgctgaag gcagggctga caccgaccag ggcagcattg 60
 ctggagcccc agaggatgaa agatcgcaga gcacagcccc ccaggcacca gagggtctcg 120
 accctgccgg accggctggg ctctgtaggc cgacatctgg ctttccccag ggcccaggaa 180

aggaaacctt ggaaagtgct ctaatcgctc tagactctga aaaacccaag aaacttcgct	240
tccacccaaa gcagctgtac ttctctgcca ggcaggggtga gctgcagaag gtgcttctca	300
tgctgggtga tggaattgat cccaacttca aaatggagca ccaaagtaag cgttcccat	360
tacatgctgc tgcggaggct ggccacgtgg acatctgcc	399

<210> 190
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 190	
cggcgacggt ggtgggtgact gagcggagcc cggtgacagg atgttggtgt tggattagg	60
agatctgcac atccacacc ggtgcaacag tttgccagct aaattcaaaa aactcctggt	120
gccaggaaaa attcagcaca ttctctgcac aggaaacctt tgcaccaaag agagttatga	180
ctatctcaag actctggtg gtgatgttca tattgtgaga ggagacttcg atgagaatct	240
gaattatcca gaacagaaag ttgtgactgt tggacagttc aaaattggtc tgatccatgg	300
acatcaagtt attccatggg gagatatggc cagcttagcc ctgttgcaga ggcaatttga	360
tgtggacatt cttatctcgg gacacacaca caaatttgaa g	401

<210> 191
 <211> 406
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 191	
tggcagccta agccgtggga gggttccagt cgagaatggg aagatgaaag acttcagatg	60
gaacagaaat aaatgccttt ttgacaaaac gcagcagtg cgtgctctag cttgcaagag	120
cgttactccc cttcatagct ttaaaagggt ttgcactgc gtgcagttag agtagctaaa	180
tcttgtgtga cgctccacaa acacttgtaa gaattttgca gagaaagata accgttgcca	240
cccaatgccc cccacaggca ttctactccc cagtacctct taggggtggga gaaatgggtga	300
agagttgttc ctacaacttg ctaacctagt ggacagggta gtagattagc atcatccgga	360
tagatgtgaa gaggacggct gtttgataa taattaagga taaaat	406

<210> 192
 <211> 316
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 192	
cccggggagg ccctgggtcat aaaactttta attttactag tgttacttaa tgtatattct	60
aaaaagagaa tgcagtaact aatgccctaa atgtttgatc tctgtttgtc attacttttt	120
caaaattatt tttttctgta aagtataata tataaaactt cttgcttaaa ttgaatttct	180
atattagtgg ttaattgcag ttatttaaag ggatcattat cagtaatttc atagcaactg	240
ttctagtgtt ttgtgttttt aaaacagaat taggaatttg agatatctga ttatattttt	300
catatgaatc acagac	316

<210> 193
 <211> 146
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 193	
gaaacatgga ctgcccctta aattttgact gtcctaaaaa cctattttctg atttataata	60
tgctgcctga taaagtgaca ctagatgtac cagctgagtg tttaatcttc ccatcacaga	120
tcagatttga gcattaacag gtattt	146

<210> 194
 <211> 405
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 194
 cggatgtgct cactgacatt ctactccaag tcggagatgc agatccactc caagtcacac 60
 accgagacca agccccacaa gtgcccacat tgctccaaga ccttcgccaa cagctcctac 120
 ctggcccagc acatccgtat acactcaggg gctaagccct acagttgtaa cttctgtgag 180
 aaatccttcc gccagctctc ccaccttcag cagcacaccc gaatccacac tggatgtaga 240
 ccatacaaat gtgcacaccc aggtctgtgag aaagccttca cacaactctc caatctgcag 300
 tcccacagac ggcaacacaa caaagataaa cccttcaagt gccacaactg tcatcgggag 360
 tacacggatg cagcctcact agaggtgcac ctgtctacgc acaca 405

<210> 195
 <211> 421
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 195
 agaattcggc acgagctact ccttgcgcg c tggcactccg cagcctttaa ggttcgcgcg 60
 ggggcccaggc aagagtttagc catgaagagc ctcaagtcgc gcctgaggag gcaggacgtg 120
 cccggccccg cgctcgtctgg cgccgcccgc gccagcgcg atgcagcaga ttggaataaaa 180
 tatgatgacc gattgatgaa agcagcagaa aggggggag tagaaaaagt gacgtcaatc 240
 cttgctaaaa aggggggtcaa tccaggcaaa ctatgctgtg aaggcagatc tgtcttccat 300
 gttgtgacct caaaggggaa tcttgagtgt ttgaatgcca tccttataca tggagttgat 360
 attacaacca gtgacactgc agggagaaat gctcttcacc tggctgctaa gtatggacat 420
 g 421

<210> 196
 <211> 476
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 196
 agaattgatc tatagattta atgcaatgcc tactaaaatc ccagtacgat tttttacagg 60
 catagacaat agacatagcc aaaacttatt ctaaaataca tatgaagatg cacaggccct 120
 agttatacaa tcttgacaaa gaagaataaa gtgggaagaa tctatattgat ttttaaggctt 180
 accatgtaac tacagtcac aagagagtgt ggtatcggca gacggtcaga catacagatc 240
 aatggaatgt aacagaggac ccagaaatag gccacacag atatgctcaa tggatatttg 300
 acaagcgtgc aaaacaattc aatggaagaa taagctttca aaaaaatggc gttggagcaa 360
 ccggacatcc ataggaaaaa atgaacccat acctaaacca taaaccttat ataaaaataa 420
 acacaaaatg aatcataggc ttaaattgtaa gctataaaac ttttagagaa aaacac 476

<210> 197
 <211> 503
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 197
 tagccctcgg tgaagcccca gaccacagct atgagtcctt tcgtgtgacg tctgcgacga 60
 aacatgttct gcatgtccag ctcaaccggc ccaacaagag gaatgccatg aacaaggctt 120
 tctggagaga gatggtagag tgcttcaaca agatttcgag agacgctgac tgcgggagg 180
 tggatgatctc tgggtgcagga aaaatgttca ctgcaggtat tgacctgatg gacatggctt 240

cggacatcct gcagcccaaa ggagatgatg tggcccgat cagctggtac ctccgtgaca 300
 tcatactcgc ataccaggag accttcaacg tcatcgagag gtgccccaaag cccgtgattg 360
 ctgccgtcca tgggggctgc attggcggag gtgtggacct tgtcaccgcc tgtgacatcc 420
 ggtactgtgc ccaggatgct ttcttcagg tgaaggaggt ggacgtgggt ttggctgccc 480
 atgtaggaac actgcagcgc ctg 503

<210> 198
 <211> 168
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 198
 Phe Val Ala His Ser Leu Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala Arg Ser Arg Leu Cys
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Lys Glu Glu Thr Val Thr Asp Leu Glu Thr Ala Val Leu Tyr Pro
 20 25 30
 Ser His Ser Ser Phe Thr Met Pro Gly Ser Leu Pro Leu Asn Ala Glu
 35 40 45
 Ala Cys Trp Pro Lys Asp Val Gly Ile Val Ala Leu Glu Ile Tyr Phe
 50 55 60
 Pro Ser Gln Tyr Val Asp Gln Ala Glu Leu Glu Lys Tyr Asp Gly Val
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Ala Gly Lys Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Gln Ala Lys Met Gly Phe
 85 90 95
 Cys Thr Asp Arg Glu Asp Ile Asn Ser Leu Cys Met Thr Val Val Gln
 100 105 110
 Asn Leu Met Glu Arg Asn Asn Leu Ser Tyr Asp Cys Ile Gly Arg Leu
 115 120 125
 Glu Val Gly Thr Glu Thr Ile Ile Asp Lys Ser Lys Ser Val Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 Asn Leu Met Gln Leu Phe Glu Glu Ser Gly Asn Thr Asp Ile Glu Gly
 145 150 155 160
 Ile Asp Thr Thr Asn Ala Cys Tyr
 165

<210> 199
 <211> 168
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 199
 His Arg Gly Gly Gly Glu Met Ala Phe Ser Gly Ser Gln Ala Pro Tyr
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Ser Pro Ala Val Pro Phe Ser Gly Thr Ile Gln Gly Gly Leu Gln
 20 25 30
 Asp Gly Leu Gln Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Thr Val Leu Ser Ser Gly
 35 40 45
 Thr Arg Phe Ala Val Asn Phe Gln Thr Gly Phe Ser Gly Asn Asp Ile
 50 55 60
 Ala Phe His Phe Asn Pro Arg Phe Glu Asp Gly Gly Tyr Val Val Cys
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Thr Arg Gln Asn Gly Ser Trp Gly Pro Glu Glu Arg Lys Thr His
 85 90 95
 Met Pro Phe Gln Lys Gly Met Pro Phe Asp Leu Cys Phe Leu Val Gln
 100 105 110

Ser Ser Asp Phe Lys Val Met Val Asn Gly Ile Leu Phe Val Gln Tyr
 115 120 125
 Phe His Arg Val Pro Phe His Arg Val Asp Thr Ile Ser Val Asn Gly
 130 135 140
 Ser Val Gln Leu Ser Tyr Ile Ser Phe Gln Pro Pro Gly Val Trp Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Asn Pro Ala Pro Ile Thr Gln
 165

<210> 200
 <211> 132
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 200
 Gly Gln Glu Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Glu Gly Arg Ala Asp Thr Thr Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Ser Ile Ala Gly Ala Pro Glu Asp Glu Arg Ser Gln Ser Thr Ala
 20 25 30
 Pro Gln Ala Pro Glu Cys Phe Asp Pro Ala Gly Pro Ala Gly Leu Val
 35 40 45
 Arg Pro Thr Ser Gly Leu Ser Gln Gly Pro Gly Lys Glu Thr Leu Glu
 50 55 60
 Ser Ala Leu Ile Ala Leu Asp Ser Glu Lys Pro Lys Lys Leu Arg Phe
 65 70 75 80
 His Pro Lys Gln Leu Tyr Phe Ser Ala Arg Gln Gly Glu Leu Gln Lys
 85 90 95
 Val Leu Leu Met Leu Val Asp Gly Ile Asp Pro Asn Phe Lys Met Glu
 100 105 110
 His Gln Ser Lys Arg Ser Pro Leu His Ala Ala Ala Glu Ala Gly His
 115 120 125
 Val Asp Ile Cys
 130

<210> 201
 <211> 120
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 201
 Met Leu Val Leu Val Leu Gly Asp Leu His Ile Pro His Arg Cys Asn
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Leu Pro Ala Lys Phe Lys Lys Leu Val Pro Gly Lys Ile Gln
 20 25 30
 His Ile Leu Cys Thr Gly Asn Leu Cys Thr Lys Glu Ser Tyr Asp Tyr
 35 40 45
 Leu Lys Thr Leu Ala Gly Asp Val His Ile Val Arg Gly Asp Phe Asp
 50 55 60
 Glu Asn Leu Asn Tyr Pro Glu Gln Lys Val Val Thr Val Gly Gln Phe
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Ile Gly Leu Ile His Gly His Gln Val Ile Pro Trp Gly Asp Met
 85 90 95
 Ala Ser Leu Ala Leu Leu Gln Arg Gln Phe Asp Val Asp Ile Leu Ile
 100 105 110
 Ser Gly His Thr His Lys Phe Glu

115

120

<210> 202
 <211> 135
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 202

Arg	Met	Cys	Ser	Leu	Thr	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Ser	Glu	Met	Gln	Ile	His
1				5					10					15	
Ser	Lys	Ser	His	Thr	Glu	Thr	Lys	Pro	His	Lys	Cys	Pro	His	Cys	Ser
			20					25					30		
Lys	Thr	Phe	Ala	Asn	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Gln	His	Ile	Arg	Ile	His
		35					40					45			
Ser	Gly	Ala	Lys	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Cys	Asn	Phe	Cys	Glu	Lys	Ser	Phe	Arg
	50					55					60				
Gln	Leu	Ser	His	Leu	Gln	Gln	His	Thr	Arg	Ile	His	Thr	Gly	Asp	Arg
65					70					75					80
Pro	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Ala	His	Pro	Gly	Cys	Glu	Lys	Ala	Phe	Thr	Gln	Leu
				85					90					95	
Ser	Asn	Leu	Gln	Ser	His	Arg	Arg	Gln	His	Asn	Lys	Asp	Lys	Pro	Phe
			100					105					110		
Lys	Cys	His	Asn	Cys	His	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu
		115					120					125			
Val	His	Leu	Ser	Thr	His	Thr									
		130				135									

<210> 203
 <211> 135
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 203

Leu	Leu	Leu	Ala	Arg	Trp	His	Ser	Ala	Ala	Phe	Lys	Val	Arg	Ala	Gly
1				5					10					15	
Ala	Arg	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ala	Met	Lys	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ser	Arg	Leu	Arg	Arg
			20					25					30		
Gln	Asp	Val	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ala
		35					40					45			
His	Ala	Ala	Asp	Trp	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Arg	Leu	Met	Lys	Ala	Ala
	50					55					60				
Glu	Arg	Gly	Asp	Val	Glu	Lys	Val	Thr	Ser	Ile	Leu	Ala	Lys	Lys	Gly
65					70					75					80
Val	Asn	Pro	Gly	Lys	Leu	Asp	Val	Glu	Gly	Arg	Ser	Val	Phe	His	Val
			85					90					95		
Val	Thr	Ser	Lys	Gly	Asn	Leu	Glu	Cys	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ile	His
			100					105					110		
Gly	Val	Asp	Ile	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ala	Gly	Arg	Asn	Ala	Leu	His
		115					120						125		
Leu	Ala	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Gly	His									
		130				135									

<210> 204
 <211> 167
 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 204

Ala Leu Gly Glu Ala Pro Asp His Ser Tyr Glu Ser Leu Arg Val Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Ala Gln Lys His Val Leu His Val Gln Leu Asn Arg Pro Asn Lys
 20 25 30
 Arg Asn Ala Met Asn Lys Val Phe Trp Arg Glu Met Val Glu Cys Phe
 35 40 45
 Asn Lys Ile Ser Arg Asp Ala Asp Cys Arg Ala Val Val Ile Ser Gly
 50 55 60
 Ala Gly Lys Met Phe Thr Ala Gly Ile Asp Leu Met Asp Met Ala Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Ile Leu Gln Pro Lys Gly Asp Asp Val Ala Arg Ile Ser Trp Tyr
 85 90 95
 Leu Arg Asp Ile Thr Arg Tyr Gln Glu Thr Phe Asn Val Ile Glu
 100 105 110
 Arg Cys Pro Lys Pro Val Ile Ala Ala Val His Gly Gly Cys Ile Gly
 115 120 125
 Gly Gly Val Asp Leu Val Thr Ala Cys Asp Ile Arg Tyr Cys Ala Gln
 130 135 140
 Asp Ala Phe Phe Gln Val Lys Glu Val Asp Val Gly Leu Ala Ala His
 145 150 155 160
 Val Gly Thr Leu Gln Arg Leu
 165

<210> 205

<211> 381

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 205

aaatttggga tcatcgcttg ttctgaaaac tagatgcacc aaccgtatca ttatttgttt 60
 gaggaaaaaa agaaatctgc attttaattc atgttggtca aagtcgaatt actatctatt 120
 tatcttatat cgtagatctg ataaccctat ctaaaagaaa gtcacacgct aaatgtattc 180
 ttacatagtg cttgtatcgt tgcatttggt ttaatttggt gaaaagtatt gtatctaact 240
 tgtattactt tggtagtttc atctttatgt attattgata tttgtaattt tctcaactat 300
 aacaatgtag ttacgctaca acttgcctaa aacattcaaa cttgttttct tttttctggt 360
 gttttctttg ttaattcatt t 381

<210> 206

<211> 514

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 206

aaaagtaaat tgcataaaat tacatccaat ttcttttctt aaaccaacat attcttcacc 60
 ttcacaaagc aaacacatgg tgcactgaaa ccgaggtggt accagcttta catactgttc 120
 tgccatttgt ggggggtgca accacaacat aagtcagaaa aaaagctatc cagcttttcg 180
 tggaatctgg tgaagtttac acttagcgat aagcctctaa gcctgaactt agcagggcta 240
 gcaaaacttt atttatttcc taactcctat tatttttagaa tggttttcaa aataatactg 300
 caagttccta attgaaatac aaaacagaac aaaaagctgt gagaaatctt tttttttctt 360
 tggctcctta aagacttggg ataatttata ttagtggtgc atacatttta ccttctacat 420
 tttgatgtac ttgctcttga aagcactaga acaaattaat tgaaataaaa cctctctgaa 480
 accatttgaa tctttgatcc taccatagag tttt 514

<210> 207
 <211> 522
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(522)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207
 caagcttttg gtgcatagca gccngcctgg aagcattctg agtgctctgt ctgccctggg 60
 gggtttcatt atccctgtctg tcaaacaggc caccttaaat cctgcctcac tgcagtgtga 120
 gttggacaaa aataatatac caacaagaag ttatgtttct tacttttacc atgattcact 180
 ttataccacg gactgctata cagccaaagc cagtctggct ggaactctct ctctgatgct 240
 gatttgcact ctgctggaat tctgcctagc tgtgctcact gctgtgctgc ggtggaaaca 300
 ggcttactct gacttccttg ggagtgtact ttctctgctt cacagttaca ttggttaattc 360
 tggcatgtcc tcaaaaatga ctcatgactg tggatatgaa gaactattga cttcttaaga 420
 aaaaagggag aaatattaat cagaaagttg attccttatga taatatggaa aagttaacca 480
 ttatagaaaa gcaaagcttg agtttcctaa atgtaagctt tt 522

<210> 208
 <211> 278
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 208
 aaaatgcact accccttttt tccaacacgg agcttaaaac aaattaatga aagagtggaa 60
 aattcaaat aagggaaga gataagggtt tttttttttt tcctttaaga tagactcagg 120
 ataggtagat agctttcact gatgtagatg tgggaataaa tattactcca ggaaaaaaat 180
 tcccaaacat cttatgaaaa agtatacaac tctacttcaa aatatgctat ttactcactg 240
 ccaaagacag ttttatttga aatcttggtt ctgtattt 278

<210> 209
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(234)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 209
 cctcccaaatt ttagcagggtg ctgggnagga ccctagggag tggtttatgg gggctagctg 60
 gtgaaactgc cctttccttt ctgttctatg agtgtgatgg tgtttgagaa aatgtggggc 120
 tatggttcag gcgcacttca catgtgcaaa gatggagaaa gcactcacct acacgtttag 180
 gctcagaatg ttgattgaaa cattttgaat gatcaaaaat aaaatgttat tttt 234

<210> 210
 <211> 186
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(186)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210
 aaaataactg atggcaaaat aaaanattta catcacatca tactgtgtaa acatgtaagg 60
 tctctgtaca aagaaatata catgcaaaat aatgtaaaaa ttttaactgaa ataataaaag 120
 aaacaatata caaataaaaa ttatgagggt acgaatacac atccagtttc gaatccaatt 180
 tctttt 186

<210> 211
 <211> 403
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 211
 aaaaattggt aaaatattta agtacaaaat aagtagcttc cagcgagggt tttataccat 60
 agtaagagca cacaatagat attactagca cacatgggtt atctgggagc gctatagcta 120
 caataaacct aattatggaa cagaaatttg cattctgttt ccagtgtac tacactccta 180
 ctttctcaaa agtctgtctt attaatatca gctcagtga gtttactatg aatagtttat 240
 gtctgtgatg caaagcatta attgttctct ttttacaac atacattttt ttcataagga 300
 agactggggg aaaaccaga aacatacaga gaaaaggaaa gcatcatcaa atatatgtta 360
 aaaattaaga tgatgtttac tactagtcac cctacaacaa ttt 403

<210> 212
 <211> 345
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 212
 cctctttatg agttcattac tgctgttcag tctcggcaca cagacacccc tgtgcaccgg 60
 ggtgtacttt ctactctgat cgctgggcct gtggttgaga taagtcacca gctacggaag 120
 gtttctgacg tagaagagct taccctcca gagcatcttt ctgatcttcc accattttca 180
 aggtgtttta taggaataat aataaagtct tcgaatgtgg tcaggtcatt tttggatgaa 240
 ttaaaggcat gtgtggcttc taatgatatt gaaggcattg tgtgcctcac ggctgctgtg 300
 catattatcc tggttattaa tgcaggtaaa cataaaagct caaaa 345

<210> 213
 <211> 318
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 213
 aaaatgtttt attatattga aaataatggt gtaattcatg ccagggactg acaaaagact 60
 tgagacagga tggttattct tgtcagctaa ggtcacattg tgcctttttg accttttctt 120
 cctggactat tgaaatcaag cttattggat taagtatat ttctatagcg attgaaaggg 180
 caatagttaa agtaatgagc atgatgagag tttctgttaa tcatgtatta aaactgattt 240
 ttagctttac aaatatgtca gtttgcagtt atgcagaatc caaagtaaatt gtcctgctag 300
 ctagttaagg attgtttt 318

<210> 214
 <211> 462
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 214

aaacacatct ggttctggca gcaagttata ttatgcattt agagcaatag gtgccctgaa	60
agttattgtt gctttttttt tttttttttt cagtttgtgc gtgtcacttg aatcagaaac	120
caaacacatg taaaaaata tcatcctcaa tgccccccat taactctctc tccagaaggt	180
gacaatgtta gtgaactcaa gactctcact gatgatggta ttttacaatg aaaacacaag	240
gaaacccttt gaggtccaat tttcacatca tattctccaa atagtaaaat agcagctcta	300
catgttgatg aaaagaaatt tcaatttctt cctatttgtt tttactcata tcaacattaa	360
tatgtatctg gatttattaa tttccaaaaa gaaaatttta gttaccaa atttcagaaa	420
tttaataaag cattatatat atgtaattag cacttatcta cc	462

<210> 215

<211> 280

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 215

aaacttttct gaaacgatta gctgtagcca aattatgtgg ttacgttttg ctacattaga	60
atltgaaaat gcaatatgtg tggtaaatct actgtttgaa atttataatg gtctctgata	120
tgattcgaat tttggttaact tttgaaaagt attttcccc tttagtcatg gatttetatt	180
tgttttttta tggttaatttt tctagaaagc atctgaattg actaggcttt tcctatataa	240
aaaactcaaa acttggttaac tctgtacttt aataaaattt	280

<210> 216

<211> 210

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 216

aaaatctctg gcttcaaagt ttcttgggga aaggtcgggt tacctcacat tttttgtttc	60
cattagtaat attctaggta cctcacaaaa tgtattatgg tgccatggct gttagttttt	120
agtgagtgct gtaggattaa ttcgaaaata ggcagaattc cattcctccc aagggtggcaa	180
aaattagcta tactgatgta attgtcattt	210

<210> 217

<211> 398

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 217

ctggagctgc tagaacttga gatgagggca agagcgatta aagcccta at gaaagctgg	60
gatataaaaa agccagccta ggtatttaac ttgattttga attttaggta tgtttgaaca	120
aagccacatc atttaatttt gtatctaaaa tttatttggg gtcttatatg ttattttctca	180
tgtaaccttt attaggactc attttagccc taaattacct gtggctgttt ctttttattt	240
ttttgactac ttttatatta taaatgtgtg ttactgtctt atgaattcat ggcaatatag	300
ttggatagcc tggatacttt gttagatgag tatttagctg tgtctgcaaa tcttaaaagc	360
cattagcaaa gagtcgtggg atttttttct ttattttt	398

<210> 218

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 218

ctgccgccgg tcaggctggg taaagatcag gtcccccagg accttgatgat ttatgtcgcc	60
--	----

attctccagc aagacctcag tgccgaagac ctctacgatg cgccggtggg caggggtatcc	120
tggtgcacg acgtgccggg ccatcacgtc caggtcaatc accgcacagc ccagtttcag	180
tgtttttaca cattatattg ttataatctc acaataacta taaattaggt agaacaggaa	240
atgagggttg gagaagatac ttgacttatc cgaccatctg tacttggtccc atagtaagga	300
gcctcaagca gagacaaagg aggaagttgc ctatgttgta tggtttacag gccataaatg	360
aatgtcatct ttttctccc ctggggaaaa atgtctcaaa aatcccacca taggacatga	420
catctccaga acctctatta caaatacac atttctgtga gaggggtaac aaatttgggt	480
taacctg	487

<210> 219

<211> 390

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 219

aaaaaataca ccacacgata caactcaata caggagtatt tcttctcaaa ttcttcttagc	60
accatcaaca ttcttcaagt atctgaaata ctattaatta gcacctttgt attatgaaca	120
aaacaaaaca aggacctcag ttcattctctg tctagggtcag cacctaacaa tgtggatcac	180
actcatggga aagtgttttg aggtagttta aacctttgga agtttgggtt ttaaacttcc	240
ctctgtggaa gatattcaaa agccacaagt ggtgcaaatg tttatgggtt ttatttttca	300
atttttattt tggttttctt acaaagggtg acattttcca taacagggtg aagagtgttg	360
aaaaaaaaagt tcaaattttt gggggagcgg	390

<210> 220

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(341)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 220

aaaacaggca aagttttaca gagaggatac atttaataaaa actgcgagga catcaaagtg	60
gtaaatactg tgaaatacct tttctnnnca aaaggcaaatt attgaagttg tttatcaact	120
tgcctagaaa aaaaaaaaaa cttggcatatc aaaatattta agtgaaggag aagtctaacg	180
ctgaactnnn aatgaaggga aattgtttat gtgttatgaa catccaagtc tttcttcttt	240
tttaagttgt caaagaagct tccacaaaat tagaaaggac aacagttctg agctgtaatt	300
tgccttaaaa ctctggacac tctatatgta gtgcattttt a	341

<210> 221

<211> 234

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 221

ccagggggaa ttgaggagg ctctaagcta ggggcactgc atgggtgggac aggatggccc	60
cttggaggact gaaccttggg gagaagacaa acagtaataa taaaaacaaa taacaagtac	120
tttaagaatg gattgtatga cctatagtga cagatgacat cactaatact gaaagcttct	180
tatattaata attttggcaa aatgtcattt tgtaatatag tatatgcttt ccag	234

<210> 222

<211> 186

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

aaattttcat tgagttgtcc atctccagca tatagggctt caggagcaga gcagaccttg	60
tttttagtg ttccatggga taaaatggga ttggaggagc tagaagaatt cagggctctgg	120
tccaatctgc cagtcttct gaaatatcga aaatacacca gggctgctat atcagagcca	180
ccctgg	186

<210> 223

<211> 486

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 223

ccataagcag ataagtagca gttcaactgg atgtctctct tctccaaatg ctacagtaca	60
aagccctaag catgagtggg aaatcggtgc ttcagaaaag acttcaaata acacttactt	120
gtgcttggt gtgctggatg gtatattctg tgtcattttt cttcatggga gaaacagccc	180
acagagctca ccaacaagta ctccaaaact aagtaagagt ttaagctttg agatgcaaca	240
agatgagcta atcgaaaagc ccatgtctcc tatgcagtac gcacgatctg gtctgggaac	300
agcagagatg aatggcaaac tcatagctgc aggtggctat aacagagagg aatgtcttcg	360
aacagtcgaa tgctataatc cacatacaga tcaactggctc tttcttgcct ccatgagaac	420
accaagagcc cgatttcaaa tggctgtact catgggccag ctctatgtgg taggtggatc	480
aatgg	486

<210> 224

<211> 322

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 224

aaatgttcac tatgtcattt agtgtccaac tttacggata ggttgactat ctaaataaggc	60
attttttagtc attaaaaaaa aatctagtca ccaggaggat cctataact caaaaataact	120
tgtttgtaaa agaaaatttg tttacttacc cattagtaag ttcttgcata ttcattataa	180
gatggcaaat caaacttttc taggatgaag acagcttatt ttttaagttgt atagtcttag	240
ttggtttagg gtctcaattt taattaataa aatacttggg ttttatttgc ttgtcctttt	300
gaattcctgt ttttaataatt tt	322

<210> 225

<211> 489

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 225

aaatgtagga ataaaatggc tggcatctaa gcactttagt aaaagagggt tttacaaata	60
actaaggatt gtagagcttc cttctctttt ttttctttt tctttctttt gttttacatg	120
aactcaactt attcctaaca tttgtctacc tcaaagaaat ttcaagatta tttagataac	180
atggatatgt gccaaatcct ttgagctgtt aagatgataa tttcctgctt tctcctaca	240
tcttctctc ccaactcctc ctttgggtgt aatattgggt tcccaattaa gacctttttt	300
ttttttttcc agtttgttt agcttattat aggttttggg ggaactttgc cattttgtaa	360
tctttcaaat cattcttcac ccttctcac atcagcttcc tgcttttccc agtgttttac	420
tgtaaatgtg gtagcatatg acaaatcttg agctgacttt cctcttcact gatgtcatct	480
tgagctctt	489

<210> 226

<211> 398

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 226

caagggccca	ccgcagagca	cacctatgct	atggggagcc	ctgctggcag	ccccgagagc	60
catgccatgg	cctgcaggag	ccaggctcct	gtgtggatga	agtcctctct	cctctgtgcc	120
ttgatccctt	gggggtgcct	ttgggtcatct	cttctgtcct	ttcctgtctc	tgaaatagtc	180
atcactcccc	ttgactctct	ctgttcacgt	cttctcagtc	tgcaagatga	acttctgtaa	240
ggagtttaat	ctgggggttc	aagaaaaaca	gttccttggt	aacatagcac	tgactttgca	300
acaatagaaa	actaacaat	gagcaacaat	ataaagagta	gaggtagttc	tcattgggtg	360
taacttcaac	ccattctgct	tgtgggttaga	atttataa			398

<210> 227

<211> 535

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

ctgctgcata	gaaaatatgc	taacatacaa	cagtcaagtt	taagcctgtg	catagagaag	60
ataaagcact	tatggtaact	gcaaattgga	acgagtcctt	aagggtttgta	caacctagta	120
tgggtccata	aggaaaaact	gtagtagaaa	tgggttagga	aaacaataaa	gtagaaacag	180
gggggaaact	tgagaagaga	agaaagaagc	aagaaaaaaa	gactttcaat	tgtataaaat	240
tcacaaacca	gtaaagtata	aagacaccat	ggagaaatgg	ttaactctgc	cccaaacc	300
caacagcaaa	caaaaccaga	atgaataagc	ctttggcaga	caattttaga	aatttgaatg	360
ttacatttct	caataattca	caaacaatat	atttatatgg	atatttatat	taaatattgg	420
gaaaccaatg	ttgtaaattt	gatgcttata	atgcttttagc	caatgagagc	acaatgatat	480
caatcaagct	aatgaatgc	tgggtgtatc	acaacagtgc	tcatttatga	aacaa	535

<210> 228

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 228

aaacaataaa	caccatcaac	cttattgact	ttattgtccc	ttaaattata	ttgactgttg	60
tgattccatc	aagtittgtac	actcttttct	ctccctgttt	tgcaagcaaa	aattgcgaag	120
tgcttttgtt	tgtttgtttt	cgtttggtta	aagcttattg	ccatgctggg	gcggctatgg	180
agactgtctg	gaaggcttgg	aatggtttat	tgcttatggg	aaaatttgcc	tgatttctta	240
caggcagcgt	ttggaaacct	tttattatat	agttgtttac	atacttataa	gtctatcatt	300
t						301

<210> 229

<211> 420

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 229

aaagttgctt	tgctggaagt	ttttataagg	aatctcagat	taaaccttta	gaagtttaat	60
tgacactagg	aagccaaacc	aaggctgact	tcagactttg	ttttagtagt	ctgtgggttt	120
attacctatg	ggtttatatc	ctcaaatacg	acattctagt	caaagtcttg	gtaataaac	180
caatgttttc	aaatgtatc	tgtcatataa	agagcagatt	tttattgaac	ttgtgcaata	240
actatattac	catacaatat	aaatattcat	gaatagtttc	ccaagtctgg	agcgaccaca	300
tagggagaaa	atgcaaagt	ctcaattttt	gttcacaaaa	gtatatttta	tcaaattgct	360
gtaagctgtg	gatagcttaa	aagaaaaaaa	gtttcctgaa	atctgggaaa	caagacattt	420

<210> 230
 <211> 419
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 230
 gtgaagtcct aaagcttgca ttccaccagc ttctacaata gccggcttat tactagagca 60
 gacagatagc accttcagca ctctgcttgt ggtccacagt agtttttcgt aagtataggt 120
 cctcattata ttactaaaag cttgggggtcc accactagcc agtatgatga gcttgctttc 180
 ttggttgcca taagctaaaa tttgaaggca gtctgtcgt atagccaaga atttaacatt 240
 tgttttggtg agcaaggcaa ccattttctg cagcccacca gctaaacgca ctgccatttt 300
 agtcctttct tgatgtaata aaaggttgtg gagagttgta atggcataaa acaacacaga 360
 atccactggg gaaccaagca ttttcaccag ggcaggaatg cctccagact taaagatgg 419

<210> 231
 <211> 389
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 231
 ttgttcagag ccctgggtgga tcttgcaatc cagtgcctta caaaggctag aacactacag 60
 gggatgaatt cttcaaatag gagccgatgg atctgtggtc ctttgggact catcaaagcc 120
 ttgggttagc attttgtcag ttttatcttc agaaattctc tgcgattaag aagataattt 180
 attaaagggtg gtctttccta cctctgtggt gtgtgtcgcg cacacagctt agaagtgcta 240
 taaaaaagga aagagctcca aattgaatca cctttataat ttaccattt ctatacaaca 300
 ggcagtggaa gcagtttcag agaacttttt gcagtgttat ggttgatcag ttaaaaaaga 360
 atgttacagt aacaataaaa gtgcagttt 399

<210> 232
 <211> 397
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 232
 ccaggataat atacacaggt ttgcagctaa aactgtgcac agtgggtcat tgatgctagt 60
 cacagtggaa ctgaaggaag gctctacagc ccagcttatc ataaacactg agaaaactgt 120
 gattggctct gttctgctgc ggggaactgaa gcctgtctcg tctcaggggt aacctgctta 180
 catctggact ttagaatctg gcacacaaca aaagtgcctg gcattccacta ctgctgcctt 240
 tcattttataa taatagccct tccatctggc agtgggggaa gaatacactc ttgacattct 300
 tgtctcctgc tttagaatgc tagtgtgtat ctatcatgta tgcaatactt tccccctttt 360
 tgctttgcta accaaagagc atatatttta ctgtcag 397

<210> 233
 <211> 508
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 233
 cgaggagtgc cttaagtgcg aggacctcaa agtgggacaa tatatttgta aagatccaaa 60
 aataaatgac gctacgcaag aaccagttaa ctgtacaaac tacacagctc atgtttcctg 120
 ttttcagca cccaacataa cttgtaagga ttccagtggc aatgaaacac attttactgg 180
 gaacgaagtt ggttttttca agcccatatc ttgccgaaat gtaaattggct attcctacaa 240
 agtggcagtc gcattgtctc tttttcttgg atgggtggga gcagatcgat tttaccttgg 300
 ataccctgct ttgggtttgt taaagttttg cactgtaggg ttttgtggaa ttgggagcct 360
 aattgatttc attcttattt caatgcagat tgttggacct tcagatggaa gtagttacat 420

tatagattac tatggaacca gacttacaag actgagtatt actaatgaaa catttagaaa 480
aacgcaatta tatccataaa tattttttt 508

<210> 234
<211> 358
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 234
aaatggttggg attcaaaacc aaagatatataa ccgaaaggaa aaacagatga gacataaaaat 60
gatttgcaag atgggaaata tagtagttta tgaatgtaaa tttaaattcca gttataatag 120
tggctacaca ctctcactac acacacagac cccacagtcc tatatgccac aaacacattt 180
ccataaacttg aaaatgagta ttttgcatat ctcagttcag gatatgtttt ttacaagtta 240
atcctaaagt cataaagcaa gaagctattc atagtacaag attttatttg ctaagcttta 300
caaattaaac tctaaaaaat tattacaatg atactgaaag atattttatt ggcctttt 358

<210> 235
<211> 482
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 235
gaagaaagtt agatttacgc cgatgaatat gatagtgaat tggatttttg cgtagggtttg 60
gtctaggggtg tagcctgaga ataggggaaa tcagtgaatg aagcctccta tgatggcaaa 120
tacagctcct attgatagga catagtggaa gtgagctaca acgtagtacg tgtcgtgtag 180
tacgatgtct agtgatgagt ttgctaatac aatgccagtc aggccaccta cggtgaaaag 240
aaagatgaat cctagggctc agagcactgc agcagatcat ttcattattgc ttccgtggag 300
tgtggcgagt cagctaaata ctttgacgcc ggtgggggata gcgatgatta tggtagcgga 360
ggtgaaatat gtcgtgtgt ctacgtctat tcctactgta aatatatggg gtgctcacac 420
gataaacctt aggaagccaa ttgatatcat agctcagacc atacctatgt atccaaatgg 480
tt 482

<210> 236
<211> 149
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 236
cctcttcatt gttcacatgt cacaggagga ggctctgagc aaaggccact ggcaagttag 60
ggcaacacca agaaggctct gcggagagac tccctgtggg ttggggcctg gcaggaacgg 120
tgctgtgga ctgtttatgg tctgtccag 149

<210> 237
<211> 391
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 237
gaagctaaat ccaagaaat atgaaggtgg ccgtgaatta agtgatttta ttagctatct 60
acaagagaaa gctacaaacc cccctgtaat tcaagaagaa aaacccaaga agaagaagaa 120
ggcacaggag gatctctaaa gcagtagcca aacaccactt tgtaaaagga ctcttccatc 180
agagatggga aaaccattgg ggaggactag gaccatattg ggaattatta cctctcaggg 240
ccgagaggac agaattggata taatctgaat cctgttaaat tttctctaaa ctgtttctta 300
gctgcactgt ttatggaaat accaggacca gtttatgttt gtgggttttg gaaaaattat 360
ttgtgttggg ggaaatgttg tgggggtggg g 391

<210> 238
 <211> 374
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238
 aaaaaacaaa acaatgtaag taaaggatat ttctgaatct taaaattcat cccatgtgtg 60
 atcataaact cataaaaaata attttaagat gccggaaaag gatactttga tttaaataaaa 120
 acactcatgg atatgtaaaa actgtcaaga ttaaaattta atagtttcat ttatttgta 180
 ttttatttgt aagaaatagt gatgaacaaa gatccttttt catactgata cctgggtgta 240
 tattatttga tgcaacagtt ttctgaaatg atattttcaa ttgcatcaag aaattaaaat 300
 catctatctg agtagtcaaa atacaagtaa aggagagcaa ataaacaaca tttggaaaaa 360
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 374

<210> 239
 <211> 200
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 239
 aaagatgtct ttgaccgcat atgtactgga aattttcaaac gtggatcttc ccaggttgta 60
 gtctttgtgt tatgatcaat gaagaagggc cggccgtttg gcgctatcct catttcccag 120
 ccgggtggca agaagctctg tgtgactttg tggtgtggtt tgggggagtt gtaaggtgat 180
 ggctgtgggg actgtgggtt 200

<210> 240
 <211> 314
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)... (314)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 240
 ctgggtaaact gtccaaaaca aggttccaaa taacacctct tactgattta ccctacccat 60
 acatatncca natagntttt gatcaaaaac atgaaatana tccacctgct tatttttaage 120
 atatttaaaaa ggaaactaat tggaccattt tctatttgtc tattttatac aaaaaggcta 180
 cacaattgat acactctatt cagataacaa tcaattagag tgantatgaa ttactggcga 240
 caccatcact caattcttaa aaattagaaa ttgctgtagc agtattcact ataacttaac 300
 actaccgaga gact 314

<210> 241
 <211> 375
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)... (375)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 241

ccaagtcctt	ggagttatag	gatattcatt	acttcctctc	attgtaatag	ccccgtact	60
tttggtggtt	ggatcatttg	aagtgggtgc	tacacttata	aaactgtttg	gtgtgttttg	120
ggctgcctac	agtgtctgctt	cattgttagt	gggtgaagaa	ttcaagacca	aaaagcctct	180
tctgatttat	ccaatctttt	tattatacat	ttatcttttg	tcgttatata	ctgggtgtgtg	240
atccaagtta	tacatgaata	gaaaaagatg	gtgttaaatt	tgtgtgtagg	ctgggaattc	300
tngctaaagg	aatggnaaaa	aacctgtntt	tgnaaaattn	acntgtccca	aagnnaagga	360
anctaaacgc	ttttt					375

<210> 242

<211> 387

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

aaaggcattc	tctgatttac	atgagaattg	agaaactgag	atgtatgatt	tgtctgttag	60
tcaatttcac	accctttcat	tctcataagc	cccaaatttt	gctcagttaa	ggagcttgct	120
ttaggccac	ctatgtaagt	ctgttatact	agctaattg	cccatttgaa	tagttcaagg	180
gtcagcta	gctctgagct	tcattggctcc	agtataaaga	acaaatttaa	caaaattaag	240
ctgttactgt	agccgagtta	cccttctgct	ccacacatat	gtagtgggat	cttgcaggat	300
ttccatagtg	ccaattatca	aaggccttga	ctacttagca	ttgctgtatt	acagatgtgc	360
aaactgaggc	actgaaaagt	caaattt				387

<210> 243

<211> 536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(536)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 243

aaacccaaag	gacgaagaaa	aaacactttt	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa	aaaacccaaac	60
catattttgc	cacatgtgag	agtacgggtca	agcagtattt	acaaaaaggt	taacggaaca	120
acactctgac	acatgctctg	agaatactgg	gactgctgtt	tcaaaaaaaa	agggtcaaac	180
ttattgtcac	agcatcatca	caaaatagag	gatcaccatt	ggtttgcttg	gcttttcttt	240
ttttttttcc	cccaagtgag	gacctaacctc	caaataatac	aatagaatat	gcaaattatc	300
ttcacatcaa	gagtacccca	agaaaaacga	aatccatggc	acanacactg	tacaaggggtg	360
cagggcaggg	ctctgagggg	cccaaaccctc	attttgccaa	ctcgattttc	tagcattgaa	420
gggagcaagg	ggtcaggcat	atgatggaga	tgatactgaa	atgattttatc	caaaatccat	480
gcaaatcaag	ttctttggat	agagggtgaan	aacttggaca	tggctgtttc	aggcag	536

<210> 244

<211> 397

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 244

ccaggataat	atacacaggt	ttgcagctaa	aactgtgcac	agtggtgcat	tgatgctagt	60
cacagtggaa	ctgaaggaag	gctctacagc	ccagcttatac	ataaacactg	agaaaactgt	120
gattggctct	gttctgctgc	gggaactgaa	gcctgtcctg	tctcaggggt	aacctgctta	180
catctggact	ttagaatctg	gcacacaaca	aaagtgcctg	gcatccacta	ctgctgcctt	240
tcatttataa	taatagccct	tccatctggc	agtgggggaa	gaatacactc	ttgacattct	300
tgtctcctgc	tttagaatgc	tagtgtgtat	ctatcatgta	tgcaataactt	tccccctttt	360

tgctttgcta accaaagagc atatatttta ctgtcag

397

<210> 245

<211> 508

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 245

cgaggagtcg cttaagtgcg aggacctcaa agtgggacaa tatatttgta aagatccaaa	60
aataaatgac gctacgcaag aaccagttaa ctgtacaaac tacacagctc atgtttcctg	120
ttttccagca cccaacataa cttgtaagga ttccagtggc aatgaaacac attttactgg	180
gaacgaagtt ggttttttca agcccatatc ttgccgaaat gtaaattggct attcctacaa	240
agtggcagtc gcattgtctc tttttcttgg atggttggga gcagatcgat tttaccttgg	300
ataccctgct ttgggtttgt taaagttttg cactgtaggg ttttgtggaa ttgggagcct	360
aattgatttc attccttatt caatgcagat tgttggacct tcagatggaa gtagttacat	420
tatagattac tatggaacca gacttacaag actgagtatt actaatgaaa catttagaaa	480
aacgcaatta tatccataaa tatttttt	508

<210> 246

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 246

aaatgttggg attcaaaacc aaagatataa ccgaaaggaa aaacagatga gacataaaat	60
gatttgcaag atgggaaata tagtagttta tgaatgtaaa ttaaattcca gttataatag	120
tggtacaca ctctcactac acacacagac cccacagtc tatatgccac aaacacattt	180
ccataacttg aaaatgagta ttttgcatat ctcagttcag gatatgtttt ttacaagtta	240
atcctaaagt cataaagcaa gaagctattc atagtacaag attttatttg ctaagcttta	300
caaattaaac tctaaaaaat tattacaatg atactgaaag atattttatt ggcctttt	358

<210> 247

<211> 673

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(673)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 247

gaagaaagtt agatttacgc cgatgaatat gatagtgaat tggatttttg cgtaggtttg	60
gtctaggggtg tagcctgaga ataggggaaa tcagtgaatg aagcctccta tgatggcaaa	120
tacagctcct attgatagga catagtggaa gtgagctaca acgtagtacg tgtcgtgtag	180
tacgatgtct agtgatgagt ttgctaatac aatgccagtc aggccaccta cggtgaaaag	240
aaagatgaat cctagggtct agagcactgc agcagatcat ttcatttgc ttccgtggag	300
tgtggcgagt cagctaaata ctttgacgcc ggtggggata gcgatgatta tggtagcgga	360
ggtgaaatat gctcgtgtgt ctacgtctat tccactgtta aatatatggt gtgctcacac	420
gataaaccct aggaagccaa ttgatatcat agctcagacc atacctatgt atccaaatgg	480
ttcttttttt ccggagtagt aagttacaat atgggagatt attccgaagc ctggttaggat	540
aagaatataa acttcagggt gaccgaaaaa tcagaatagg tgttggtata gaatggggtc	600
tcctnctccg cggggctnaa gaagggtgtg ttgangttgc cggnctgtta ntagtatagn	660
gatgccanca gct	673

<210> 248
 <211> 149
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 cctcttcatt gttcacatgt cacaggagga ggctctgagc aaaggccact ggcaagttag 60
 ggcaacacca agaaggctct gcggagagac tccctgtggg ttggggcctg gcaggaacgg 120
 tgcctgtgga ctgtttatgg tctgtccag 149

<210> 249
 <211> 458
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(458)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 249
 gaagctaaat ccaaagaaat atgaagggtgg ccgtgaatta agtgatttta ttagctatct 60
 acaaagagaa gctacaaacc cccctgtaat tcaagaagaa aaaccaaga agaagaagaa 120
 ggcacaggag gatctctaaa gcagtagcca aacaccactt tgtaaaagga ctcttccatc 180
 agagatggga aaaccattgg ggaggactag gacccatatt ggaattatta cctctcaggg 240
 ccgagaggac agaattggata taatctgaat cctgttaaat tttctctaaa ctgtttctta 300
 gctgcactgt ttatggaaat accaggaeca gtttatgttt gtggttttgg gaaaaattat 360
 ttgtgttggg ggaaatgttg tgggggtggg gttgagttgg ggtatatttc taattttttt 420
 tgtacatttg gaacagtgc aataaatgan accccttt 458

<210> 250
 <211> 374
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 aaaaaacaaa acaatgtaag taaaggatat ttctgaatct taaaattcat cccatgtgtg 60
 atcataaact cataaaaaata attttaagat gccggaaaag gatactttga ttaaataaaa 120
 aactcatgg atatgtaaaa actgtcaaga ttaaaattta atagtttcat ttatttgta 180
 ttttatttgt aagaaatagt gatgaacaaa gatccttttt catactgata cctgggtgta 240
 tattatttga tgcaacagtt ttctgaaatg atatttcaaa ttgcatcaag aaattaaaat 300
 catctatctg agtagtcaaa atacaagtaa aggagagcaa ataaacaaca tttggaaaaa 360
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 374

<210> 251
 <211> 356
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 aaagatcttc tctaacaagc tatgggaatt tggcttcata ctctttcttt gcaacagcag 60
 tgttctgggt gataattttg aattgatacc tgttcctttt tctgggtttt gttggctttt 120
 tgaaaaattg tctttcctta tcattgggtgg gaggccttgg agcaaagtaa catttttttg 180
 aaaagaggac agaaaaattg aactacagct tgagaacgta ttcttttttt cctactttgt 240
 tattgcaaat tgaggaatca cttttaactg ttttaggtgt gtgtgtccag agtgagcaag 300

gattatgttt ttggattgtc aaagaggatg cttagtctta aaataaaaat aaattt 356

<210> 252
 <211> 484
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 252
 ctggtaaact gtccaaaaca aggttccaaa taacacctct tactgattta ccctacccat 60
 acatatccca aatagttttt gatcaaaaac atgaaataga tccacctgct tattttaagc 120
 atattaaaaa ggaaactaat tggaccattt tctatttgtc tattttatac aaaaaggcta 180
 cacaattggt acactttatt cagattacaa ttaattagag tgattatgaa ttagtggtct 240
 acaccattac tcaattctta aaaattagaa attgctgtag cagtattcac tataacttaa 300
 cactacgaga gacttaaaaa acagttactg caaaaaaaaa aaagagctac ttcaaagcaa 360
 gcaaagtcag taccattaca gatattctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaatttaac aagcaaggct 420
 agggtttgat aaattccatc ttgtgatcca ttcttgtagc ttcttcactt cttgagtcac 480
 tccc 484

<210> 253
 <211> 379
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 253
 aaaaagcgct tagacttccc tttccatctg gaacatgtaa aattttgcag caacaggttt 60
 tctccaattc cttcagcaag aattcccagc ctacacacaa atttaacacc atctttttct 120
 attcatgtat aacttggatc acacaccagt atataacgac aaaagataaa tgtataataa 180
 aaagattgga taaatcagaa gaggtttttt ggtcttgaat tcttcacca ctaacaatga 240
 agcagcactg taggcagccc aaaacacacc aaacagtttt ataagtgtag acaccacttc 300
 aaatgatcca accaccaaaa gtacaggggc tattacaatg agaggaagta atgaatatcc 360
 tataactcca aggacttgg 379

<210> 254
 <211> 387
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (387)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 254
 aaatttgact tttcagtgcc tcagtttgca catctgtaat acagcaatgc taagtagtca 60
 aggcctntga taattggcac tatggaaatc ctgcaagatc ccactacata tgtgtggagc 120
 agaagggtaa ctcggctaca gtaacagctt aattttgtta aatttggtct ttatactgga 180
 gccatgaagc tcagagcatt agctgacct tgaactattc aaatgggcac attagctagt 240
 ataacagact tacataggtg ggcctaaagc aagctcctta actgagcaaa atttggggct 300
 tatgagaatg aaagggtgtg aaattgacta acagacaaat catacatctc agtttctcaa 360
 ttctcatgta aatcagagaa tgccttt 387

<210> 255
 <211> 225
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(225)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 255

aaatgtcttg	tttcccagat	ttcaggaaan	tttttttctt	ttaagctatc	cacagcttac	60
agcacctttg	ataaaatata	cttttgtgaa	caaaaattga	gacatttaca	ttttctccct	120
atgtggtcgc	tccagacttg	ggaaaactatt	catgaatatt	tatattgtat	ggtaatatag	180
ttattgcaca	agttcaataa	aaatctgctc	tttgtatgac	agaat		225

<210> 256

<211> 544

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(544)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256

ccttgcttaa	agcccagaag	tggtttaggc	ntttggaaaa	tctggttcac	atcataaaga	60
acttgatttg	aaatgttttc	tatagaaaca	agtgcctaagt	gtaccgtatt	atacttgatg	120
ttggtcattt	ctcagtccta	tttctcagtt	ctattatctt	agaacctagt	cagttcttta	180
agattataac	tggtcctaca	ttaaaataat	gcttctcgat	gtcagatttt	acctgtttgc	240
tgctgagaac	atctctgcct	aatttaccaa	agccagacct	tcagttcaac	atgcttccct	300
agcttttcat	agttgtctga	catttccatg	aaaacaaaag	aaccaacttt	gttttaacca	360
aactttgttt	ggttacagtt	ttcaggggag	cgtttcttcc	atgacacaca	gcaacatccc	420
aaagaaataa	acaagtgtga	caaanaaaaa	aacaaaccta	aatgctactg	ttccaaagag	480
caacttgatg	gtttttttta	atactgagtg	caaaaggnc	cccaaattcc	tatgatgaaa	540
tttt						544

<210> 257

<211> 420

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257

aaatgtcttg	tttcccagat	ttcaggaaac	tttttttctt	ttaagctatc	cacagcttac	60
agcaatttga	taaaatatac	ttttgtgaac	aaaaattgag	acattttacat	tttctcccta	120
tgtggctcgt	ccagacttgg	gaaactattc	atgaatattt	atattgtatg	gtaatatagt	180
tattgcacaa	gttcaataaa	aatctgctct	ttgtatgaca	gaatacattt	gaaaacattg	240
gttatattac	caagactttg	actagaatgt	cgatatttgag	gatataaacc	cataggtaat	300
aaacccacag	gtactacaaa	caaagtctga	agtcagcctt	ggtttggtt	cctagtgtca	360
attaaacttc	taaaagttta	atctgagatt	ccttataaaa	acttccagca	aagcaacttt	420

<210> 258

<211> 736

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 258

aaacaaaatg	ctaaacctaa	aaacattggt	ctgtcagttc	ccaaattaaa	tctacttaga	60
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acaaaaacaa aaatttatag ctcggtcaca tactacttaa ataattattgt tcaggcatct      120
ctaaaaatcct ccatgttttc aagtatggaa atagaactca aatattccac aatacagtac      180
taaacagatg gagtatttag gaaagacttt gttgtcatat ggcacaatat taatattttg      240
ttgcttcaat acgttttgaa ataaatatca gatttttgtt tttttttcct aaaagaccaa      300
aattataatc tacattaaga taattctgac tgtgggtaag acttaagagt gtaaaataca      360
acatcaatat tttatcacia aagtaaagct ggtaacaaat tataaaagga gccagtactc      420
tactgagaca ggctcggaga ttaaagctca tcatgataga aatagtcac atggagctgt      480
ctgccataat ctgtggcttc actggtgaga aacaagtcct ggttttccag aatctcttct      540
tcagagagct ttttgtcacc attcaaatcc atttcatcaa ttagatgaag cgcctcctct      600
tgtgcaatgc cctgattatt aggtctaccc aaggtaacag ctcttgggga tcaagcctgc      660
catcgttatc tttgtcataa tcattcaccc aatctgtctt tctcacaagt atcccattct      720
ggatcttcat ttgcag                                     736

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<210> 259

<211> 437

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(437)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

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aaaaccatac tgaaatcatt taccaaataa cnaagatctt aatctaaaag atagtgaata      60
catcatcatc atgaaatctg gttttatgtg ctctatgaag tacttggaga attgcttttt      120
tatttttctt ttgctttatt aggtcacaca aaacagaatg aattagcaga aaaatgtatg      180
ttataaaaca gcatttacta cttcaattta atttttttta ctaacaattg tggacctttt      240
tgatgacact tatgtatgtt ttaataaat tatgtactta ttagtactta atgagccctt      300
cctgcctcaa tataaaatta ctaaacttgg agaattacag attttattgt aggccctgat      360
gttagtcact ttggagaagc taaaaatttg gaaatgatgt aattcccact gtaatagcat      420
agggattttg gaagcag                                     437

```

<210> 260

<211> 592

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 260

```

tttttttttt gaaaaatata aaattttaat aaaggctaca tctcttaatt acaataatta      60
ttgtaccaag taattttcct taaatgaact ctttataatg cataatttac agtataagta      120
gaacaaaatg tcatgacaaa agtcattgag tacaagactt gtaataaaaa ggcataaaat      180
atattttatac ataaacccct ttcaaaaaaac aagggaagc ttgagccctc aatatagggc      240
gacacacgga gcggggtgacc gtgcaggtac aggtactgta ctgatttaaa gtcaagcact      300
agagatagtg gattaatact cttttgccgt acactatata cagatgtata gtacaagtaa      360
caatggcaaa cagaatgtac agattaactt aacacaaaaa cccgaacatc aaaatgaagg      420
tgtgtggagg aaagggtgctg ctgggtctcc ctacaactgt tcatttcttt gtggggcagg      480
gggtagttcc tgaatggctg tgggtccaat actaatgtaa aacaaaaaca gaaacaaaaa      540
aaacaaggaa ctgtcatttc cacgaaagca cagcggcagt gattctagca gg          592

```

<210> 261

<211> 450

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 261

gtggcagggc	ccagccccga	accagacaag	ggacccctca	aggagcttca	ttctagcatg	60
agaaaattga	gaagtaaacc	agaaagttac	agaatgtctg	aaggggacag	tgtgggagaa	120
tccgtccatg	ggaaccttc	ggtggtgtac	agatttttca	caagacttgg	acagatttat	180
cagtcctggc	tagacaagtc	cacaccctac	acggctgtgc	gatgggtcgt	gacactgggc	240
ctgagctttg	tctacatgat	tcgagtttac	ctgctgcagg	ggtggtacat	tgtgacctat	300
gccttgggga	tctaccatct	aaatcttttc	atagcttttc	tttctcccaa	agtggatcct	360
tccttaatgg	aagactcaga	tgacggctct	tcgctaccca	ccaaacagaa	cgaggaattc	420
cgcccttca	ttcgaaggct	cccagagttt				450

<210> 262

<211> 239

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(239)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 262

taactttgat	gacaaaatct	aaaattaaag	anttagtctt	aaaagcctat	agtgacttgt	60
ttacttgc	aaataatatt	ttcacttagt	acaggctatt	aatataagta	atgagaattt	120
aagtattaac	tcaaaaaaag	atagaggctc	caaacttttc	taagaaatta	atgcattttc	180
aaagtaataa	tataatcaat	ctgtaagtca	aaagtaattt	catattcatt	gccaaattt	239

<210> 263

<211> 376

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(376)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 263

aaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaatt	ccttgtngtt	tnntagagga	aaaaaagaaa	aaccccaact	60
tttancactg	atactacata	ttgctctgtt	aaagaatttt	ctctgccaaa	aaaaagaaaa	120
aacaaaaaaa	cgcttaaagc	tggagtttga	cattctgctt	tcagatgctg	tctttttatt	180
agtgagtgat	gatggtttgc	taataatcaa	taggtaataa	ttttttgtaa	tcccatcaag	240
tggctccata	tgtttctgct	ctctcgtgac	tgtgttaatg	tttaactggt	gtaccttaaa	300
gccgaaatca	gtaactatgc	atactgtaac	caaggatttg	ggcttacaga	gttgtttgtt	360
gnataaagaa	aattttt					376

<210> 264

<211> 207

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264

aaattagcat	tcacaaata	tacaggtaat	taaataatta	ttgtgcatga	atacatcac	60
aatgcttata	tatacaaatt	ccagtttgtt	ttcatgtgct	ggcaagggat	ttgtatacaa	120
tcataagctg	tgttcatatt	ggtccattg	aatattcaca	atacaaaagc	acaaaagaac	180
cattgattta	caaaaggaaa	tctattt				207

<210> 265
 <211> 388
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(388)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 265
 naactgcact ttatttggtta ctgtaacatt nttttttaac tgatcaacca taagcatgca 60
 aaagnccnct gaaactgctt ccactgcctg ttgtatagaa atgggtaaata tataaagggtg 120
 attcaatttg gagctccttc cttttttata gcacttctaa gctgtgtgcg cgacacacac 180
 cacagaggta ggaaggacca cttttaataa attatcttct taatcgacaga gaatttctga 240
 agataaaact gacaaaatgc taaaccaagg ctttgatgag tcccaaagga ccacagatcc 300
 atcggctcct atttgaagaa ttcacccctt gtagtggtct agcctttgta gggcactgga 360
 ttacaagatc caccagggtc ctgaacaa 388

<210> 266
 <211> 616
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(616)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 266
 aaatacagag tcaaaagatg atttataaaa tntaaaacat tttctgcttg gccgtatttg 60
 aagacaagct gaatacatat ctatgttctg aataagtcca ctatggatat atataggaag 120
 agatatacat atatccatcc acagatacac acacacatat atatttctgc atgtatatat 180
 acataattct ttctatagtt acaggaaata cttcttctat aattctgatt ttgactccca 240
 tctccacca tttactcatc cactcattac ctaaaatcttg gctttcttct ctatattgta 300
 aataatccat ccaaacttct agccagtact gtcaggaggg ttcttgctcg agtgagctgt 360
 taatactatt ttccactgac aacttctgca catcgaggac acagtgtatc tgaagactcc 420
 gctgtatact tccaacaacg ggggcatttt tctttcgtag tcggcatgac aattacttta 480
 taggaagact cttcacgaat atcaccacct tctaagttga tgaggaattt ccctttaagc 540
 tcgattacat ctgcagtcac ctctcgtggt tcttgaccag taaagttgac tcagaagcca 600
 tcattaattc attcaa 616

<210> 267
 <211> 341
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 267
 ccattatgta tgtattttct tgaaaaatac ttatttcagc tacttatttt taatagttac 60
 ttattcttgt tgtattgtca tttagatttt gtatatattt ttgatattaa ccccttgta 120
 catgtataat ttgcaaatat tttctccctt tttttagttg tcacattctg ttcatgtat 180
 cagattctgt gcagcagctt ttttaattga agtgatctga ctgacttggt cttccttttg 240
 tgtcctggga tatttaggtt aaatcaaaaa acttgctgcc cagaccaatg ttatggggct 300
 ttcactctat tttttggtag tagtagttta agagttttag g 341

<210> 268
 <211> 367
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(367)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 268
 ttgtagattg gaatagcaaa agtgaatgct ntgaccaaaa tttttgccct cctaaataaa 60
 gacgtntcct tctagagagc aaatctatca taaaatgtca aaactagaag agaataaaaat 120
 gaaaggaaaa aacctagaaa aatatacctaa aatatcaaat gcagtcattt ctaaatataa 180
 gccataatta tagctttacc tattgttctt attgttecta tgctgcttct acaatgttac 240
 atcaactata cttagcttta ctctcccaaa atcttggtga tgaagccttc tgagtgtgct 300
 ttccaatgtg ccagaaccag aagggcattc caaggcttcc ccacatttcc tccatttacg 360
 gagacag 367

<210> 269
 <211> 270
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(270)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 269
 caaatctctc cctcactaga cgtaagcctt tntctcactc tctcaatctt atgcatcata 60
 gnaangcngn tgagggtgat taaaccaaac ccagctacgc aaaatcttag catactcctc 120
 aattacccac ataggatgaa taatagcagt tctaccgtac aaccctaaca taaccattct 180
 taatttaact atttatatta tcctaactac taccgcatcc ctactactca acttaaactc 240
 cagcaccacg accctactac tatntcgcac 270

<210> 270
 <211> 368
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(368)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 270
 ctgaatcatg aataacacta tataatagag tntaaggaac acaagcatta gatgtgatcc 60
 ttgccccata cccttagatt atgtcagact aaagctgaca attctgccag gctctgaacc 120
 cctagtgcc ccaacccaaa tcttggaagc aaagaatatg ccctgtcata caactttgta 180
 caagttgtag taaaacaaag cttaagtttt ctcatctttc tacagcaaat ggtcagttat 240
 ttaataaaca ctaaaatgct cctaagaatc catttttgagt ttgtttacca aacacattgt 300
 gcaagaactg actacacaaa aagttccttt gaaatttggt ccacaaattc acttaagggt 360
 ggaaattt 368

<210> 271
 <211> 313
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(313)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 271
 aaatttatat aaaactctgt acatgttcac tttattattg cataaacagc ataattcttca 60
 agacaanngt ttgcaaacac atgtccaatt caggaaaaaa aatttcacgt ttctcgtctg 120
 gcttttttct tcttttttat ttgtttggga gattcccagc tagtttcaga cttaggtctgt 180
 gaaggaggca cactattttg cttggtattt gacttggatt tatctgtctc ttgtagtatt 240
 ggcggcactt gggaagagct cttgtcagaa tcactttttg ataagattac agatggctcg 300
 gtagaagtag cag 313

<210> 272
 <211> 462
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(462)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 272
 aaaaaacatt tattttaata agactattgc naacacatta aaaaaactaa atagtaatat 60
 tacaaaatct atatacttgc acatttagta tttgtcaatg tgccagaggt tttcttcattg 120
 aaatttgact tctttgaagt gaaggctttt ttctatcatc tcttatagct ctgactgaat 180
 aagtcttaat gctttcttca tgttttctat caataggggt aaatcccgag gctcatatgt 240
 gtacaatctg ttagagtatc ttccagctat gtcagctcta actgttaaag aagggtctac 300
 aaacatgatt ctaggcacat attgcccatc aggtgataaa ttcttatcag tggtttcattg 360
 cataaggttt agcatgatga acttattctg agccatttct tgtatttctt cattttgggc 420
 aaatactttc tttagtgtt gagagtattg acaatcctcc ag 462

<210> 273
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273
 ctgatcaaag catgggatat tttaatagtn ttatacataa tattttttaca tagaaaactt 60
 tacatnncat ttcataattat ataattctgc ttattctttc aaaaatttat acatccattg 120
 ggcaagggaat ggttttcatt aaattaccaa tattaaatgc acttaatcat tgtgtatagg 180
 ttaaaccaaa gtaactatta actaactttt aggcatttta aggaggtaaa acatacattt 240
 tacacataag tatttgatgc aaatatgcag ataaaatttt tt 282

<210> 274
 <211> 125
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(125)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274
 cagccctaga cctcaactac ctaaccaacn ttncittaaaa taaaatcccc actatgcaca 60
 ttnaatcnct ccaacatact cggattctac cctagcatca cacaccgcac aatcccctat 120
 ctagg 125

<210> 275
 <211> 528
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(528)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275
 aaagctgtgg aaaagcttta ttatagattt ttntacagaa ttaaaaaagt tcaaacaata 60
 ataagccngg aaccacaaat aattaaaagg aaacacagca atcccataaa caagcattct 120
 ggcattctgtt agaaattttc cctcaaatta tgaaatgtag ctctccatgc tttccaatga 180
 ttgttataat acccacaat atctgtgatt tcagtggaaat actttaacaa aagttttctt 240
 ttaaggcat gatcctgatt cattttttct tcaatatctc agtcatttca ggaactacct 300
 taaataaatc tgcaactatt ccataatctg ccacttggaa aattggagct tctgggtctt 360
 tattaattgc cacaattgtc ttgctgtctt tcaccccagc taaatgttgg atggctccag 420
 atattccaac agcaatataa agttctgggt ctactatttt tccgtctgn ccaacttgca 480
 tgtcattggg aacaaagcca gcatcaacag cagcacggga agcaccaa 528

<210> 276
 <211> 420
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(420)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 276
 aaatgtcttg tttccagat ttcaggaaan tttttttctt ttaagctatc cacagcttac 60
 agaaacctga taaaatatac ttttgtgaac aaaaattgag acatttacat tttctcccta 120
 tgtggtcgct ccagacttgg gaaactattc atgaatattt atattgtatg gtaatatagt 180
 tattgcacaa gttcaataaa aatctgtctt ttgtatgaca gaatacattt gaaaacattg 240
 gttatattac caagactttg actagaatgt cgtatttgag gatataaacc cataggtaat 300
 aaaccacag gtactacaaa caaagtctga agtcagcctt gggttggctt cctagtgtca 360
 attaaacttc taaaagtta atctgagatt ccttataaaa acttccagca aagcaacttt 420

<210> 277
 <211> 668
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(668)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277
 ccaggggtggc tctgatatag cagccctggg ntattttcga tatttcagga agactggcag 60
 atngcaccag accctgaatt cttctagctc ctccaatccc attttatccc atggaaccac 120
 taaaaacaag gtctgtctctg ctctgaagc cctatatgct ggagatggac aactcaatga 180
 aaattttaaag ggaaaaccct caggcctgag gtgtgtgcca ctacagagact tcacctaact 240
 agagacaggc aaactgcaaa ccatgggtgag aaattgacga cttcacacta tggacagctt 300
 ttcccaagat gtcaaaaacaa gactcctcat catgataagg ctcttaccac cttttaattt 360
 gtccttgctt atgcctgcct ctttcgcttg gcaggatgat gctgtcatta gtatttcaca 420
 agaagtagct tcagagggtg acttaacaga gtatcagatc tatcttgtca atcccaacgt 480
 ttacataaaa ataagagatc ctttagtgca cccagtgact gacattagca gcattctttaa 540
 cacagccgtg tgttcaaagt tacagnggtc cttttcagag ttggacttct agactcacct 600
 gttctcactc cctgttttaa ttcaaccag ccatgcaatg ccaaataata gaaattgctc 660
 cctaccag 668

<210> 278
 <211> 202
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(202)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
 aaattggtat cgacggcaac caggggaagn tntaaactc ctaatctatt ctggatccaa 60
 ttngcnaagt ggggtcccat caaggttcag tggcagtggg tctgggacag atttcactct 120
 cagcatcagc agtctgcaac ccgaagattt tgcaacttac tactgtcaac agagttacat 180
 gtccccgtac acttttggac cc 202

<210> 279
 <211> 694
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(694)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
 ctgtacttgg acaaaataag ttaattctat ttggttgctc attaaagttt tatgtggcta 60
 tgnaccact ggagctaaaa attggctttt aactgtttcc aaatcagaac tagcagagga 120
 gagaagtaaa taaagccaat ggcactccct tcagaggctc aaaatgggta gattttgatg 180


```

cagatttaac cttagcgagt ttcagtcagt ccatttagat gatcctgtag gttcatacaa      240
atacactgaa ccggtgggtt aacttctctt ccttcctcaa agtttatgat aaagagactc      300
atccctgtat tgggagtgac tgacataagt tcagatctgc tcagagtggc tggtaaggaa      360
cacttaaggt cagtcagaaa ataatcaaac agacttctca tgtaagcacc gtgactcaca      420
actaagacac tggctgctaa tcctggaata ccgctgtctg aattaacttt agagctgtga      480
ttttttccta aaggaaatat ctctgccaaa gaagtttcca gacagntgct tgggagatcc      540
ttggggaaaa ctggtctttt tgatccggtt ctttcangan taggtngaca aaagaaatnc      600
aaaaaagnct atcccacgcn tttntcacct gggcccagcg gnnctectcc nggggggggn      660
aaacacangg gactcttccc ngggctngct tnnng                                694

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<210> 280

<211> 441

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 280

```

aaaaaacttc catgcaactt ctgggtttatt gtttggcaac tccacatgat aaaaaataa      60
aaacagccca accgagtttc ggaattaagt actcttctag taagtgattc aaacttgtaa      120
tatttgccac aggactgact tatttattta ctagctagaa gctcttaagt tcacttgttt      180
atcagggcat atacagaagg gtttgttaaa actcgatgtt aactttacaa ctttctgacc      240
tggtgcatga attctcaagt actgtatttc actgtgttgg tgtgtctgat ggaaatttcg      300
aggtgggtccc acaaaaaatat tttatgtagt gtgccttcaa agagaacccat ttatttctct      360
tcacttatcg tcccacaaag tcacatttgg tgggtggtcag ccaagtcgca tctgggtctag      420
ttttactctt gtcccaattt t                                441

```

<210> 281

<211> 398

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 281

```

aaatttggtta ggtctgaaga atctaaaact gttaatttaa cccttaactt gtgcctagaa      60
actacagcac atataaaata tgtaaacacc agcctgttgc tgcacttttc tgcttatttt      120
acagcctcaa atatttctca ttatcttgct acttagttct tcatgtttct cttctgact      180
tttaataatg gtaataggaa aacaaaaccc aaagcttttc agaacttcag tgtgaggttt      240
cctattttga caagttaact tgtaataact caggttttac gatgtataat ttacctaata      300
gaccaaacta actcatggag atattttgaa ctattattta ggtacaaact ttataaagaa      360
tgtagtatg tcataaaata taacattaca gcttattt                                398

```

<210> 282

<211> 226

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (226)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 282

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aaaacaatat tctctttttg aaaatagtat naacaggcca tgcatataat gtacagtgta      60
ttacnccaat atgtaaagat tcttcaaggt aacaagggtt tgggttttga aataaacatc      120
tggatcttat agaccgttca tacaatggtt ttagcaagtt catagtaaga caaacaagtc      180
ctatcttttt ttttggctgg ggtgggggag cccaggccga ggctgg                                226

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<210> 283
 <211> 358
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
 aaacaaaaat actcaagatc atttatatatt ttttggagag aaaactgtcc taatttagaa 60
 tttccctcaa atctgagggg cttttaagaa atgctaacag atttttctgg aggaaattta 120
 gacaaaacaa tgtcatttag tagaatattt cagtatttaa gtggaatttc agtatactgt 180
 actatccttt ataagtcatt aaaataatgt ttcacaaat ggttaaatgg accactgggt 240
 tcttagagaa atgttttttag gcttaattca ttcaattgtc aagtacaatt agtccttaata 300
 cactcaggtt tgaacagatt attctgaata ttaaaattta atccattctt aatatttt 358

<210> 284
 <211> 288
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
 aaaacttttg ttaagaaaaa ctgccagttt gtgcttttga aatgtctgtt ttgacatcat 60
 agtctagtaa aattttgaca gtgcatatgt actgttacta aaagctttat atgaaattat 120
 taatgtgaag tttttcattt ataattcaag gaaggatttc ctgaaaacat ttcaagggat 180
 ttatgtctac atattttgtgt gtgtgtgtgt gtatatatat gtaatatgca tacacagatg 240
 catatgtgta tatataatga aatttatgtt gctgggtattt tgcatttt 288

<210> 285
 <211> 629
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (629)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
 cctaaaagca gccaccaatt aacaaagcgt ncanntcaa caccactac ctaaaaaatc 60
 ccaaacatat aactgaactc ctcacacca attggaccaa tctatcacc tatanaagaa 120
 ctaatgttag tataagtaac atgaaaacat tctcctctgc ataagcctgc gtcagattaa 180
 aacactgaac tgacaattaa cagccaata tctacaatca accaacaagt cattattacc 240
 ctactgtca acccaacaca ggcattgtca taaggaaaagg ttaaaaaaag taaaaggaac 300
 tcggcaaatc ttaccccgcc tgtttaccaa aaacatcacc tctagcatca ccagtattag 360
 aggaccgcc tgcccagtgga cacatgttta acggccgcgg taccctaacc gtgcaaagggt 420
 agcataatca cttgntcctt aattagggac ctgtatgaat ggcttcacga gggttcagct 480
 gtctcttact ttttaaccagt gaaattgacc tgcccgtgaa gaggcnggca tgacacagca 540
 agacgagaag accctatgga gctttaattt attaatgcaa acagnaccta acaaacccca 600
 caggtcctaa acttacccaa accctggca 629

<210> 286
 <211> 485
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 286
 aaatgtactt gtcagctca actgcatttc agttgtatta tagtccagtt cttatcaaca 60

ttaaaaccta tagcaatcat ttcaaactta ttctgcaaat tgtataagaa taaagttaga	120
attaacaatt ttatttttga caacagtggg attttctgtc atggataatg tgcttgagtc	180
cctataatct atagacatgt gatagcaaaa gaaacaaaca aaagccagga aaacactcat	240
tttcgccttg aatatgtaaa tgggattaat ttgtctctgt gccttatgtg gaaaggaact	300
tctttgggtt tccttttttg ttctgggtga agcatgtgca ggagacatat catccaaaca	360
taaaccatta aaatgtttgt ggtttgcttg gctgtaattt tcaaagtagt taattgagga	420
caaagggtaa tgcagaagtg atagctttgg ttgctgaggt cttgttttaa gtggccttga	480
tattt	485

<210> 287

<211> 340

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 287

cctggagtcc aataaccacc cctcatacc acaccctgtg catacaccag ccaagccttt	60
cctgggtctgg gaaggggaaga gaaaaaagac gcaggccacc tgggggttct gcagtctttg	120
gtcagtcacag ccttctatct tagctgcctt tggcttccgc agtgtaaacc ttgcctgccc	180
ggaggcagga ggcccagctg gacctccgag ggccatgagc aggcagcagc catcttgccc	240
tcaagcttgc ctttcccttg agtccctctc tcccctcggc tctagccaga ggtgtagcct	300
gcagatctag gaagagaaga gctggggagg aggatgaagg	340

<210> 288

<211> 290

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 288

aaacagtctc tctcgggtgt tctccttgtc aaactgttca tcccagtttc ctctgaaata	60
gacagcattc accagaacca gccttgtcaa tggatccact gagcccggag agagcaacte	120
cgcaatttta ctttctgtct ttccagctac ccagggtgtt atgtgttttc tggacttctc	180
tacggcgctg ataaagtcaa gctcctccat ctctgcttgg tagaattttt ggcaggaatc	240
tctaaaagat gagaggaaat cacaagactt ttccccaaag agcctgttgg	290

<210> 289

<211> 404

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 289

ccacccacgc ttaggttccc atcacactga tgactccggg tttggcgagc acaggagcgc	60
aaaccttttc acattcttcc tgtgatccaa atttgtttcc gtttccacca caacctccat	120
accagaatct tgcacagctt ttggtgtttg gatcatagta ccattttaat atgaaatccc	180
tgcaagttcc ttcgtcttcc ggcaacttgc atatatctgt ttcagtgaga gccaatggtt	240
ctgtgctcac cattagattg atggttgaac tagaagctga ccttgcctggc tgtggaggtg	300
ggggctgaga tttcttttga ctgaaacttc cgtggttaggt ggctctgacc tgagacctca	360
ggtagcagac cacagccaca tggtatgtct gccagcagc cagg	404

<210> 290

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 290

ccaggcgctc cttgtcggca tcagggaggg tggccttgaa ctgctcatgg gctgtgggtca	60
gtccctggat ctccctcaatg gtgtgcacaa tgaagggtgc ctgcagggtcc tccatggccc	120
cctccatcca gttgttgaag ggtgcagccc gcttggcata ctccaagtac agctgggtcaa	180
tggctccag cagtttctcg gtccgctcca gagcttcctt tcgcttctga gttagggccc	240
ccagattgtc ccaactggta cagatctttt ggcaacgggc gttgacactg ggtgagtcac	300
aatantccag ctcatcgagc tctgtgcga tggcggaat ctgctccaca cggtcctggg	360
gggcagccag gccactctcg aagg	384

<210> 291

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 291

aaagtttatt tttactatctt ctttatcact ttattgtatc atcaccattg gtttcataat	60
gtaaatacta tatgttgaac aaattaaatg tcaaaatttt ttattaccat agtccatgtt	120
aatagtgggg ctttcaggtg tttagagatt ttttttgttg ttgttaacat tcattgcaaa	180
agtactagat ggtgtataac tctagagttg aattttaagg gattccctaa tatgtatact	240
atctttttat ctgaagtaat aaataaacia tgatcttg	278

<210> 292

<211> 177

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 292

ccttggcccc gtcattcttg tccagtttga taggttcagg aaattcggtg tacagctcca	60
cctccgtttc ctgcttaagt gcattccgtg caatcgcttg gaacgcctgc tccacgttga	120
tggcctcctt ggcactgggc tcaaagtagg gaatgttggt tttgctgtag caccagg	177

<210> 293

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 293

aaaaagaagg acttaggggtg tcgttttcac atatgacaat gttgcattta tgatgcagtt	60
tcaagtacca aaacgttgaa ttgatgatgc agttttcata tatcgagatg ttcgctcgtg	120
cagtactgtt ggtaaatga caatttatgt ggattttgca tgtaatacac agtgagacac	180
agtaatttta tctaaattac agtgcagttt agttaatcta ttaatactga ctcatgtgtc	240
gccttttaaat ataaatgata tgttgaaaac ttaaggaagc aaatgctaca tatatgcaat	300
ataaaatagt aatgtgatgc tgatgctgtt aaccaaaggg cagaataaat aagcaaaatg	360
ccaaaagggg tcttaattga aatgaaaatt taattttgtt ttt	403

<210> 294

<211> 305

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(305)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294

```

aaagcaatct ggcattggtgt cctgtagtga agcagaggat cataacataa gtaaactctc      60
tatgggtgga agttggagag aaggacattt tggctttgta catgaaaaga ctctccagat      120
agaaacagat tctgcccata agtgaaataa aatgctttgt gggggtaatg agtgacttat      180
agtattcagg cagatgttac ataactgcta attaagtttc cctggattga ntttanncaa      240
anaattgaaa gtngattttg gtcangtgtc agnaaactac tgcctataaa cccatatcnt      300
accca                                           305

```

<210> 295

<211> 397

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(397)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 295

```

cctatctggt tggccttttt gaagacacca acctgtgtgc tatccatgcc aaacgtgtaa      60
caattatgcc aaaagacatc cagctagcac gccgcatacg tggagaacgt gcttaagaat      120
ccactatgat gggaaacatt tcattcccaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa t!ctcttctt      180
cctgttattg gtagttctga acgttagata ttttttttcc atgggggtcaa aagggtaccta      240
agtatatgat tgcgcagtggt aaaaataggg gacagaaatc aggtattggc agtttttcca      300
tttncatttg tgggngaatt ttaatatata atgcggagac gtaaagcatt aatgcnagtt      360
aaaatgtttc agtgaacaag tttcagcggg tcaactt                                           397

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<210> 296

<211> 447

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 296

```

ccatcctcga tgttgaagtt gtcgtggggc ccgaagacgt tgggtggggat gacagcgggtg      60
aaggtagcag cgtactgctg gaagtaggcc ctgttctgca cgtcgatcat cctcttgcca      120
tacgagtacc caaaattgct gttgtgggga ggcccattgt ggatcatggt ctcactatc      180
gggtaggtcg tcttgtcagg gaagatacag gtggacaggc aggacaccac cttgcgggcg      240
cccacctcga aggccgagtg caggacgttg tcgttcatgt gcacgttttt cctccagaag      300
tccaaattgt atttgatatt ccggaacagg cccccacca ttgcagcaag atggatgacg      360
tgtgtgagtt ggaccttctc aaacagggcg cgggtctgtg ctgtatccgt gagatcggcg      420
tcttttagagg agacaaacac ccagtcc                                           447

```

<210> 297

<211> 681

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(681)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297

aaataacagc	atgtaaaata	ttaaaatata	agctttcaaa	aataaatata	taaataagta	60
gaaccctcgt	aagaaatagt	caaacacatt	aagtcctttc	cagctgtccc	tagaaagctg	120
ctgttctctt	tttcattttc	agctctggta	agggcagggg	ccaccctgca	ggaagtgtca	180
atgatacgct	gataagcttc	ttacttctct	cctgtcagtt	gggtgtcccc	ctgtgatgag	240
aaaaggggta	ctgttgcagg	tgctaaggaa	ggctgtctct	ctgtcactct	gaagttgctt	300
ggagggatgt	ccccatgcag	actctctccc	agccctccac	tcagggaagg	tctgtctgta	360
cccactgcct	tctatagcag	aaaacttgca	ctcctgaatg	cttttttttt	ttttcaagaa	420
agaagnggct	gnggactcaa	ctagattctt	ggtttgaaaa	agccaaaaca	tattgggtcac	480
tgattgtcac	attgggttag	aaatgtccat	tcatgatctc	ccttaagctg	cacacaaccc	540
tatgaaataa	ctaccattat	ctaccctatt	ttgctaaagc	tcaaagagat	taaataatgt	600
tgacagggat	cttagccttg	aactcactga	aggngttact	gcaaagttct	gctcttcacc	660
aagaaggntt	acaggccaaa	g				681

<210> 298

<211> 353

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (353)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298

cctggcttaa	gaccagacat	ctgaagaagg	ctccaggcag	ggaaaggaaa	ggagaggcca	60
gccccacnct	gnccccctcc	tgccccacg	tctccagcaa	cacaaggcgg	ccagtggacc	120
gtgaaccatt	tatttccaaa	ctataaagaa	acctgtctct	tgagaaaana	cactgcccag	180
gngatgaagc	tccagccctt	ggagggtccaa	aaccagctcc	aaactcagtc	cctttagaaa	240
gctgtgtgtc	cttggaatg	annntcggnt	gtcanagcct	gggaagtggg	gggaagaacc	300
agcccactcc	cctctctctg	tgcgattcca	gcgcncgttg	ggnccagatc	tgg	353

<210> 299

<211> 560

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299

aaagttcaag	gactaacctt	atattatttg	gaaaggggag	gaggaaggaa	atgatatggg	60
accagacac	tgggctaggc	tgcaacttta	tctcatttaa	tactcccagc	tgtcatgtga	120
gaaagaaagc	aggctaggca	tgtgaaatca	ctttcatgga	ttattaatgg	atttaagagg	180
gcatcaatca	gctcaactca	agatttcata	atcattttta	gtatttagat	tgtgcctcaa	240
agttgtagta	cctcacataa	cctccactgg	tttcctgttg	taaaaacctt	cagtgaagttt	300
gaccattgtg	ctcttggctc	ttgggctgga	gtaccgtggg	gagggagtaa	acactagaag	360
tcttttagtac	aaaaactgctc	tagggacacc	tggtgattcc	tacacaagtg	atgtttatat	420
ttctcataaa	gagtcttccc	tatcccaagg	tcttcatgat	gccagtagcc	atatatgata	480
aattatgttc	agtgataact	tagttatcag	aaatcagctc	agtggctctc	cccgccatga	540
ttcacatttg	atgagttttt					560

<210> 300

<211> 165

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(165)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 300

aaaaactaca taggggtgtg tgtgtgtgtg tatgtttatt ttatacacac atatttgtat	60
attctaatat attactaagg caattttaat gaattaccat gtatataaaa aaatatctgn	120
cacttggcac acaggtttgt atgtatgtgt atatatatat gtatg	165

<210> 301
 <211> 438
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 301

aaaatatatg tattttaaaaa caaaaagcaa cagtaatcta tgtgtttctg taacaaattg	60
ggatctgtct tggcattaaa ccacatcatg gaccaaatgt gccatactaa tgatgagcat	120
ttagcacaat ttgagactga aatttagtac actatgttct aggtcagtct aacagtttgc	180
ctgctgtatt tatagtaacc attttccttt ggactgttca agcaaaaaag gtaactaact	240
gcttcacctc cttttgcgct tatttggaaa ttttagttat agtgtttaac tggcatggat	300
taatagagtt ggagttttat ttttaagaaa aattcacaag ctaacttcca ctaatccatt	360
atcctttatt ttattgaaat gtataattaa cttaactgaa gaaaagggtc ttcttgggag	420
tatgttgtca taacattt	438

<210> 302
 <211> 172
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 302

ccaaaacagg agtcctgggt gatatcatca tgagaccag ctgtgctcct ggatgggttt	60
accacaagtc caattgctat gggtacttca ggaagctgag gaactgggtc gatgccgagc	120
tcgagtgtca gtcttacgga aacggagccc acctggcacc taccctgagt tt	172

<210> 303
 <211> 552
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 303

ccagcctggt gcaggctgct tcgtagcggg cgtcggctgc ggacttccct tcccgggtct	60
ggatcttttc atcctaccag atgagaaagg gaatgagtga atggagtgc cccgcaccct	120
gtcacttttc tgagacatga ctgccaggaa gaagagctgc tctgggtctc atcagggctg	180
gcaggacaaa ctgaccagtg agtcagttag cagagttcac actgaaaaag ggcacaaggg	240
ctgtcccaca atgggaggaa atggggctc agaacttcta cttctctgaa aactaagaca	300
caattgggac aaccaccacc cccgtgtgag atttctcacc tcgagacagg acaagatgaa	360
gttcacggct tcttctgggg taaagacct gaagagccca tcacaggcca acaaaatgaa	420
cctacaacac caggagagaa tataaacggg ttttaggccc aacaaaaaa taââââataa	480
aaaaagggcc tggagatgga gataaaataa atatttgtcc aactattcaa aggctaaggt	540
ttttttttct tt	552

<210> 304
 <211> 601
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 304

cctttgattc ttggtagtac attgcatgta aaatgtttat aagaagctac ttttccttca	60
tgggaagaaa ttcccacatg agattcataa attccttagac tccgtggctt ctttgggtccg	120
gaatgcttaa actcatatga gtgttctgga tcccagtgtg tccaatcata attcacatta	180
tcaccttcac gaaccacata ctttgcccac ggtgaaatac gatacaagat ctctccgctt	240
ttactagtaa taactacctt taatttggat ccatgaggca cgagtacaga tttattctgc	300
tttgggtggga tatacagctc ccattttcca taatccagtt ttttgtatgg gtacgaaaat	360
ggattccaac cattaataac tccagtaaga aaaactcctt ctgctcccgg ggccattct	420
ttgcagtata aaccaccatc agcacatctg tggacgcaa atgattcata gcctctggaa	480
aacttatcaa taccaccttc attttctcca atgttcttca aaatttggct aaactgctta	540
tacctgcgct ggaagtccac ggcgtagggc ttcaagtacc ggtcgatctc caggagtctg	600
g	601

<210> 305

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 305

aaataacagc atgtaaaata ttaaaatata agctttcaaa aataaatata taaataagta	60
gaaccctcgt aagaaatagt caaacacatt aagtcctttc cagctgtccc tagaaagctg	120
ctgttctctt tttcattttc agctctggta agggcaggga ccaccctgca ggaagtgtca	180
atgatacgct gataagcttc ttacttctct cctgtcagtt ggtgctccc ctgtgatgag	240
aaaaggggta ctgttgacagg tgctaaggaa ggctgctctt ctgtcactct gaagtgtgctt	300
ggaggggatgt ccccatgcag actctctccc agccctccac tcaggggaagg tctgtctgta	360
cccactgect tctatagcag aaaacttgca ctctgaatg c	401

<210> 306

<211> 313

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien.

<400> 306

aaactgacta tggattcctt gaaggtctgg cagttgttga tgatggcgat catgtactga	60
acgtagcagt gaggggtgctg ccgattcctc aggtgctctt ctttatacag ctgcgcttca	120
tctttatata tgaggacaga caggcttcgg tcagacagca ctaagggcaa catggagctg	180
tttcaaatgc cacgctgacg tcacgcctgg cctgaaattt cacatcacta acatctgacc	240
ggatgagcct ctaaaaaataa aacaatcttt agacgatcca gactaatgga aggacagaga	300
ggttgattac ttt	313

<210> 307

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(366)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 307

aaagatgctg ntaatgaaca ttacggacaa ttcattggtg ggctagtgtg taacacttca	60
gctgattttt cttatgagat ggaaaaaaaa aatcagccaa gtaagggcac atcttcactt	120
catttataag tcagcatcca aggtaaaaga attctctgtt ggacttgaca tcaactccat	180


```

cctctgatac tgcctactc tcttctcaaa gaagttagnt ctttccttcc antgaaatat      240
tctcataaaa gtcaaagggt ttctctactc tgaaaacctt gctaaaaccc aattccagca      300
taagtttgtc tgnacaaaac ncaatgnatt gcttcattaa antgcaattc atcccaatga      360
gcttcc                                     366

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<210> 308
<211> 534
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (534)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 308
ccagctatca gctgatcgtc ttctgtctgg acgctcgctc tgcttctgac atcaaaatct      60
tctgtctcaa agtcagagtc atccaaactc tcaggggtcc ttatcatcag cactgctttc      120
ctgatgtccc ggatgccatc atataccagg cggaagcat cgataaactc attctcatcc      180
atgggctggg caggggtccga gctgagggct tccacggctg cttctacttg ctgagtaaaa      240
cgtggcatga ctgtgttgga gaggcagctta gtggcttcca gaaccttctc tgtgtagact      300
cctggctcat agtcgtccat ctctgaggtg actacgtgaa tgacctgggc tgcccggcct      360
cgaattgcac cagctgtgcg gccaggccat ccacatcctt ctcttggaga gcaatgacac      420
atcttggtcac atcttccaaa atgtgattct ctgagacagc caagaagtca tcaatggaag      480
taatgncatc gacagcatct gtgagaacac cgacttggtt ttccattgnt cttt          534

```

```

<210> 309
<211> 164
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 309
catactcctt acactatttc tcatcaccca actaaaaata ttaaacacaa actaacacct      60
acctccttca ccaaagccca taaaaataaa aaattataac aaaccctgag aaccaaagt      120
aacgaaaatc tgctcgcttc attcattgcc cccacaatcc tagg          164

```

```

<210> 310
<211> 131
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 310
aaaaatcatt tatctttcgg tgcttcaaca tgatgccaaa caaaaatcta ctgaataaaa      60
atagcaagga agggaatcaa acatttataa gatatattta ttatttttct gaccaaagt      120
caatgatttt t                                     131

```

```

<210> 311
<211> 626
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 311
cctatgtgcg ccagttttcag gtcacgaca accagaacct cctcttcgag ctctcctaca      60
agctggaggc aaacagtcag tgagagtgga ggctccagtc agaccgcca gatccttg      120
cacctggcac tcaagcactt tgcacgatgt ctcaaccaac atctgacatc tttcccg      180

```

agcaacttcc	tgctccacgg	gaaagaggtc	gatggattta	cccctggacc	cataagtctg	240
ttcatcctgc	tgaagtcccc	tccccattgc	tccttcaagc	caaaactaca	ctttgctggg	300
tcctgtcccc	tctgagaaag	gggatagaaa	gtccttcctt	ctatgtectc	ccatcgagat	360
ctgttctggg	gatggagctt	ccaacttcct	cttgcagcag	gaaagaatgc	tgctcacccct	420
tctgtcttgc	agagtgggat	tgtgggaggg	attggcagcc	ttcttctcca	ccacctgtcc	480
agcttcctcc	tggtcagggc	tgggaccccc	aggaatatta	tggtgccgtg	tgtgtgtgtg	540
tgtgtgtgtg	tcttctttta	gggagcagga	gtgcatctgg	taattgaggg	tagatgttgt	600
gtgtgctggg	gaggggtcct	tctgtt				626

<210> 312
 <211> 616
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 312						
aaaccaaaga	aattaagaaa	aaagacttca	ttgcttgaat	gacgcgaaca	gctgtctgag	60
tcacctagac	tttaacacca	cctggggccc	tgggaatgac	gctgacgaga	gatctgcaca	120
tagtaggcgt	gggtccaaa	tgtgtctatc	agctgacttc	acatcctcac	aagtcagcct	180
cagatatgac	ccaagggata	cgtaccatct	cttcttgaaa	cagcgtgtca	aattatatat	240
atgtatgcaa	aaaagagtaa	tgtactaagc	aaaccaagtt	tctgtctttt	cttctgaatc	300
tggttttaat	gtgacctgtc	atccccatct	ttcgaattta	tgagctccat	cttctctaga	360
ctgttaactt	cttgaggaaa	acatgctatt	ttaccacctt	tcactgctga	atccctagcc	420
cttaagcaca	gtctctggca	cagaataaat	acgaaatgaa	tgagtgaatg	aatggatgga	480
tgggtgaaga	gaaaaggcaa	tgcacaagat	ttacctatca	aaatccacca	atggtcctta	540
aaaatggttt	tgtcagtaga	gatgctgaat	atattcatat	aatacattta	tttcataact	600
attaagaatt	ctagt					616

<210> 313
 <211> 553
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 313						
aaaaaatggc	agcattgtac	ttgaatcaga	aagcttactg	ggatttcctc	atcgaaagta	60
gagattgcag	ctaatectag	taccttttgt	tagtaattac	ttaaggcaca	gtgcaaagtt	120
gaaggactgt	tttggtagaa	actcaagcca	gctacatgta	tgcttgccct	ggtatccttg	180
ctagagcaca	tgcgggtata	ataccgtatt	atacacaaca	aggccaccct	gttgatctctg	240
tgttacaatt	aaacatcagt	cccagaaagt	gaaccctagt	catttattat	aggtgccac	300
ctctgacttg	gaacaaaaatg	ccactccatt	catgttcatt	tttgtcctgg	agaggattta	360
tttcctaaaa	gattctgaaa	gccacaaaat	caatgtagtt	cttcatagag	aacttaagag	420
taaggctcaa	aatggcctca	aatgggctt	cttggatgac	ttccaacagt	gactggcctt	480
ctcaacactg	cagatgtctg	agcactacca	taacctaacg	aagtgaggaa	ggaggaggca	540
aattgggtatt	ttt					553

<210> 314
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 314						
ccagcgactc	cagcgggtggc	agcaggcagt	gcacgtactc	tgggcctccc	accagggtag	60
tgaaggttcc	cagctgttct	gccagggccca	ggaggacctc	atcttcatca	tagatgggtat	120
ctgtaaggaa	aggcagaagc	tcacttcggg	tcctttcaac	cccaagggcc	aaggcgatgg	180
tggacagctt	cttgatgctg	ttgaggcgaa	gctgaacgtc	ctcattgcgg	agttcgtcta	240
tgagcaccgc	gatgggggtac	agcgagtcgt	cgccgtcggc	cgccgccatc	ttggctccgt	300

ccctttcctg tcagactgcg gccagcgctg

330

<210> 315

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

aaaaatgaca ttgcgtttag cttattgtaa gaggttgaac ttttgtattt tgtaactatc	60
tttaagccct tcagtttata attcatataa aatgcctttt gtatttaaaa taatcctatt	120
ttaatcagtg catgaaattt gcttttttaa agttcatttg aatgattatt ccttccctct	180
aaagaaatga ttttggtaat gttgagaggt accttaccac aaatcctaac tgtaagtgtg	240
ttcatggtta ttttcaaaag aattatgact cttccccaac agaataccta aaaacttgta	300
ataaacctat aaagctgatt tgcataatga caaaattttg aatagcaaat ataggcaact	360
catatatgta tataattttt	380

<210> 316

<211> 222

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

aaactacaga gggttttcca gctattattt cctttagttt craaaagtaa cgacttatat	60
taatgtttta taaaagatat tgatgaaaaa aaggtaatgc tgaaataaag gcgcttttag	120
aaatatttaa ggacaacata aggtattaat attggaaaaa aactgtacat attttcaagc	180
acaacactga aatattgcag cagtgtttta ctgaattggt tt	222

<210> 317

<211> 490

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

ccttgaatga gcgtggagag cgattaggcc gagcagagga gaagacagaa gacctgaaga	60
acagcgccca gcagtttgca gaaactgcgc acaagcttgc catgaagcac aaatgttgag	120
aaactgccta tcctgggtgac tcttcttaag agaaactgaa gagtttggtc agcagttttt	180
acaagaattc gggacctccg cttgcttctt tttttccaat atttggacac ttagagtggg	240
ttttgttttt tcttttcaga tgtaaatgtg aaagaaaggg tgttgcatth ttacatttcc	300
ctaatagatc tgctaataaa tgctacaata gcacggctt cattttgggt ttttgcctcc	360
tcccactgtg tgtatgtgtg tatatgtatg ttttgaatat gttttcttta ttaaaaaata	420
ttttttgtag tttgaatatg aaatttggac caaatgataa actgcgctga gtctaaactg	480
gcaacatgta	490

<210> 318

<211> 340

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318

cctggagtcc aataaccacc ccctcatacc acaccctgtg catacaccag ccaagccttt	60
cctgggtctgg gaaggggaaga gaaaaaagac gcaggccacc tgggggttct gcagtccttg	120
gtcagtcacg ctttctatct tagctgcctt tggcttccgc agtgtaaacc ttgcctgccc	180
ggaggcagga ggcccagctg gacctccgag ggccatgagc aggcagcagc catcttggcc	240
tcaagcttgc ctttcccttg agtccctctc tcccctcggc tctagccaga ggtgtagcct	300
gcagatctag gaagagaaga gctggggagg aggatgaagg	340

<210> 319
 <211> 373
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 319
 aaagatgctg ttaatgaaca ttacggacaa ttcattggtg ggctagttgg taacacttca 60
 gctgattttt cttatgagat ggaaaaaaaa atcagccaag taagggcaca tcttcagttc 120
 atttagaagt cagcatccaa ggtaaaagaa ttctctgttg gacttgacat cactcccatc 180
 ctctgatact cgcctactct ctctctcaaag aagttagtct ttccttccag tgaaatattc 240
 tccataaagt caaatgggtt ctctactctg aaaaccttgc taaaaccag ttccagcata 300
 agtctgtctg ccacaaactc aatgtattgc ttcattagag tgcaattcat gccaatgagc 360
 ttcacaggca agg 373

<210> 320
 <211> 509
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 320
 aaaaacaaaa ttaaattttc atttcaatta agaccctttt tggcattttg cttacttatt 60
 ctgccctttg gttaacagca tcagcatcac attactattt tatattgcat atatgtagca 120
 tttgttctt taagttttca acatatcatt tatattttaa ggcagacact gagtcagtat 180
 taatagatta actaaactgc actgtaattt agataaaatt actgtgtctc actgtgtatt 240
 acatgcaaaa tccacataaa ttgtcattta accaacagta ctgcacgagc gaacatctcg 300
 atatatgaaa actgcatcat caattcaacg ttttgggtact tgaaactgca tcataaatgc 360
 aacattgtca tatgtgaaaa cgacacccta agtccttctt tttaaaaatg acattgcgtt 420
 tagcttattg taagagggtg aacttttgta ttttgtaact atctttaagc tcttcagttt 480
 ataattcata taaaatgcct tttgtattt 509

<210> 321
 <211> 617
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 321
 ccaaggcccc ttttgcagcc cacggctatg gtgccttctt gactctcagt atcctcgacc 60
 gatactacac accgactatc tcacgtgaga gggcagtgga actccttagg aaatgtctgg 120
 aggagctcca gaaacgcttc atcctgaatc tgccaacctt cagtgttcga atcattgaca 180
 aaaatggcat ccatgacctg gataacattt ccttccccaa acagggtctc taacatcatg 240
 tcttccctcc cacttgccag ggaacttttt tttgatgggc tcttttattt ttttctactc 300
 ttttcaggcg cactcttgat aaatgggtta ttcagaataa aggtgactat ggatataatt 360
 gagccctctg gtccagggtc cagtttacct aatattacct cagaaaggat atggagggaa 420
 gatgatcttt ttgccaggtc tgacttttct tctgtctcgg ccctccatta acgctcagta 480
 cccttttagca gctgacggcc ccacgttcta ctccatgctt ggcttctttt ccaactagct 540
 ctttcatata ttttacttgc tagtatctcc attctctcta aagtagtggt tctttttgcc 600
 cttaaactta aattttt 617

<210> 322
 <211> 403
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 322

```

aaaaagaagg acttaggggtg tcgttttcac atatgacaat gttgcattta tgatgcagtt      60
tcaagtacca aaacggttgaa ttgatgatgc agttttcata tatcgagatg ttcgctcgtg      120
cagtactgtt gggttaaata caatttatgt ggattttgca tgtaatacac agtgagacac      180
agtaatttta tctaaattac agtgcagttt agttaatcta ttaatactga ctcaagtgtct      240
gcctttaaat ataaatgata tgttgaaaac ttaaggaagc aaatgctaca tatatgcaat      300
ataaaatagt aatgtgatgc tgatgctgtt aaccaaaggg cagaataaat aagcaaaatg      360
ccaaaagggg tcttaattga aatgaaaatt taattttgtt ttt                          403

```

<210> 323

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 323

```

ccagaattag ggaatcagaa tcaaaccagt gtaaggcagt gctggctgcc attgcctggt      60
cacattgaaa ttggtggctt cattctagat gtagcttggt cagatgtagc aggaaaatag      120
gaaaacctac catctcagt agcaccagct gcctcccaaa ggagggggcag ccgtgcttat      180
atTTTTatgg ttacaatggc acaaaattat tatcaaccta actaaaacat tccttttctc      240
ttttttcctg aattatcatg gagttttcta attctctctt ttggaatgta gatttttt      298

```

<210> 324

<211> 78

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 324

```

ccatgggaag gtttaccagt agaatccttg ctaggttgat gtggggccata cattccttta      60
ataaaccatt gtgtacat                          78

```

<210> 325

<211> 174

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

```

ccatcatggt caggaactcc gggaagtcaa tggteccggt cccatctgca tccacctcat      60
tgatcatatc ctgcagctct gcttcagtgg ggttctgtcc cagggatctc atcactgtcc      120
ccaactcctt ggtggtgata gtgccatctc catccttgtc aaagagggag aagg          174

```

<210> 326

<211> 679

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (679)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 326

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aaaactgaaa tacctcttaa aataatttga tccccagcgt ttgctctttt tgaagtaacc      60
aacttactct taaaaaggat ggntgccaa agtgaaagtc ttactgggtt ttcattgttaa      120
cctattcttt ggacataact atgaattttg tatacaatgc acttcatgaa aagttgtggc      180
tccccagat tgcccacaag tgtgatcttg aagtccctaa catttgtcca tgtaagcttc      240
aaaacagcgt taactgagtt attcaagtag cagtacttaa agatacaatt cttgaagcag      300

```

```

tttcaatggt ttctgatcca aataatcagt ttctgaacat tactacttca cataatagag      360
tccatcttca gtttcttctc actttctctt tcccttttgg gtttctttt tgtggcctga      420
ggccaccagt tctttgggta ctatcaagat acttccatca tgggtacact ggagagcata      480
gtgggttgga ttgactggcc taccttgggc atctcttaat ctactaaaaa tatcatgata      540
aaggatcatgc agtttctggt tcattatggt aatagctttg gtacattgtg cttgctctct      600
cttaanagtt tccttctttg cttgcaagtt acatacatca tcttctaaat tcaaaattat      660
gtccattttg gcgtttacc                                          679

```

<210> 327

<211> 619

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(619)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 327

```

aaaataagtt actggtaaat ggagttgcat tctatagtca cttataaat attaacaaaa      60
tatttataac tggaacctta atgaaatgta tcatcaaacc aggtaaaagc aacttgtccg      120
cagttaccaaa agcctanata cgcgttagat gcgccttttc cggcctgtgc gtctgctctg      180
gttctcttca ggcagcaaag ctggggaagg aagctcaggc aggagcctcc ccgacgccac      240
aacggcacaaa gcagcagcta aagcaccgca ctttgcctta ctaacctttt acttaaatga      300
ggttttgcca aatccacatc tggaaccgcg tcacacccat ttgcaaggat gtttgttctt      360
tgatgaaact gcattcttac tgcacatgag ggctttcatt gtaggacaag aggagagttc      420
gtttattttt gtaactgttt tacatgttcc gattagttaa tcggtagctt atgtcatttg      480
ctatgcctgn agncttctaa tctctcctta ctaaaacatt acttcaaatt tgaattgacc      540
cttggttata atttatttag ccgggatttg tgtgtcattg tagagcaact ctaattcaag      600
aatagtgaac actttttaag                                          619

```

<210> 328

<211> 132

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 328

```

aaatccaaat acaaaagcat agtctctgca agattttggt ctttgaattt cttgatattg      60
taattgatta ttgataactg tcatcatgaa attatctctc aataataaga taaataaact      120
agcatatgaa tc                                          132

```

<210> 329

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(854)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 329

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ccttgaggta actattgcaa aatatacagt gtaagttcag tctgatggaa accccagatt      60
catcaaggat acaaatctac agtagcccaa tggcggtttc atagtgtata atttattatc      120
aataaaatta actccgttac aatcagcatt catttctctc aattaaaatt aagcataaac      180

```

cctaggtagt	aaccttctgc	acatatgtat	agctccgaat	ttcctcactg	ttcgtctggt	240
gcaaaaacaa	tattcaagct	tgtctgatta	tgcataat	ctttaatcat	atagattata	300
tatacaatag	acaagacagg	actatataga	taatggacag	acttaaagtc	ccgcattttt	360
aaggtggaga	aatgatgaa	tctatgcac	cccgagaaca	cttaaaat	ttttttat	420
cactgggaaa	ttcttacagc	tactttacaa	tcataggtta	acagcctagt	tatacagaag	480
acataatcca	ctacagagct	atactctatg	caactgtttt	ttccctcat	aaacaacctg	540
agttcaaatt	gaattctatc	ttccacaatc	acaatgggtg	catcacccag	tacacagaag	600
tttgaatcac	aaaacataat	taccacaata	aaacacagtg	ttcaagtatc	ttggcagagc	660
aatctgccgc	acaaactgca	aattaaatta	actacacaga	ctaaaaacta	tacagcctac	720
catcacagtt	gtgcattata	aaaaagggag	tttctttcct	ttggttttta	gtcaggaaca	780
gggtaggatt	ttttaccctc	nggccgggga	ccacgctaaa	ggggcgaaat	ttcttgccan	840
natattcent	tcac					854

<210> 330

<211> 299

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 330

ccaatgaata	actgacttta	taatcctggg	caatcagctt	ttggcgggtt	gtaagtgtt	60
ctcgacactt	ttcactcatg	gattcttcaa	atztatggtt	aaagaggcac	ttatacactc	120
tgccttcacc	agcttgtgta	ttttcacaaa	aacgctcccg	atcatctcgg	caagcaaat	180
ataaatgccg	gtctaagtga	aagtcatccg	atgacagctc	agccaccggg	agaatggctt	240
tcttgacagag	ttcagaaact	tgaatcttgg	gttctctttc	ttctgcttct	ttcaccagg	299

<210> 331

<211> 573

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 331

aaagatatga	acagcttaat	tttccgtgtg	attatctaat	taaaaaagaa	aaacaaaaca	60
agcaaaatgt	tcaagttaaa	aaaaaaacat	accgggtgag	caatgcacta	aaattatcca	120
catgaaaaca	aatgggtctg	aatcttataa	accaacatag	catttcactg	tcaacaatgt	180
gaaaatttaa	tatctttctca	aacaggcata	agatgaagaa	gtgctatttt	ttaattgtaa	240
aaggaactta	tgtaatgtaa	aattacatta	taatttttca	ttccgaattg	acaaatgatt	300
tcaaaaacaa	ggatcaaagt	ttgactgcaa	atagtaatgc	aatataattt	cataaaaaatc	360
cttcaatttc	tatttttttc	cttttctgta	gttgacatat	gaagaccact	tcaattttcta	420
aaaaagggaa	ccattccaat	tttccctccc	caagaaaatg	tctcacaatt	acaaagtaga	480
aaaacagccg	ttcataaatg	caaaaaaatt	ctgattttata	tatgaaataa	tttctagatc	540
aattcaacat	atttgatgac	atttgttgag	ttt			573

<210> 332

<211> 555

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 332

aaatttgaaa	gttgtaagca	ctgatgttaa	tgtgattgat	cagcatgggc	atatgtaaaa	60
tgtccttttc	tggttgcctc	tctatgctat	tgtgttcaga	tacttacacc	ataattaaac	120
agtaagttat	agacttgctg	agtttggcat	agatagtgcg	ctcatttaat	ctgtgcctct	180
caaaacttca	gaatattagc	atattaccac	aaataatttt	tggtgaaact	attgagatat	240
taaaattttt	gaaatcacta	ctgttacctg	ttatagaaaa	tagtgttggc	ttagtctagt	300
ctctgtgtaa	ctggttacat	tttgatgggt	gtctatactc	aactggatat	gtgtatgtaa	360
attagaaaat	acatacctat	ccagacataa	atgctaagta	acattttttt	cttcctccaa	420

ctacataatt thtagctcat cttttttcct taatcctttc ctaacttgtc gcagcagttt	480
gaatttccca gatatttatg tttgaacata atggctcaga atacatattt gaacatcata	540
gttgatatata ttttt	555

<210> 333
 <211> 460
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 333	
aaatttcttt caacagtcta ttgggggtcca aaaagcatat atcaaaacaa aaataacaaa	60
agcaaaacaa aatgctaact gtaaaagcta aagaaagaaa atgcagcata ttcaggttct	120
ttttcttgag gtacctatat aaatttaatc acctgcccc aagtcctctc gttagggttaa	180
aaacacaatg cgtcctgggg agccaattgc ccggcacgtc ttattactga gaaagtgcaa	240
gaatgctgat catcttatgc agcatactaa aggatgattt actctttaca aaatagagct	300
taagtatcaa cctgatggaa gttagaaaat taaaaacatt taagtagaat catctctctc	360
tctatttttg agatcctgca gcaaaaagcc tcccaaatca actttcaaag ttctgccatt	420
aaggaatgtt ggttctcttg taaaattcag agatctcttt	460

<210> 334
 <211> 190
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 334	
ccaaggaagg ctgtgctcta gcccatctga ccctgtctgc aaaccacctg ggggacaagg	60
ctgatataga cctgtgcaga tgtctctctc tgtgcccctc actcatctca ctggatctgt	120
ctgccaaccc tgagatcagc tgtgccagct tggaagagct cctgtccacc ctccaaaagc	180
ggccccaagg	190

<210> 335
 <211> 394
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 335	
aaatttggac agacttctag cggacagtta cttctcaaga attttctata caaaagctgt	60
gccaggcata tattttctca ccaggacaca tggggcagcg gacccttggg gtcagtaaga	120
acacacccag aatgatataa ccagatattt ttcagtttct aaattaaggc atattcaaaa	180
aattccatgt acaagttttac accacttttc taagttaact accaggtaat taaagcagat	240
tcacagatga attactctca gtttaactat atgcaacaac catgccata actttttcttc	300
taaattttgc ataataatgg ttaaaaaaag tggtagttaa actatcatgt tcacaattgt	360
catttttcaa ggcagtagaa gaccaagaca tttt	394

<210> 336
 <211> 429
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 336	
aaaagctatc accattgtag tagaatcatc cttctttttt gaaatttgaa gcatcccagg	60
cttaaaatct tgtgtttcag aaagacagtt tataccatga ctgcttaatt atcccccaa	120
agaccttctg attgaagtca tgtacagttc agtggcctaa attctctgcc tttttaactt	180
gcttttgcaag cctactctga aaataagtta ttagtcaag ttattctcaa agatgtccca	240
gttgctctaga aaggatcaaa tggaacattt gacacacata ctcaaaaaaa tgtaactgac	300

tataaacact ttaacctaat catctgtatc aaactttcta aaaatcaaat ctcaggattg	360
ttccacttta gagattctat gttaaagtta tataactata cttgtcaaat agcacctatc	420
tatgcattt	429

<210> 337
 <211> 373
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 337	
aaagatgctg ttaatgaaca ttacggacaa ttcatggtgt ggctagttgg taacacttca	60
gctgattttt cttatgagat ggaaaaaaaa atcagccaag taagggcaca tcttcagttc	120
atttagaagt cagcatccaa ggtaaaagaa ttctctgttg gacttgacat cactcccatc	180
ctctgatact cgcctactct ctctccaaag aagttagtct ttccttccag tgaaatattc	240
tccataaagt caaatgggtt ctctactctg aaaaccttgc taaaaccag ttccagcata	300
agtctgtctg ccacaaactc aatgtattgc ttcacagag tgcaattcat cccaatgagt	360
ttcacaggca agg	373

<210> 338
 <211> 366
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 338	
ccatccccctt atgagcgggc gcagtgatta taggctttctg ctctaagatt aaaaatgccc	60
tagcccaactt cttaccacaa ggcacaccta cacccttat ccccatacta gttattatcg	120
aaaccatcag cctactcatt caaccaatag ccttgccgt acgcctaacc gctaacatta	180
ctgcaggcca cctactcatg cacctaattg gaagcgccac cctagcaata tcaaccatta	240
accttccctc tacacttatc atcttcacaa ttctaattct actgactatc ctagaaatcg	300
ctgtgcgctt aatccaagcc tacgttttca cacttctagt aagcctctac ctgcacgaca	360
acacat	366

<210> 339
 <211> 319
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 339	
ccttccctcc ccaccacat caacctcttc aaaacctact ccttccctct aagtatctct	60
caacacagta tgtctggggc tagatttcaa aaccacagta atgaaaaagt cagttttaca	120
agcctaattt tgttgttttt tttttatat caattaacgt taaaaattgc atcaactatt	180
taattcatga ggatctttca tattaaaatt taaccttaag attcaaccgc catgtgcttt	240
tataaaggaa acatttttta gagacgtctg agctcacttt tacatgggtg tgccactgc	300
cgtaaatgtt tgtgatttt	319

<210> 340
 <211> 278
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(278)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 340

ctaataaaat	gaattaacca	ctcattcatn	natctaccca	cccnatccaa	catctccnca	60
tgatgaaacn	ncggctcact	ccttggcgcc	tgctgatcc	tccaantcac	cacaggacta	120
ttcctagcca	tgactactn	accagacncc	tcaacngcct	tttnatcaat	nggncacatn	180
actcganacn	taaatnatgg	ctgaatcatc	cgctacctnc	acgccaatgg	cagcctcaat	240
attctttatg	ctgcctcttc	ctacacatgc	gggcgagg			278

<210> 341

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 341

ccagcatggg	gctgcagctg	aacctcacct	atgagaggaa	ggacaacacg	acggtgacaa	60
ggcttctcaa	catcaacccc	aacaagacct	cggccagcgg	gagctgcggc	gcccacctgg	120
tgactctgga	gctgcacagc	gagggcacca	ccgtcctgct	cttcagttc	gggatgaatg	180
caagttctag	ccggtttttc	ctacaaggaa	ttcagttgaa	tacaattctt	cctgacgcca	240
gagaccctgc	ctttaaagct	gccaacggct	ccctgcgagc	gctgcaggcc	acagtcggca	300
attcctacaa	gtgcaacgcg	gaggagcacg	tccgtgtcac	gaaggcgttt	tcagtcaata	360
tattcaaagt	gtgggtccag	gctttcaagg	tggaaggtgg			400

<210> 342

<211> 536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 342

aaagaacaat	gggaaaaaca	agtcctgtgt	ctcacagatg	ctgtcgatga	cattacttcc	60
attgatgact	tcttggctgt	ctcagagaat	cacattttgg	aagatgtgaa	caaagtgtgc	120
attgctctcc	aagagaagga	tgtggatggc	ctggaccgca	cagctggtgc	aattcgaggc	180
cgggcagccc	gggtcattca	cgtagtcacc	ctagagatgg	acaactatga	gccaggagtc	240
tacacagaga	aggttctgga	agccactaag	ctgctctcca	acacagtcac	gccacgtttt	300
actgagcaag	tagaagcagc	cgtggaagcc	ctcagctcgg	accctgcccc	gcccattgat	360
gagaatgagt	ttatcgatgc	ttcccgcctg	gtatatgatg	gcacccggga	catcaggaaa	420
gcagtgtctg	tgataaggac	ccctgaggag	ttggatgact	ctgactttga	gacagaagat	480
tttgatgtca	gaagcaggac	gagcgtccag	acagaagacg	atcagctgat	agctgg	536

<210> 343

<211> 646

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 343

aaaacttcta	ttcatcaaaa	gacataaaga	aaacagtcaa	gccacagact	aggtgtaata	60
tctcaatata	tatatccgac	aagagaattg	catctagaat	gtataaagaa	tttctatgac	120
ccaattatag	ctatcaggga	tatacaaaat	aaaacaaaaa	tgaaacatca	ctacacaccg	180
attggaatgg	ttaaaaagga	aaaatactga	caacaccaat	atttgtaaag	acaggaggta	240
ccagaactct	cattcattat	attcataaat	tgacaaatat	aaaaactgct	atagtagggc	300
agtcttccct	agaaagggat	tgtgggcatg	acagagaaca	atattaatct	gtccattata	360
ttccttaact	gtaaaatgga	gaccatatgt	tccaccagct	tcacttggtg	attatgatac	420
atggctatta	agagactcaa	atgactccat	ttcatcaact	aatatgcctt	gtcaattcta	480
cttctaaagt	atccccatgtt	ctatccaatg	tcataccact	atcataattt	aagtgttcat	540
aactctctat	aatatttcaa	taatctaact	ggctctcaatg	cctgtagtag	aaattgcaga	600
ttgggctccc	caattttctgt	tccttaggaa	ggctgagaaa	gctttt		646

<210> 344
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 344
 cctgcacccc agtataaggg cctccccagc tgagtaagaa gctgcttccc ctctctcat 60
 aggccaagcc tatttgtgtga aaccatctca tggctcttggg gacgtagacc atttttgaaa 120
 ccgtctcatg gtcttgggtga cgtagaccgt ttgcttcttt aactccagcc gcggaatgac 180
 attagtggaa ccgggctagg gaactgctgg aagttcagga tgccaccacc ttgaacacct 240
 aggccaggga tccccacccat gtcccgggtt tctttcttcg agagtataga accgttcatt 300
 cttgctttgt gtcccattcc atctcttgaa aaaatgtagt ctttgaatgt gtgaaaatct 360
 aggacattc aatctagtct ttt 383

<210> 345
 <211> 263
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 345
 cctccccttc ccctttgctg gtgggaggag ctctgtgct ccttggccgc ttactggaag 60
 ggcgtttttc agagctgcag ggacagggtg agcagctgaa gggctaggag ggaagccggc 120
 ccccgctctg cagaagctgc atttcagctg aatctgtgtt tcagcctcag ttggttgac 180
 cgttagcccc tctctcccc gatggctcatg tttttgtcac attagagaat aaacagccac 240
 acacacattt ttttttttcc ttt 263

<210> 346
 <211> 132
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 346
 aaatccaaat acaaaaagcat agtctctgca agattttgtt ctttgaattt cttgatattg 60
 taattgatta ttgataactg tcatcatgaa attatctctc aataataaga taaataaact 120
 agcatatgaa tc 132

<210> 347
 <211> 564
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)... (564)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347
 cctgggtatc cagggagggt ctgcagccct gctgaagggc cctaactaga gttctagagt 60
 ttctgattct gtttctcagt agtcttttta gaggttggc atacttggc tgcttcaagg 120
 aggtcgacct tctaattgat gaagaatggg atgcatttga tctcaagacc aaagacagat 180
 gtcagtgggc tgctctggcc ctggtgtgca cggtgtggc agctgttgat gccagtgtcc 240
 tctaactcat gctgtccttg tgattaaaca cctctatctc ccttgggaat aagcacatac 300
 aggcttaagc tctaagatag atagggtgtt gtccctttac catcgagcta cttcccataa 360
 taaccacttt gcatccaaca ctcttcaccc acctcccata cgcaagggga tgtggatact 420
 tggcccaaag taactggtgg taggaatctt agaacaaga ccacttatac tgtctgtctg 480

aggnagaaga taacagcagc atctcgacca gcctctgcct taaaggaaat ctttattaat 540
cacgtatggt tcacaagata attc 564

<210> 348
<211> 321
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(321)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 348
gcncatgaac anggagcaac ganaagagat gtcgggctaa gggcccggga cgggcggcac 60
ccatcctgcn acggaacacn ttcgggtntt ggttttgatt ngttcacctc tgtttatatg 120
cancatatttg ntccctcctcc cccaccccag nccccaaactt catgcttntc ttccgcctc 180
agccnccctg cccgtgcctc gcggtgagtc antgaccacn gnttcccttg cangagccgc 240
cgggcgtgag acnngaccc tcnntgcata caccaggccg ggcccnngct ggctccccc 300
gnggccctgt gaaanagctg g 321

<210> 349
<211> 255
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 349
ccatgacagt gaaggggctg ttaggaatat caacaccacc gaagcgcaca tagatcacat 60
atgtgcccgg cttggcagct gtgtagaaga tgtcataggt tccatcttca ttctcaatga 120
catcggcctc ggccctcagtg ccatctgggg tcagaaccgt gcaggctact ttacccttcc 180
cggcagtcctt ggcatacaacc acaaagccta cttcttcgcc agttttcaca gtggaggcga 240
ttccaggacc cgtag 255

<210> 350
<211> 496
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(496)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 350
gggcttattn gctcacaaaa tcattcnctt ttggaactat ggccaattga agctacacac 60
tgaatttatt aatacagcat taagtttctt tgtgtnaaaa aatctttgtt cncagtaata 120
aaaaaagata aggcaagatg cattaaacat gaaaccttct ggctcttttc ctctgcgttt 180
ttacagagcc actgatgact atctgcaaca aaagagttaa gtttctgatt ttccgtatca 240
agcatcttat gcctttgctg tggttaagaat tctggccaag caccctgaag gacagatgct 300
ggtgatggnc tttggcactt atgctggcaa actgagcttc tttcccttga gtacttttgn 360
aatgtacaag tagaagaagt cacaagtata ggatggctctg gactacgccg gccaccacag 420
caatgaggtc aaagaagccc tcaaagnaga agcgnccaga tccagttgac aagatacaaa 480
gcacgataga ggccca 496

<210> 351

<211> 109
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(109)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 351
 ccatagtgaa gcctgggaat gagggttact gcagcatctg ggctgccanc cacaggggaag 60
 ggccaagccc catgtagccc cagtcaccc gccagcccc gcctcctgg 109

<210> 352
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 352
 ccttcgagag tgacctggct gccaccagg accgtgtgga gcagattgcc gccatcgcac 60
 aggagctcaa tgagctggac tattatgact caccagtggt caacgcccgt tgccaaaaga 120
 tctgtgacca gtgggacaat ctggggggccc taactcagaa gcgaagggaa gctctggagc 180
 ggaccgagaa actgctggag accattgacc agctgtactt ggagtatgcc aagcgggctg 240
 cacccttcaa caactggatg gagggggcca tggaggacct gcaggacacc ttcattgtgc 300
 acaccattga ggagatccag ggactgacca cagcccatga gcagttcaag gccaccctcc 360
 ctgatgccga caaggagcgc ctgg 384

<210> 353
 <211> 345
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(345)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 353
 ccttggtcag gatgaagtng gctgacacac cttagcttgg ntttgcttat tcaaaagana 60
 aaataactac acatggaaat gaaactagct gaagcctttt cttgttttan caactgaaaa 120
 ttgnacttgg ncacttttgt gcttgaggag gccattttc tgccctggcag ggggcaggta 180
 tgtgccctcc cgctgactcc tgctgtgtcc tgaggtgcat ttctgttgn ncacacaang 240
 gccangntcc attctccctc ctttttcacc agngccacan cctnntctgg aaaaangacc 300
 agnggtcccg gaggaaccca tttgngctct gcttgacag canag 345

<210> 354
 <211> 712
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 354
 ccattctaaa tagcatcaat ggtgccatca cccagttctc ttgcaacatc tcccacctca 60
 gcagcctgat cgctcagcta gaagagaagc agcagcagcc caccagggag ctctgcagg 120
 acattgggga cacattgagc agggctgaaa gaatcaggat tcctgaacct tggatcacac 180
 ctccagattt gcaagagaaa atccacattt ttgccccaaa atgtctattt ttgacggaga 240

gtctaaagca	gttcacagaa	aaaatgcagt	cagatatgga	gaaaatccaa	gaattaagag	300
aggctcagtt	atactcagtg	gacgtgactc	tggacccaga	cacggcctac	cccagcctga	360
tcctctctga	taatctgcgg	caagtgcggt	acagttacct	ccaacaggac	ctgcctgaca	420
accccgagag	gttcaatctg	ttccctgtg	tcttgggctc	tccatgcttc	atcgccggga	480
gacattattg	ggaggtagag	gtgggagata	aagccaagtg	gaccataggt	gtctgtgaag	540
actcagtgtg	cagaaaaggt	ggagtaacct	cagcccccca	gaatggattc	tgggcagtgt	600
ctttgtggta	tgggaaagaa	tattgggctc	ttacctccca	atgactgccc	taccctgctg	660
gaccccgctc	cagcgggtgg	gggattttct	tggactatga	tgctggggga	gg	712

<210> 355

<211> 385

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 355

cctcatagcc	gcttagcaca	gttacagaat	gtctgaaggg	gacagtgtgg	gagaatccgt	60
ccatgggaaa	ccttcgggtg	tgtacagatt	tttcacaaga	cttggacaga	tttatcagtc	120
ctggctagac	aagtccacac	cctacacggc	tgtgcgatgg	gtcgtgacac	tgggcctgag	180
ctttgtctac	atgattcgag	tttacctgct	gcagggttgg	tacattgtga	cctatgcctt	240
ggggatctac	catctaaatc	ttttcatagc	ttttctttct	cccaaagtgg	atccttcctt	300
aatggaagac	tcagatgacg	gtccttcgct	accaccaaaa	cagaacgagg	aattccgccc	360
cttcattcga	aggctcccag	agttt				385

<210> 356

<211> 347

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 356

aaatgagata	aagaaagtct	cctttttgtt	ttagatggaa	aagaaagcac	aagttttttc	60
tacctgrgaa	tgaacttttg	tgacctatat	gtgccattca	tgcagcattt	ttgttcatat	120
tggcttagaa	ttcagtgcac	gaatatcatt	acattcttat	atctaacatt	cctagtttagc	180
tttgattcaa	aatatacaaa	atctgatata	tgaatacttt	gctagattaa	tgacttgatc	240
atcttttgaa	tgagtaggca	agacgatttt	tacctattat	ttctatgttg	tgggtaaatgt	300
taaaactaaa	tacagatgat	aataattgct	atttcacagt	gatgttt		347

<210> 357

<211> 313

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 357

aaagtaatca	acctctctgt	ccttccatta	gtctggatcg	tctaaagatt	gttttatttt	60
tagaggctca	tccggtcaga	tgtagtgat	gtgaaatttc	aggccaggcg	tgacgtcagc	120
gtggcatttg	aaacagctcc	atgttgccct	tagtgctgtc	tgaccgaagc	ctgtctgtcc	180
tcagatataa	agatgaagcg	cagctgtata	aagaagagca	cctgaggaat	cggcagcacc	240
ctcactgcta	cgttcagtag	atgatcgcca	tcatacaaaa	ctgccagacc	ttcaaggaat	300
ccatagtcag	ttt					313

<210> 358

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 358

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aaaaagaagg acttaggggtg tcgtttttcac atatgacaat gttgcattta tgatgcagtt      60
tcaagtacca aaacgttgaa ttgatgatgc agtttttcata tatcgagatg ttcgctcgtg      120
cagtactgtt gggttaaata caatttatgt ggatttttgca tgtaatacac agtgagacac      180
agtaatttta tctaaattac agtgcagttt agttaatcta ttaatactga ctcagtgtct      240
gcctttaaat ataaatgata tgttgaaaac ttaaggaagc aaatgctaca tatatgcaat      300
ataaaatagt aatgtgatgc tgatgctgtt aaccaaaggg cagaataaat aagcaaaatg      360
ccaaaagggg tcttaattga aatgaaaatt taattttgtt ttt                                403

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<210> 359

<211> 411

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359

```

aaataaatac ttagaacacg acttggtctc tacaagcatc tggactctag gtctcagtac      60
tggagtgtct caccatgagg cccacgcag ggacgccacg gttccctccc acccctgat      120
caagacacgg aatcggtctg cgatggttgg atcgcaatgc gcccttttc tagagccttc      180
ccgggccatc tacaggcagg atgcggttgg gaaaaagaca actggaattt ctcgaagggt      240
gatggtccgc acggttgagg attctacgtg gttctcttgg ttcctctggg gtgtgtgtgt      300
gtggaggagg ccgcggccct tagatcacct tcttgagctc gtcgtacagg accagcacga      360
aggcgccccc catgccccgc aggacgttgg accacgcacc cttgaagaag g                                411

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<210> 360

<211> 378

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(378)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 360

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cctcttcagg ggcccgagcc agggacaggg ccttggtttc cttctccctg gcttctgctt      60
cagctctgtc cctctcatcc gcgtatttgg aagagatgtt tttctcctcg gctaacaact      120
gatcaaattt cctctgttcc ttttccaggt tggacacgag ttgccgctgg ttgtccaaat
180caacaaccag gtcgtccagc tctgtctgaa gcctgttctt ggtcttttcc agtttatcat
240
aagcggccgc cttctcctcg tactgctggg tgaggntctc gatctccttc tggaaacctct      300
tcttcccttc ttccagagct tccacggngc tggcaaagtc ctgcagcttc ttcttcgagt      360
cggagagctg gatgttga                                378

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<210> 361

<211> 372

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

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aaatactggg ggccattaag agtggatgta gctaagagct tagctaacat tgcctttttca      60
ctctattttt ctcagatatt gtaagcattc tgttttttcaa tattgtagtt aatttttttg      120
ctttcaacag cagccctagt aatgggtggag ttgttaatta atgtgtatat tgtactgaat      180
ttctgtcagt taaggggttc actgcttttg tggaaatttg tggaaattgc tagcagggtc      240
cacgatgttt atttttttct ccatgttgta tatcattacc atttcacata cgcgttttcta      300
tttttcttcc tctcctcctg atctccttaa aatgaatct agagttgggtg gctttttccc      360
cctcctcttt gg                                372

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<210> 362
 <211> 544
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 362
 cctgagtcac ctacataggt gttgcagcaa gccctggatt cagagtgtta aacagaggct 60
 tgccctcttc aggacaacag ttccaattcc aaggagccta cctgagggtc ctactctcac 120
 tgggggtcccc aggatgaaaa cgacaatgtg cctttttatt attatttatt tgggtggcct 180
 gtgttattta agagatcaaa tgtataacca cctagctctt ttcacctgac ttagtaataa 240
 ctcataactaa ctgggttggga tgcctgggtt gtgacttcta ctgaccgcta gataaacgtg 300
 tgccctgtccc ccagggtggg ggaataattt acaatctgtc caaccagaaa agaattgtgtg 360
 tgtttgagca gcattgacac atatctactt tgataagaga cttcctgatt ctctagggtc 420
 gttcgtgggt atcccattgt ggaaattcat cttgaatccc attgtcctat agtcctagca 480
 ataagagaaa tttcctcaag tttccatgtg cggttctcct agctgcagca atactttgac 540
 attt 544

<210> 363
 <211> 328
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 363
 aaactgggta tgacaaaagc ctttagttgt gtttcttgaa ctataaagaa aacaaatttt 60
 ggcagtcttt aagtatatat agcttaaaat ataattttta gcatttggca ccatatgtat 120
 gccattarat ttgattttgc attactgtt cacaatgaag ctttctttaa ggctttgatt 180
 tttatgatta tgaaagaaat aaggcacaac cacagttttt ctttcttaaa tttcatcact 240
 gttgatgtgg ttctttttgt ttaaaaaaaaa aaagtgcac tatcaaaact aaaaaattat 300
 agagtaatat tgccgttctg ctgatttt 328

<210> 364
 <211> 569
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 364
 cctgggcacc tctttgcttg aaatatggca agacttgga aaatgtttgc ccttagaatc 60
 tatctcacta ctttagtttag ttgtctcct tgggcctggg cacagtctct gccctgatct 120
 ggaacagact cccttttcta aaactgaact tgaccacatc aaaagtgtgt aaaacaatct 180
 ccatggtaat taaacttgca ttcaacacca tatggtaaca gaagatggca aaggataaga 240
 ttcagatctt agatctttcc aagtagggca tgttagatga tagaaggatt agttgcaagc 300
 tggatctgag ctgaggcttg ggcattgaagg aaactgtctc ccatgtgggt tggaagagtt 360
 aggggctccc tgagctctat tgtgaactat acgggtttca tccaaggaaat ggtatgatgt 420
 gggcataaaa ccattcttca gacaactgaa gatgggtccc ttctgtagcc agaaacacta 480
 gctgtcctgc attgtccatt tcttttagcc ccaggcgggtc ctgtgtgtac agggaggtct 540
 cctgtaaggg aatggtttcc ttggcttg 569

<210> 365
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 365
 aaaaaaaaaa atccttttat tatggaattt gtcaaacaca cacacaagca taacaaaccc 60

ctagggtaccc atctccaagt ttgacccct attataattt catcttcagt gttttattat 120
ccacttcctc tctctctatc tttagtattt t 151

<210> 366
<211> 508
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(508)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 366
agtataaaga tatattccat aaaagagttt ggcagtcaaa ganaagcatc gcacttccga 60
aaaacacaag cattcttctc ctagtctaca gagaattgng taaaaaaaaa aaaaaatcat 120
catcaacagc cnccantnta cnccacacta gaatgtacac tccggcaagt aaattaaggn 180
tgcagtcctat ccctgaacga tganaagnng tctgagctat gycaaagngt tanaaagtag 240
cccagctana caaatgcccc agctatcccc aggggagtta ttcagtactt aanacttcat 300
ttccaananc agccccggaa aagccctgac aggaaggggg gaccagngat caccgatntc 360
ccattagggg cggncaccaa aaacaaaatg cctggagctt ntgagcagct gcagcctggg 420
gttggtggcta ggcncngggg gnggttgcaa aaaaacggct gtntccgggg agaggcaaat 480
ggcaggccag ccagccctgg gtacatgg 508

<210> 367
<211> 382
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367
cctgagcggc tagtctttaa gatgcgcttc tategtttgc tgcaaatccg agcagaagcc 60
ctcctggcgg caggcagcca tgtgatcatt ctgggtgacc tgaatacagc ccaccgcccc 120
attgaccact gggatgcagt caacctggaa tgctttgaag aggacccagg gcgcaagtgg 180
atggacagct tgctcagtaa cttgggggtgc cagtctgcct ctcatgtagg gcccttcac 240
gatagctacc gctgcttcca accaaagcag gagggggcct tcacctgctg gtcagcagtc 300
actggcgccc gccatctcaa ctatggctcc cggcttgact atgtgctggg ggacaggacc 360
ctggctcatag acacctttca gg 382

<210> 368
<211> 174
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368
ctttctcct ctttgacaag gatggagatg gcactatcac caccaaggag ttggggacag 60
tgatgagatc cctgggacag aacccactg aagcagagct gcaggatatg atcaatgagg 120
tggatgcaga tgggaacggg accattgact tcccggagtt cctgaccatg atgg 174

<210> 369
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369
aaatctcatg ggttctatta aaaaaatata tatatagggc cccaatccat tgccatcaaa 60

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ttgcccttgg acttttccaa ggtatattat ggggttttat gcaaaattcc aagctaccat 120
gtaacttttt ttaaccattt aacaaggagg ggggaactgtt tctaccttc ttacatgtt 180
gtgcattgtt gtggtccaga aatgccaaac cttttt 216

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<210> 370
<211> 344
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 370
ccttggtcag gatgaagttg gctgacacag cttagcttgg ttttgcttat tcaaaagaga 60
aaataactac acatggaaat gaaactagct gaagcctttt cttgttttag caactgaaaa 120
ttgtacttgg tcacttttgt gcttgaggag gccattttc tgcctggcag ggggcaggtc 180
tgtgccctcc cgctgactcc tgcgtgtgcc tgagggtgcat ttctgttgt acacacaagg 240
gccaggctcc attctccctc cttttccacc agtgcacag cctcgtctgg aaaaaggacc 300
aggggtcccg gaggaacca tttgtgctct gcttgacag cagg 344

```

```

<210> 371
<211> 741
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(741)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 371
aaattacata tctaattgtg tgatttggtt aatgcccatt tcttcatcta agtgctaagt 60
gctaagtgtg gcagtttggt ccttgctaca ctccaaggca caaggaggtt caaggaaatgt 120
gcaatggaaa tcagtttagat gaatgtgtta ggaaccttcc ctttaataaa gctggatccc 180
acactagccc ctacaccctc tcatcaccaa atattcctgc ttctctcac ctgcacttgc 240
tgttctctcc tctgccacac aaatctacct ctcaagccta ggtcccacct gcttcatgac 300
aactttccag actattccag aacctttaac catctctgac ctctcatcag atctatgttg 360
tacataacac caattaatga gatcattact gctttatgct ctaattgctt cctgtattca 420
aaatcttctc tccaaccaca taatgactcc ctaaaacttct cttgtatttt ccaatgcctt 480
gtacaagcac agaactggtc aatcaataaa tactcactgg ttatttgagg aaaaaatgtt 540
gccaaagcacc atctttatca gaaaataaat caattcttct aaacttggag aaatcaccct 600
attcctagta tgtgatctta attagaacaa ttcagattga gaangngaca gcattgctggc 660
agtccctcaga gccctcgtt gctctcgga cctccctgcc tgggctccca ctttggtggc 720
atgtgaggag cccttcagcc t 741

```

```

<210> 372
<211> 218
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(218)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 372
ccgccagtgt gctggaattc gcccttggcc gcccgggcag gtaccacaac agcaggncgt 60

```

```

agtgagaaat ctaccacctt ctacagtagc cccagatcac cggacacaac actctcacct    120
gccagcacga caagctcagg cgtcagtga gaatccacca cctcccacag cggaccaggg    180
tcaacgcaca caacagcatt ccctggcagt accttggg    218

```

```

<210> 373
<211> 168
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 373
actgctaggg aatgctgttg tgtgcattga gcctggtcgg ctgtgggagg tgggtggattc    60
ttcactgacg cctgagcttg tcgtgctggc aggtgagagt gttgtgtccg gtgatctggg    120
gctactgtag aaggtggtag atttctcact caggcctgct gttgtggg    168

```

```

<210> 374
<211> 154
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(154)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 374
tgagaaatct accaccttct acagngagcc ccanatcacc ggacacaaca ctctcacctg    60
ccagcacgac aagctcaggc gtcagtgaag aatccaccac ctcccacagc cgaccagget    120
caacgcacac aacagcattc cctggcagta cctc    154

```

```

<210> 375
<211> 275
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 375
actgccaggg gacagtgttg tgtcagttga acctgggctg ctgtgggaag ttgttgattc    60
ctgactgggg cctgaggttg tgggtgctggc aggtaacagt gttgtatccg ttgagcctgg    120
gctgctgttg gaagttgtag aatgccgact gaggcctggc gtgggtggtgc tgcagggaa    180
tgctgttgtg tgcgttgagc ctggctcggt gtgggaggtg gtggattctt cactgacgcc    240
tgagcttgtc gtgctggcag gtgagagtgt tgtgg    275

```

```

<210> 376
<211> 191
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(191)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 376
actgccaggg gacagtgttg tgtcagttga acctgagctg ctgtgggaag ttgttgattc    60
ctgactggag cctgaggttg tgggtgctggc aggtaacagt gttgtatccg ttgagcctgg    120
gctgctgttg gaagttgtag aatgccgact gaggcctgcc gtgggtggtgc tgnataggaa    180

```

tgctgctagc g

191

<210> 377

<211> 476

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 377

ccgccagtgt gctggaattc gcccttggcc gcccgggcag gtacatttcc ttgtagactc	60
tggttaatttc ctgcagctcc tggttggttc tggagcagat gatctcaatg agagagtcct	120
cgctcggttcc cagcccccttc atggaagctt ttagctcaga agcgtcatac tgagcaggtg	180
tcttcaatag gcccaaaatc accgtctcca ggtggccaga taaggctgac ttcagtgtcg	240
atgcaagttc ctttttggtc cttctctggt aggcgaaggc aatatcctgt ctctgtgcat	300
tgctgcggtt ggtcaaaatg ttgacaatgg tgacctcacc cacacctttg gtcttgatgg	360
ctgtttcaat gttcaaagca tcccgtctcag catcaaagtt agtataggct ttgacagacc	420
catatgcact tgggggtgta gagtgatcac cctccaagcc gagcttgacac aggatt	476

<210> 378

<211> 455

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(455)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 378

agtggtgctgg aattcgccct tggcgcgccg ggcaggtaca catcccatct tcaaatttaa	60
aatcatattg tcagttgtcc aaagcagctt gaatttaaag tttgtgctat aaaattgtgc	120
aaatatgtta aggattgaga cccaccaatg cactactgta atatttcgct tcctaaattt	180
cttccaccta cagataatag acaacaagtc tgagaaacta aggctaacca aacttagata	240
taaatectac caataaaatt tttcagtttt aagttttaca gtttgattta aaaacaaaac	300
agaaacaaat ttcaaaaataa atcacatctt ctcttaaaac ttggcaaacc cttccctaac	360
tgtccaagtn tgagcatata ctgccactgg ctttagatac tccaattaaa tgcactactc	420
tttcactggt ctgaatgaag tatggtgaaa caagc	455

<210> 379

<211> 297

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(297)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 379

agctcggatc cctagnacgg ccgccagtgt gctggaattc gcccttagcg ggggccccggg	60
caggtaaaaa gaatccttag acgccatact gagttttaag ttccttaatt cctaatttaa	120
ggcttctagt gaagcctcct cacagtaggc ttcactaggc ccacagtgcc cctagacctc	180
tgacaatccc accctagaca gactttattg caaaatgcgc ctgaagaggc agatgattcc	240
caagagaact caccaaatca agacaaatgt cctagatctc tagtgtggna gaactat	297

<210> 380

<211> 144
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(144)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 380
 acttttgctga aaattctttt tcccagggtc tataaaacat taatttgttt ttatatattta 60
 ctattttttt gngttttttt gtttttaaat caataagtaa tctaggacta gcattatgtt 120
 tgctagacct ggcatttgct cggc 144

<210> 381
 <211> 424
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381
 actcttgaat acaagtttct gataccactg cactgtctga gaatttccaa aactttaatg 60
 aactaactga cagcttcctg aaactgtcca ccaagatcaa gcagagaaaa taattaattt 120
 catgggacta aatgaactaa tgaggataat attttcataa ttttttattt gaaattttgc 180
 tgattcttta aatgtcttgt ttcccagatt tcaggaaact ttttttcttt taagctatcc 240
 acagcttaca gcaatttgat aaaatatact tttgtgaaca aaaattgaga catttacatt 300
 ttctccctat gtggtcgctc cagacttggg aaactattca tgaatattta tattgtatgg 360
 taatatagtt attgcacaag ttcaataaaa atctgctctt tgtataacag aatacatttg 420
 aaaa 424

<210> 382
 <211> 408
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 382
 actcttgaat acaagtttct gataccactg cactgtctga gaatttccaa aactttaatg 60
 aactaactga cagcttcctg aaactgtcca ccaagatcaa gcagagaaaa taattaattt 120
 catgggacta aatgaactaa tgaggataat attttcataa ttttttattt gaaattttgc 180
 tgattcttta aatgtcttgt ttcccagatt tcaggaaact ttttttcttt taagctatcc 240
 acagcttaca gcaatttgat aaaatatact tttgtgaaca aaaattgaga catttacatt 300
 ttctccctat gtggtcgctc cagacttggg aaactattca tgaatattta tattgtatgg 360
 taatatagtt attgcacaag ttcaataaaa atctgctctt tgtatgac 408

<210> 383
 <211> 455
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(455)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 383
 actcttgaat acaagtttct gataccactg cactgtctga gaatttccaa aactttaatg 60

```

aactaactgn cnncttcatg aaactgtcca ccaagatcaa gcagagaaaa taattaattt 120
catgggacta aatgaactaa tgaggataat attttcataa ttttttattt gaaattttgc 180
tganncttta aatgtcttgt ttcccagatt tcaggaaact ttttttcttt taagctatcc 240
acagcttata gcaatttgat aaaatatact ttgtgaaca aaaattgaga catttacatt 300
ttctccctat gtggtcgctc cagacttggn aaactattca tgaatattta tattgtatgg 360
taatatagtt attgcacaag ttcaataaaa atctgctctt tgtataacag aatacatttg 420
aaaacattgg ttatattacc aagactttga ctaga 455

```

<210> 384

<211> 376

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(376)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 384

```

actcttgaat acaaggttct gatatcactg cactgtctga gaatttccaa aactttaatg 60
aactaactga cagcttcatg aaactgtcca ccaagatcaa gcagagaaaa taattaattt 120
catgggacta aatgaactaa tgaggataat attttcataa ttttttattt gaaattttgc 180
tgattcttta aatgtcttgt ttcccagatt tcaggaaact ttttttcttt ttaagctatc 240
cacagcttac agcaatttga taaaatatac ttgtgngaac aaaaattgag acatttacat 300
ttctcccta tgtgggcgct ccagacttgg gaaactattc atgaatattt atattgnatg 360
ggaatatagc altgcc 376

```

<210> 385

<211> 422

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 385

```

acctgtgggt ttattaccta tgggtttata tcctcaaata cgacattcta gtcaaagtct 60
tggtaatata accaatgttt tcaaatgtat tctgtcatat aaagagcaga tttttattga 120
acttgtgcaa taactatatt accatacaat ataaatattc atgaatagtt tcccagtct 180
ggagcgacca catagggaga aaatgtaaat gtctcaattt ttgttcacaa aagtatattt 240
tatcaaattg ctgtaagctg tggatagctt aaaagaaaaa aagtttctctg aaatctggga 300
aacaagacat ttaaagaatc agcaaaattt caaataaaaa attatgaaaa tattatcctc 360
attagttcat ttagtcccat gaaattaatt attttctctg cttgatcttg gtggacagtt 420
tc 422

```

<210> 386

<211> 313

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 386

```

caagtaggtc tacaagacgc tacttccctt atcatagaag agcttatcac ctttcatgat 60
cacgccctca taatcatttt ctttatctgc ttcttagtcc tgtatgccct tttcctaaca 120
ctcacaacaa aactaactaa tactaacatc tcagacgctc aggaaataga aaccgtctga 180
actatcctgc ccgccatcat cctagtccctc atcgccctcc catccctacg catcctttac 240
ataacagacg aggtcaacga tccctccctt accatcaaat caattggcca ccaatggtac 300
tgaacctacg agt 313

```

<210> 387
 <211> 236
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 387
 cgccctcata atcattttcc ttatctgctt cctagtcctg tatgcccttt tcctaacact 60
 cacaacaaaa ctaactaata ctaacatctc agacgctcag gaaatagaaa ccgtctgaac 120
 tatcctgccc gccatcatcc tagtcctcat cgccctccca tccctacgca tcctttacat 180
 aacagacgag gtcaacgata cctcccttac catcaaatca attggccacc aatggg 236

<210> 388
 <211> 195
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 388
 acgccctttt cctaacactc acaacaaaaac taactaatac taacatctca gacgctcagg 60
 aatagaaac cgtctgaact atcctgcccg ccacatcctc agtcctcacc gccctcccat 120
 ccctacgcat cctttacata acagacgagg tcaacgatcc ctccttacc atcaaatcaa 180
 ttggccacca atggg 195

<210> 389
 <211> 183
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(183)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 389
 taacactcac aacaaaacta actaatacta nnatctcaga cgctcaggaa atagaaaccn 60
 cctgaactat cctgcccgcg atcatcctag tcctcatcgc cctcccatcc ctacncatcc 120
 ttacataaac agacgaggtc aacgatccct cccttaccat caaatcaatt ggccaccaat 180
 ggt 183

<210> 390
 <211> 473
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 390
 acaaagcagc aactgcaata ctcaagggtt aaacattaga aaagcatttg tgtgacaggt 60
 atattacagt attatcaaaa tattacattt tcagacttac ttagcagata atcatccacc 120
 agagcttaaa tcttttaatt atttccatag tcttaaaaaa tatgtaatgt cagaatgcac 180
 ataaaaagaa tgtaaaagga aacctaataa acaaattggaa taatgtaaca aataaatatt 240
 tgattttcagt aactgttaat aatcagctca acaccaccat tctctctaaa ctcaatttaa 300
 ttcttatagg aataatgaac tgtcaaatgc catggcataa ttatttattt ccaagctatc 360
 atcaatgatt agaactaaaa aaaatttggc ataaaaaaat cacaattcag cataaataaa 420
 gctatttttta gcttcaacac tagctagcat ctctaagaat tgttgaaata agt 473

<210> 391
 <211> 216

<212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(216)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
 atttgtattt taggtttcct tttacattct ttttatatgc nntctgacat tacatatattt 60
 ttaagactat ggaaataatt taaagattta agctctggtg gatgattatc tgctaagtaa 120
 gtctgaaaat gtaatatattt gataatactg taatatacct gtcacacaaa tgcttttcta 180
 atgttttaac cttgagtatt gcagttgctg ctttgt 216

<210> 392
 <211> 98
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 392
 acttatttca acaattctta gagatgctag ctagtggtga agctaaaaat agctttattt 60
 atgctgaatt gtgatttttt tatgccaaat ttttttaa 98

<210> 393
 <211> 397
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 393
 tgccgatata ctctagatga agttttacat tgttgagcta ttgctgttct cttgggaact 60
 gaactcactt tctcctgag gctttggatt tgacattgca tttgacctt tatgtagtaa 120
 ttgacatgtg ccagggcaat gatgaatgag aatctacccc cagatccaag catcctgagc 180
 aactcttgat tatccatatt gagtcaaag gttaggcattt cctatcacct gtttccattc 240
 aacaagagca ctacattcat ttagctaaac ggattccaaa gagtagaatt gcattgaccg 300
 cgactaattt caaaatgctt tttattatta ttatttttta gacagtctca ctttgtcgcc 360
 caggccggag tgcagtgggtg cgatctcaga tcagtgt 397

<210> 394
 <211> 373
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(373)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394
 ttacattggt gagctattgc tgttctcttg ggaactgaac tcactttcct cctgaggctt 60
 tggatttgac attgcatttg accttttatg tagtaattga catgtgccag ggcaatgatg 120
 aatgagaatc tacccccaga tccaagcatc ctgagcaact cttgattatc catattgagt 180
 caaatggtag gcatttccta tcacctgttt ccattcaaca agagcactac attcatttag 240
 ctaaacggat tccaaagagt agaattgcat tgaccacgac tantttcaaa atgcttttta 300
 ttattattat tttttagaca gtctcacttt gtcgccagg ccggagtga gtggtgcgat 360
 ctcagatcag tgt 373

<210> 395
 <211> 411
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(411)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 395
 actgatcatt ctatttcccc ctctattgat cccacacctc aaatatctca tcaacaaccg 60
 actaatcacc acccaacaat gactaatcaa actaacctca aaacaaatga taaccataca 120
 caacactaaa ggacgaacct gatctcttat actagtatcc ttaatcattt ttattgccac 180
 aactaacctc ctcggaactc tgcctcactc atttacacca accaccaat tatctataaa 240
 cctagccatg gccatccccct tatgagcggg cgcagtgatt ataggctttc gctctaagat 300
 taaaaatgcc ctagcccact tcttacngca aggcacacct acaccctta tccccatact 360
 agttattatc gaaaccatca gcctactcat tcaaccaata gccctggccg t 411

<210> 396
 <211> 411
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 396
 actgatcatt ctatttcccc ctctattgat cccacacctc aaatatctca tcaacaaccg 60
 actaattacc acccaacaat gactaatcaa actaacctca aaacaaatga tagccataca 120
 caacactaaa ggacgaacct gatctcttat actagtatcc ttaatcattt ttattgccac 180
 aactaacctc ctcggaactc tgcctcactc atttacacca accaccaac tatctataaa 240
 cctagccatg gccatccccct tatgagcggg cgcagtgatt ataggctttc gctctaagat 300
 taaaaatgcc ctagcccact tcttaccaca aggcacacct acaccctta tccccatact 360
 agttattatc gaaaccatca gcctactcat tcaaccaata gccctggccg t 411

<210> 397
 <211> 351
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(351)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397
 ngccgangta caaaaaaaag cacattccta gaaaaaggta ttggcaaata gtaaaaatgg 60
 gaggtcaaaa ncaaaaaaaa aaaaaacaaa acnaaaaaaa gaaaaaacca acaattcttc 120
 aattcagtg gcaaacatta tataaaaaata gaaatactaa ctctacaggc agtatttcct 180
 gataaattat ttaaatagca tatctacnca atctgagata tctattccaa tggcaatgag 240
 aaaataattt ataaaaataa agcaatggta taccanatga tagaaaaaaa cataacttcc 300
 agaaattgta tttaacattt caatgctatt tccttattgn gaatncttct c 351

<210> 398
 <211> 363
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 398

acaaaaaaaaa	gcacattcct	agaaaaaggt	attggcaaat	agtaaaaatg	ggagggtcaaa	60
agcaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaacaa	aacaaaaaaaaa	agaaaaaacc	aacaattcct	caattcagtg	120
tgcaaacatt	atataaaaaat	agaaatacta	actctacagg	cagtatttcc	tgataaatta	180
tttaaatagc	atatctacac	aatctgagat	atctattcca	atggcaatga	gaaaataatt	240
tataaaaaata	aagcaatggt	ataccagatg	atagaaaaaa	acataacttt	cagaaattgt	300
atttaacatt	tcaatgctat	ttccttattg	ggaatacttc	tctgcagagt	ttttatgcta	360
tgt						363

<210> 399

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 399

actgtttcct	cgtggttcag	gggtgtgcat	gaaggctctt	aggagagcaa	acacctgttc	60
ctattctgta	tgtccctccc	tcatttcaaa	tgagagtaac	caattgagta	aaataaccaa	120
ataaccattg	ccccaccatg	aacatggggc	ttgggaagac	agtcctacaa	tcttcatcat	180
atatttaggt	ttttaggcca	gccagctctt	tttttccaaa	gctttctttt	gaataccgcg	240
ccgggcgggc	cctaaggggc	aattctgcag	atatccatca	cactggcggc	cgctcgagca	300
tgcattctaga	gggcccatt	cgccctatag	tgagtcgtat	tacaattcac	tggccgtcgt	360

<210> 400

<211> 87

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(87)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 400

ctgcacatat	cnattacact	ggcggccgct	cgagcatgca	tgnagagggc	ccaattctcc	60
ctatattgag	tggaattaca	atnncnt				87

<210> 401

<211> 328

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(328)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401

accaggggac	acaaacactc	tgcctaggaa	aaccagagac	ctttgttcac	ttgtttatct	60
gctgaccttc	cttccactat	tgtcctatga	ccctgccaaa	tccccctctg	cgagaaacac	120
ccaagaatga	tcaataaaaa	ataaaataaa	attaaattaa	aaaaaaaaaa	agagaggaac	180
ccacaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaag	aaagtntata	aaataaaaata	ttgaagtcct	ttcccattaa	240
aaaaaaaaaa	aagaaaaagc	acggactctt	tcattccagtt	ctgatgtgat	tatctctgga	300
aggcattttc	tctcctctct	ccctcccc				328

<210> 402
 <211> 268
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(268)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
 nacataatga caacatcttc actagactga gtgttcaagg atttgagatg attcgctatt 60
 catcacacc cgaagattga gatccactgt atttacacaa agcaaagcca tgtcagcaag 120
 ggactgtcaa cctgattctg agaacataaa cattcaaaat ttattttcca gtgttccttt 180
 ttggaaacca acaacacatc tttaatacct acacacacac acatctntac ctttaaaaaa 240
 aaaaaaaaaag tgnaacttca cagatagt 268

<210> 403
 <211> 538
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 403
 acagtgatag ctccccctgg gcaatacaat acaagaacag tgggttttgt caaattggaa 60
 caaggaaaca gaaccacaga aataaatata ttgggttaaca tcagattagt tcaggttact 120
 tttttgtaaa agttaagta gaggggactt ctgtattatg ctaactcaag tagactggaa 180
 tctcctgtgt tctttttttt tttaaattgg ttttaatttt ttttaattgg atctatcttc 240
 ttccttaaca tttcagttgg agtatgtagc atttagcacc actggctcaa tgcgctcacc 300
 taggtgagag tgtgaccaa tcttaaagca ttagtgtat tatcagttac caccatttgg 360
 ggctttttatc cttcatgggt tatgatgttc tcctgatgac acatttctct gagttttgta 420
 attccagcca aagagagacc attcactatt tgatggctgg ctgcatgcag acatttaaag 480
 ctttttagaga atacactaca ccagggagta tgactactag tatgactatt aggagggg 538

<210> 404
 <211> 310
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 404
 tttttttata gatacaattg gcttttattt gtgattcatg agtcagggca gtttccattc 60
 tgcaaaatat agtgatagct cctactgggc aatacaacag tagaacagtg ggttttgtaa 120
 aatgggaatc caggaacaga agaataataa taaattgatt taaataaact gattgggtta 180
 tttcagaata cttcatatta cttttttcta agagttaaag cagaaaggac tttcttactg 240
 tgctgactca gacagcctgg actctcatgt ttttaggaaa attttgtctg ttctgggata 300
 tacctgcttc 310

<210> 405
 <211> 559
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 405
 acaaatacaca attattaact cactggtagg gcagtgatga tcaaaccaat tgcattcatc 60
 catgctgtaa tgttctctct tggcactaaa ggctgactgc agccggcaaa aaagaatgta 120

agtatgaatt tataaaaaaca ttttagatgg ctgacaacgg atcttatttt taaagaatat	180
gtctaattca gaggatcgac aactaatcca tttcaataaa acaatgggga attttttatt	240
gaataaaaaat gtaatatgca taaaaactca agaaggcttt ttaaaaatac ttcttcccca	300
atcattatcc catacttcat gctaattttt aaaagaatct tgaaatcttg aaaacaagat	360
gaagagaatc ttgttttaag tgacaagtta acattattcc tatattaaat gtcaaactgc	420
tattaatgag tagaagtagg aacaaacccg gatcttagga tcctgtccag ggctcattcc	480
ataactccta tatcacaaag acaagatctg gaaccagaaa acagtcatca tccaatgtgc	540
atcagccttg cggcaacag	559

<210> 406

<211> 427

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 406

acaacagaat atctcgggaa tggactcaga agtatgccat gtgatgctac cttaaagtca	60
gaataacctg cattatagct ggaataaact ttaaattact gttctttttt tgattttctt	120
atccggctgc tccctatca gacctcatct tttttaattt tttttttgt ttacctccct	180
ccattcatte acatgctcat ctgagaagac ttaagttctt ccagcttttg acaataactg	240
cttttagaaa ctgtaaagta gttacaagag aacagttgcc caagactcag aatttttaaa	300
aaaaaaaaatg gagcatgtgt attatgtggc caatgtcttc actctaactt ggttatgaga	360
ctaaaacat tctcactgc tctaacatgc tgaagaaatc atctgagggg gagggagatg	420
gatgctc	427

<210> 407

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 407

acaatttgta gttgtttcca ggtttggcta ataatcattc cttaacctag aattcagatg	60
atcctggaat taaggcaggt cagaggactg taatgataga attaaattag tgtcactaaa	120
aactgtccca aagtgtgtct tcctaatagg aattcattaa cctaaaacaa gatgttacta	180
ttatatcgat agactatgaa tgctatttct agaaaaagtc tagtgccaaa ttgtcttat	240
taaataaaaa caatgtagga gcagcttttc ttctagtttg atgtcattta agaattacta	300
acacagtggc agtgttaaat gaagatgctg tctacaaggt agataatata ctgtttgata	360
ctcaaaacat ttttcatttt gtttaaagta gaagttacat aattctatat tttaagtct	419

<210> 408

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (523)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408

acatttgatg ttatgtgaat gttgagtttt tttcttctaa ttttcacttc agcagtgttt	60
agggctttca gatgccttat tccagtgtga acagaaaaag ttcattttt atgtgggttaa	120
tgctttgatg tgtcacataa agagtagttt gtagaaaatg ttggcacaat ttttaacttct	180
tagtggttg tgacattata tattatatat atatgtatat atatctttat aacattcctg	240
tgtttagtag tgtaaatgtt ctgggcaagt ttttaatttt tgaatgcctt tggatattcc	300
agcaataaag gcatcatgtt ctgcaatagg atttcttact catttaccta ttttaacact	360

```

aaaatagacc acaactgagc acaaattcct tttataaatg ttatagaagc agggaagaat      420
aataaacaca tttgtgaatt gtggttcagt ttatttatct ttagggaagg ctgatcattt      480
atcttatagc acataacccc agcctcttat tcattatggn taa                          523

```

```

<210> 409
<211> 191
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(191)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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```

<400> 409
accccgtagt gatgagcact gactgggttca ctggccacat tttagttctt cataataata      60
ggccacaaaa gggctctgtg gtttgccctcc atgtgcaactg gcccctcccc acccctaggg      120
ggcactcagt agctgctgag aaggcctgtc cacgangctg ttggaacccc ttcaataaat      180
acttagaagn a                          191

```

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<210> 410
<211> 403
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(403)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 410
acactggcca gtgtgttttt ggcgattaaa cataatcctg tgaatcagat taattcactt      60
gctgagtgtt catttgccgc atccctctgt tgggtcttgg gggccctcca cgacctcgtg      120
gggctccccg tgggtccactc tgcccagagc ctgcgttgaa attctgctga tatccatccc      180
gttgatagcc agagtaatcc cggggagcac tgaactgaga ctgtgtataa ccaactgtttg      240
gagtgttaga gaatgaaggg cggttaaccat catatcctcc tctgaatcca ttggcagggc      300
cccggtatcc attcatcaag cctctagcac cacgggagcc tccacgagac acaccacgac      360
tattgtaata gggctgattg ctacgtggaa atccagtgn tctg                          403

```

```

<210> 411
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 411
acgtgaaatc ataacaacat gttctcttgt gtttggttcc tcttgctcag catgatattt      60
ttacggttca cccatattgc atgtatcagg aatataatcc tttttattat tgagttagtg      120
tctattgtat gtatatacca cagtttattt ctcccttcac cctttgctag attttgggt      180
tttttcacat tgcgctattc aagtataaac ctgctctcaa cattcatgtg caagtctttg      240
agtggacata tatttgccgt ttctcttgag tgaatgcacc ttggtgggtc acgtggctta      300
atttaaaaaa attttaatca ctgtggtgca tatgtagtga ttattagtga ttatctcata      360
attttatttt cttgatgact aatg                          384

```

```

<210> 412
<211> 315

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<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(315)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
acaatatatttc tcctttgaga agataggata tatgattttc ccaaaaatca caacttttgaa 60
ggaagactta nttgctgact tcaattatat cctggaactg gcaacttggt cccttccttt 120
gcttcaaaaa aagtgtgaaga aagagtgata agatcaactt taatcattct tggatcttca 180
gcaaattcag gatcaatgta gaaaaacact ggcataatcta ctccctcttg gggattaagc 240
ctttgtttctt caaaacagaa gcactgtatt ttattgaaat actgtccacc ttcaaatgga 300
acaatatattgt atgna 315

<210> 413
<211> 554
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(554)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
acaggttttca ctattacaaa tatatgatgt taaactaaca aactcatgac cttcaaagat 60
gtcttcgtcc cagcacaca catttgtaat ttgtgtccat ttgctatttc ccttcttcta 120
taatcttcaa attatatagt tatgcattga gttccctatg catctcacc atctccttta 180
tctcagcctt ctcatacttt gccattctct tctttctgga aataaccagc acaacaattc 240
cagcaacaac tgctatcacc acaaccacaa taacagcaat aacaccagct ttagaccct 300
gcattgagaa ttcaggtgct ttttcatcaa cataataaat taaagtttga ccaggatcca 360
gatccagttg ttccccattt actgtcaggt gccattttct tagaatgaaa caaggattca 420
cctttaacat ctttttcaaa ataataagcc acatcagcta tgtccacatc attctgagnt 480
ttttgagaag aattttgaac cagatcaata gtgataacat tattctcata caaataactc 540
gngataaatt ntgg 554

<210> 414
<211> 267
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 414
accagaaagg cacacgattt tacaatatatt gttggaatta ccttactttt taacctcttc 60
atagcagttt tggtttgagt atattgatga aagccaaagt ctggtatcta aaacttgggc 120
caatgtttcc caactggtat atgtcaggct ttcccaatag cttaactgtg accctatacg 180
gatggctttt tagatagttc tatactgctg tattgtgtta gcacttttct ttgtcattaa 240
caacacactt taaatgacat ttggtga 267

<210> 415
<211> 454
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 415

accggaacct gcagaaacag tgtgagaaat taagtccctgg ttcactgcgc agtagcaaag	60
atggtcaagg ccatggaaaa agcagaaatt taccaagaaa gctgataccc atgtatagtt	120
cccactcatc tcaaatacat ctgctatctt tttaagctaa gtcctagaca tatcggggat	180
aacatggggg ttgattagtg accacagtta tcagaagcag agaaatgtaa ttccatattt	240
tatttgaaac ttattccata ttttaattgg atattgagtg attgggttat caaacacca	300
caaactttaa ttttgttaaa tttatatggc tttgaaatag aagtataagt tgctaccatt	360
ttttgataac attgaaagat agtattttac catctttaat catcttgga aatacaagtc	420
ctgtgaacaa ccaactcttc acctagcagt atga	454

<210> 416

<211> 370

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 416

ccgacacggt gccagcgccc tgctgcgtgc ccgccagcta caatcccatg gtgctcattc	60
aaaagaccga taccgggggtg tcgctccaga cctatgatga cttgttagcc aaagactgcc	120
actgcatatg agcagtcctg gtccttccac tgtgcacctg cgcggaggac gcgacctcag	180
ttgtcctgcc ctgtggaatg ggctcaaggt tcctgagaca cccgattcct gcccaaacag	240
ctgtatttat ataagtcctg tatttattat taatttattg gggtgacctt cttggggact	300
cgggggctgg tctgatggaa ctgtgtattt atttaaaaact ctgggtgataa aaataaagct	360
gtctgaactg	370

<210> 417

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 417

acactttata tattccaaat tgatcagata tatggtttgc aaattcatct caatctgtag	60
cttatctttt cctcttctta aatcacaagt ttttaaattt tgaayaagtc caatatatca	120
gattttgtct tttatggatg tgctttcggg gcaaagtcca agaacttgtc acctagccca	180
agatcctgaa gatttttctc ctgtggcttt tttcaaagtt atctagtttt atgtatcaca	240
tttaagtccg ttatacattt tgagttaaatt tttatataag atgtgaggtt taagtagagg	300
ttcttttttc tctcgcctat ggggtgtctaa ttgctctagc ataatttgtc agaaaggcta	360
ttcttctctc attgaattgc tttttcactt tttcaaaatc agctgagcat atttatatgg	420
gtttatttct gggttctctc atctgttcca ttgacgtatg tgt	463

<210> 418

<211> 334

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 418

ttagcatttg cttttatttt ttacttttga tgccttttca aattggcatg tctttaaagt	60
atttttcttc ctgattaaaa atgtgtgtgt atgtgtgtgt gtgtgtgtat atatatattt	120
ttttaaatca cattaatttt accaagtga accaagccat actgtttttg agccaattaa	180
gaaaattgcc attttttaaag ttagcatttt cagggtaaag acccatgaaa tggcttgatg	240
tattctagac tactgaaaga aaaccacttc aaagattttg ttgaaagttt tagtgttgtc	300
tgaaatgcaa gaggggaaggt gattggtagt gagt	334

<210> 419

<211> 297

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 419

acttctttga ccaaggaata ccacagacac cctaccgata gaacagtggc tcagatctta	60
cttgctcctg cttacgaagt attcccaatc actgggtcatc tgaccctact tgaacactcc	120
tgaacagtca tgttttttaa aatcttcctt tatatcaagt cagagagtat acttctataa	180
atttcaactca tggatggttag gaaatctagt catcttcctt gtgattgccc tgttaagtat	240
ttaaccatag ctatcatgtg tttcccaaat cttctctaga ttaaatactc tcagtta	297

<210> 420

<211> 418

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 420

acgagaggaa ccgcagggtc agacatttgg tgtatgtcct atcaatagga gctgtatttg	60
ccatcatagg aggtctcatt cactgatttc cctattctc aggctacacc ctagaccaaa	120
cctacgccaa aatccatttc gctatcatat tcatcggtt aaatctaaact ttcttcccac	180
aacactttct cggcctatcc ggaatgcccc gacgttactc ggactacccc gatacataca	240
ccacatgaaa tatectatca tctgtaggct cattcatttc tctaacagca gtaatattaa	300
taattttcat gatttgagaa gccttcgctt cgaagcgaaa agtcctaata gtagaagaac	360
cctccataaa cctggagtga ctatatggat gccccccacc ctaccacaca ttccaaga	418

<210> 421

<211> 304

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 421

acgcctggac ccctgtgact tgcagcctat ctttgatgac atgctccact ttctaaatcc	60
tgaggagctg cgggtgattg aagagattcc ccaggctgag gacaaactag accggctatt	120
cgaaattatt ggagtcaaga gccaggaagc cagccagacc ctctggact ctgtttatag	180
ccatcttctt gacctgctgt agaacatagg gatactgcat tctggaaatt actcaattta	240
gtggcagggg ggttttttaa tttcttctg tttctgattt ttgttgtttg ggggtgtgtg	300
gtgt	304

<210> 422

<211> 578

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 422

actgtgcagg cagattcaca ggggtggtggt aaagcatcca caatggctct ggcagcatca	60
ggatcacact tgaaggggct ctacagacaaa gttgtattca tgcaactgat tccttttcca	120
ttcgttttct tagtcaactaa tgctttccaa tggcatgag tgcttttaaat aatatcaatg	180
gcaaagtcct tatctttaaa ttctgcatta aacgcaaact cattttcttg tttccatca	240
ggaaccttat accttctaaa ccagtccaca gtagcttcta agtagccagg tttcagccgt	300
ttgacatcat tgatattcatt ataattggct gcatcaggat catccacatt aatggcaatg	360
actttccagt cggtttcccc ttctgcaatc atagccaata tgccatagaac tttcaattat	420
ttatttcacc tcttgacat accttgcttc caatttcaca cacatcaatt gggtcattgt	480
caccacaaca gccagtatgt ttatcattgt gccctgggtc ttcccaagtc tgagggatgg	540
caccatagtt ccagatatat cctttatacg ggaacaaa	578

<210> 423

<211> 327

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(327)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423

acagtatatt	tttagaaact	cattttttcta	ctaaaacaaa	cacagttttac	tttagagaga	60
ctgcaataga	atcaaaaattt	gaaactgaaa	tctttgttta	aaaggggttaa	gttgaggcaa	120
gaggaaagcc	ctttctctct	cttataaaaa	ggcacaacct	cattggggag	ctaagctagg	180
tcattgtcat	ggtgaagaag	agaagcatcg	tttttatatt	taggaaattt	taaaagatga	240
tgyaaagcac	atttagcttg	gtctgaggca	ggttctgttg	gggcagtgtt	aatggaaagg	300
gctcactgnt	gntactacta	gaaaaat				327

<210> 424

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 424

acgaaaaata	aatctcctta	aaaactaaat	aaaatgcact	gtattcttac	agttaatggt	60
tataactata	gtaaaaaatt	aatatatatt	ctattacata	aatgttat	cttaggtgtt	120
ccattaagaa	gagcaataga	ataatgctaa	aaaataatgc	ctataaatct	tcagagtata	180
aagacatcca	ttcagaaaca	aaaattagca	ctaaattttt	tataaaatag	accagatgac	240
aaaattttatt	ttatttttaa	acagtgggtt	tgacacaaat	tatgttattg	aaaagcatta	300
ttaatgttta	atttatttaa	aattttggaa	tttgccattt	ctcagagaat	gatacaggcct	360
taggaaatta	atacagtagt	agta				384

<210> 425

<211> 255

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 425

actatcaggc	tttgtgctga	tttctgaac	aaactgcatt	atattatgaa	aacaaaagga	60
aaagaagaaa	taataaaaaac	tatactccca	tatttcactt	acagtgtttg	agttcctgga	120
aggacctata	taatggaggc	agcattcaaa	caagaaatta	tgccaatcaa	ctgtcaaatt	180
ttcactataa	ttttcctaaa	aaggcgtttt	ttcccccaata	tctattaatc	tcaaagaaac	240
ataagttgtg	aatgt					255

<210> 426

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(196)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 426

acatgaantn	nccaggccca	cacagccaga	cagcaacaga	accaagacct	agggctcttc	60
actcctgtta	catcacacca	tggcaatgat	tttacattct	ccaactgatt	caaatcatat	120

ggcagctagg gatttggggg ctccatgttt tatttcaatt gcaagttcaa gatttctttt 180
tatctttgtg ggctga 196

<210> 427
<211> 163
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 427
acagaagatc catggaggca agtgctgtca ggaaggacac tgcctccctc caccctccca 60
aatgtcacca ccaagttcct tcagggtgaga cctcacacaa tgtcaagtgc tttctaggaa 120
atactaagat caggttgaga gattctgctt ggtctagtca atc 163

<210> 428
<211> 315
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(315)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428
nactgagtan agatgctggg gaatgtgcaa tatgccttga agaattgcag cagggagata 60
ctatagcacg actgccttgt ctatgcatat atcataaagg ctgcatagat gaatggtttg 120
aagtaaatag atcttgcctt gagcaccctt cagattaagc gtcagcttcc tgttttatag 180
gttttcttgt cttgacaaga tgcttgaaaa accaagagga tatgaaaatc tgtctctgga 240
gaaacaaga cgcaggcata ctccagccaga aatctgagtt ttgtgagact tggtaatata 300
gagatggaca atcgt 315

<210> 429
<211> 131
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(131)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 429
acagttaggn actagaacat ttgttaagcc tcccaaagta gngtgcattg aagattctag 60
agtgtccagc tcttgacta caaatgtaat aataacagaa taaatacact taccctgatg 120
atattgaggg t 131

<210> 430
<211> 503
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 430
actgattttt aataaaagaa ataaggttca aagtttagca caacaacaca gcaataagaa 60
gctgacaact tggataaaaa tacaagaaag taacacagag cccaggctac ccattattta 120
ctgtgtgcat acaggaatgc tatacttcag atgtataaat tagagactga ttttaagtta 180

ttaattttaac tactttttgt ccactgtgct aaactaaatt ttataactaat gtgctactgc	240
gtaaacactt caaagcaatc ttcattaaaa tgctgcaaag aaaaacaaga atacacatca	300
tccaaaacta aggatgtcat tgcagttcac agtttgata ataaataccc tccctttcaa	360
tcactactaa gatcactaca tcctatctac tcacagcac aaccttgaag caacttatac	420
ttacaaatat tagcaatgca gccaaacatt tgttttttgc aaagcaacta gtaaaaatca	480
agaattttta ttaagacggt gca	503

<210> 431

<211> 207

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 431

acaagtgtgg cctcatcaag cctgcccag ccaactactt tgcgtttaaa atctgcagtg	60
gggccgccaa cgtcgtgggc cctactatgt gctttgaaga ccgcatgac atgagtcctg	120
tgaaaaacaa tgtgggcaga ggccataaca tcgccctggt gaatggaacc acgggagctg	180
tgctgggaca gaaggcattt gacatgt	207

<210> 432

<211> 485

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(485)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432

aaaaaaagta atggaaaaat gggtgcaggt ttaatcncaa aangaactta attttngtng	60
attttgtttt atctgctaaa acactaatat ctataaatat gaactgacag catcgttcta	120
aatttacttc tgaagagctg tcgagacttc aataaaatat aagcaagtta ctggatcata	180
tttatggact gctgaattaa ctacccgaaa agtatcagtt actttcaaag aacacaaaac	240
aaagtgaacg tggaaaaaag ccttcctttgc aaaagtcctt ttattagtc tatectctaa	300
aattccaagc cacagagcct tgatattcct ggattctgtt ttaagtaacc ttagttttta	360
atatgacact tgggatatgc acaatgggaa agggtaggat atgtgaacaa aatttaattt	420
cttttttcca aagggnagnca ttttccttta atncatccta tccacttttg cccacttccc	480
catgt	485

<210> 433

<211> 280

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 433

actgtcacta caatattaca ttctgcaaat gttattctgt tgtatcagat acaaaaatttt	60
agtgaggtat ctctaaggca catagtagaa aacaaaattg gtttaattact caagttcctt	120
tcactgtgat ttggaaatga tttaatcttt atagaatgag aacctttttt ggactagctt	180
ttttattaaa atggctcaat ttgtgttgat aaggattgca ttaatattta atagtgtctg	240
cttttcctct gggcacacca ttttgatcat taaccagagt	280

<210> 434

<211> 234

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 434

ctttgctgcg catcaggtgc ttttaagcttc ggaacaactg tgcaggattc tatttttagta	60
ttctggaagc atcattgagg aagtagtcca gtgaagttag ctctaaaaaa actctttact	120
ctaacaatta aaagaaatat gccaaaggat ccataaggga tgaataaatt attaaactat	180
taagaagttg ctataaatat gcagtgttaa ttcaataatt cataacggac tgggt	234

<210> 435

<211> 330

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 435

acctcccggtg tcaccagttc ccacagaagc actgcaaaac tccacatgtc tgctgagcgt	60
ctgttttgtt cttcaggctt cttctgcaga gcttcggggg ctaccaggc aggtgcatac	120
atgcgaccag gacattggaa agagaacttg acatcagcca tgctaattcg ggcagtcag	180
tcctcatcaa tcattacact acggtatttg agtgcattgc gtgggatgag gggctctagt	240
gtgtgtagga aagccatgcc ccttgccatg tccaaagcaa acttcacagc ctggctctgg	300
tccacgacga aattggtgcc ttcattgtagt	330

<210> 436

<211> 311

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 436

acaactttac aatggaattg tatttcaatg attattttga tatcagatta aaccttccaa	60
aaagttacac ataattcagg tctatttttt ctaccagtaa gagttctgct aaattacaaa	120
accccataat cacagtgttc agtttttaaa aaattaaaca cacagtaatc ctgtcaatgt	180
taatcaaaat caaaacttcg gaatgccgtg gcatttatgt gaccaatctg agtttttagat	240
acaaatacca gctgtttatc ccatgaacca tttttcctag gctgaggctg tgaaaaatcg	300
aaagtcggcg t	311

<210> 437

<211> 355

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 437

actagtggat ggggggtcagg gtgtcactcc aaggccctct acagaccagc agaagaggaa	60
agtcaaaaaa gccagatatg agactgctga agtgggtgta agaaatatag gcaaggtaaa	120
gggaacaaga tctgggctcc ctctacttg tgtccctcac tggacctcag acaccctacc	180
tctaagactg gttcttagaa ggctgaacag taaggagcat tccaatagct tctgaaactc	240
ccaaggctgt ttcaagtagt cgaaagccat ccttgactg ttcaggtgcc ttttctatct	300
cccacctgag ctctctgccc tttctttgag cctcacaggt ttccagaatt acagt	355

<210> 438

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 438

acagtaactt taactttaca tagagctgag ataaaaataa agctttctta caaattacat	60
tttttttcca gtgaattact tttgcagtaa aaatagctgc tacataaatc cctcctgac	120
tctgaaaagg agttgcatat ttccaaaaat aatattctta ttttaatcac acagaagaac	180

gtggagcaca ggaaggaaat ggctgggtgg tcagagagag gtgagctgtc ggagaaacac	240
agttaaacta aaaaataaaa tccattttgt gtataaactg acttaaacgc atgcaaagaa	300
gtggaaaaca tatgccattt gtcaagaaaa atactgcttt atagctttta ctttacaatt	360
aaaggagaaa gcagaggcca gatataagcc cagataataa catttaagtt tctcataaaa	420
ctcccaatg t	431

<210> 439

<211> 170

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 439

actgtcataa aaaacagtgg agctctgtat tagaaagccc ctcagaactg ggaaggccag	60
gtaactctag ttacacagaa actgtgacta aagtctatga aactgattac aacagactgt	120
aagaatcaaa gtcaactgac atctatgcta catattatta tatagtttgt	170

<210> 440

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 440

acgtaaaaag aacatccttc ccattctcaa ggtcaagatt gaacgctgac tcctgcagga	60
agtcttccag gattcccagg caggaatgat ggctccctgt ccctgtagct ccaggagtgc	120
ttgcttcacg cagcctcac ataccagact gaatgttggc aggaggagt accaggtcgg	180
tcattctgtg ccctaccacc tacaacaygc cagcaatcta cccgtgtgtg tttgttggac	240
agaattaacc atgatgggcg gccgagggcg cctggagcta tttgggggct tggagagAAC	300
ctcttaggag agtgtcaggc tctaggccag tgtcaccaga ggaggtcagt ctcagtcctt	360
ggagtgggtgg gatggaaacc agacgggact ggcattggtcc	400

<210> 441

<211> 204

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 441

acctagttaac ttcttaagat caggtgtata aaactgtgga gtggagcggg atggtatgga	60
atgacttgga atgtaagctg tcagggagaa aatgttgta cacttttgct aagatctggg	120
ggtttcttca tattcctgct gttggaagca gttgaccaga aatgcttgcc agtactgcc	180
aagcactgct gtgaaatgtg aagt	204

<210> 442

<211> 649

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 442

acatttaatt ttttacaaca ttttctccct agagatataa tttagatatt cctatcttca	60
aagtaaaaat caaaatagga aataagcata gaaacagcct attggcagtg gttacacctg	120
catggatttt atgagtctcc aaactattgg aaatttattt caaccaaggt tctcttaagt	180
cttcattact tgggtgtaac tcgagagaaa actaatttat atcaatttac agtttagtgg	240
tcattgatcag gggaaagtga tactcttcca ctgactacaa gtcattgcag aggcagttta	300
gaacttttcc tttattccta atatacagga caaaccttgc cgacatctca ctacctcaaa	360
aatcaaattt aaatgaagta tccaggagta gcctaaagaa tgagtgtaat ctggatggat	420
tttagtctaa atttatgcct tgctcttcag taaagtatag taactccaga tatatgttcc	480

acagatgcaa taatttctgt tccttggtcg gtgcagaata taatttatac ttcttgaaat 540
 caactttgtc tattcatgaa aatagctgct ttttatttgc ctttgtctca ctttgaatat 600
 atatgatcca cagggttacag acttttccaa taactacatt tcaacttgt 649

<210> 443
 <211> 346
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 443
 acgtgggatt gaaatgcaca tacatgtttt tgctaagagc acatacatTTT cattctcctc 60
 actttgttca taacctcagc attgtcagat aacctcagtg agttaactca aagcctttta 120
 ttatggaaag aactggcaca gttacatttg ccagtggcaa catccttaaa aattaataac 180
 tgatgggtca cggacagatt tttgacctag ttcttttttc ttttagagca aaaagaactt 240
 ttacctcggc atccagccca acccctaaag actgacaata tccttcaagc tcctttgaaa 300
 gcaccctaaa cagccatttc cattttaata gttggatgcg gattgt 346

<210> 444
 <211> 425
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 444
 accaatttcc ttttacagta aaggggcttt tctgtgtgct tgttgaaccg gttcccagct 60
 gccattacc accaagccca aaagagtaaa ttcgtcctga tgaagyaaca aaagcagaag 120
 tgtgtgcccg tccacaagca atctcagtg caatgcttcc cataagttca aaaactttcc 180
 ttgggtttat ttcattgactg gtagaattat ggcccaactg accataccct ccagctccaa 240
 aagtaaacac tccacttcc ttgggttagag cagcagtatg atcttctcca caacaaatat 300
 aaactatTTT ctgagatctt agtgacttta gtaaattagg aacataccta tcattttcat 360
 cattaagacc tagctgacca aacttggttc gtcccatcc aaagatagct ccagaaaggg 420
 tgagt 425

<210> 445
 <211> 210
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (210)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445
 nactgtccca atataaaaca gtaattattt gaccttttga ctgtttgtct ggtccttttc 60
 agtttgattg catataaatg tggaacttga tagatctcta tatttttaat gcacttgtga 120
 taaactggca gcagggttag acattacttt caaagcttga ggtagaccga gtcagcatgc 180
 tagacaggct tctctctcta accaaaactg 210

<210> 446
 <211> 326
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 446
 tcgaaagacc cctgtaaaag agcccaacag tgaaaatgta gatatcagca gtggaggagg 60

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cgtgacaggc tggaagagca aatgctgctg agcattctcc tgttccatca gttgccatcc 120
actaccccggt tttctcttct tgcgtcaaaa taaaccactc tgcccatttt taactctaaa 180
cagatatttt tgtttctcat cttaactatc caagccacct attttatttg ttctttcatc 240
tgtgactgct tgcgtacttt atcataattt tcttcaaaca aaaaaatgta tagaaaaatc 300
atgtctgtga gttcattttt aaatgt 326

```

<210> 447

<211> 304

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(304)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447

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ncntcnaggt acatgctaga agtctgatgt ngtnngtaac acagaaacat acacagtctt 60
catattcaaa gtcttcacng ggatgtcggt ctgtaatttc ctgctgttgg gtctcttcca 120
gaaacagctt tagcttcttg ctccgaaggc caaacacctt ggctgcttca tacagaagac 180
cttggtgggt gagtccattc tgcccaagtg ggttttcaag caggagagtg cccactgtcc 240
ccattaaaca ctcttggtggc tttgcattca ggagctgtag gttgatatac tgacaaggaa 300
gagt 304

```

<210> 448

<211> 203

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 448

```

acatgaaagc ggcaatgcgg taaaaagcga attcttacct aaggtcagaa ttttttatta 60
agcgcatttt cattagttgg acaaacaacc ttataaaccc ttatgtcaaa ccatataatg 120
tgaagaatct ccatgggaga gatttttttt cacccttcag aattatcttt ttcccctaag 180
accttcatat gaatcttctt tgt 203

```

<210> 449

<211> 481

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(481)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449

```

acttggttcta taactacttg atgtttcctt aaattcctga acaacattct gtttactaaa 60
tttcttttct tcctttattc acaccaatt ccacctata atagaagcta attatttcag 120
aaagcttttt agtgatcatt tattactttg tgtttactag atattaattc taagatgaat 180
tccttttagaa ttttagaaaa aattattcta gacaacaatc aaagtaaagg atacatccag 240
cattgaaacc ataagccggc aagtctccag gttaaaagggt ttgtatcctc cagcaatgcc 300
agactgtgtc agacatctct gcaattcatc agcatctatc tgccatcctt gtccagctac 360
agcagcaaag taaccataca gcggatcctg agtttgctcg ggaaacgcag gccctccggg 420
agccctcca tactgcatct tgagttgaag tcttatangt agaagctggg gatccttaga 480
g 481

```

<210> 450
 <211> 296
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 450
 acatgggttta atacaacaac aaaaaaattt aatcaagtga aacgtaataa actgaacaat 60
 aaacactcaa aacatttttcc attggaaaca tgtaaagaca atatgagggtt ttgttaccat 120
 cttactgcaa ttttcttatg tgttactagt ctacataccc catgttttct gtaatcatgc 180
 agatgtgaat ggaagtttga atgattaaat aaatgaaaag tccgtttact gcaggggaatc 240
 atttcacaag gcagccaaac cgggttttaga gaacaaaact attcaagaaa ttctcc 296

<210> 451
 <211> 294
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(294)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451
 acatgntcca aggcacgcgn ctgtgaactt cctctgagtg aaggcatccc ctccagcacc 60
 tttcagcctg ctagttagga cgaccgcgcg ccacctcca ggacctccag ccctgcactg 120
 cctttctctt cttttaaata attcttcatt gagttctaata atgtaaaaaa aaagtttact 180
 gtaaagtgtg caaataanga aatttttttt aaaagtcctc agtaatctta ccagtaacaa 240
 ttgttatggg cacatttgct ttggaagat ttcttttgta tgcattgggat aagt 294

<210> 452
 <211> 129
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 452
 acttttagat cacaaatttg cctttaagta acacataata cacttaaggc agatttgcct 60
 tacagggtggc ctgagcttct aaacaccact acactgcttt atataaaaaa caaaaatcac 120
 atagaagag 129

<210> 453
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(151)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453
 actctcaann tgtatttagg tgccaacaca tttaggatca ttgnngnttc tcagtgaatt 60
 gaccttttta tgagaataaa atgtctatct ctgaaatgtc cctatttctg gaaatgttcc 120
 ttatactaaa gtccaacttg tgtggattan t 151

<210> 454
 <211> 119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(119)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 454
 tgctgatgna gcatgctttt taaatccttt aaaaacactc accatataaa cttgcatttg 60
 agcttggtgtg ttcttttgtt aatgtgtaga gttctccttt ctcgaaattg ccagtgtgt 119

<210> 455
 <211> 515
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 455
 accttataaa gttccttttc atcctttctct gtcttcaact gacattcaag ttgttctctt 60
 tcatgttggtg ccttcttgag ttggccttt aaactgtcta attcggtttc tttttcaatt 120
 gctttatgtg ttactgacac aatatcttcc tcaagctgat gggctttgga tgtagcatca 180
 ctgaacctct tcttaaactc ttcattttcc atttttaagc ttgtgttac ttcagtaaga 240
 ccttttgggt ctgcttgacg ttggtcacat ctttctttct catgggtaag ttctctttcc 300
 attcteccaa cttgttctcg aagttgtgct gtttcttttt ccagaacggc aattaacttt 360
 aacagttctt ctttttcttt catgggtttc tcaattttca actcaagaag gcctgctttt 420
 gtggtcacca ctaacatgtc agaatttctt tcatcttcca tagtaagcag ctcttcaact 480
 ggagaagaag ctcgaaactg gaaaggtgta cctgc 515

<210> 456
 <211> 350
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(350)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 456
 actccccctcc ccaaatagaa acctcaaaga ctgatccatt tcccctaggg cctgggcccag 60
 gagtagctca ctgctcactg ctgaggagaa aggcacaaga tataatgtca taagagcagg 120
 acagtggctc agcctacaga gttccctata ggggaaagaa ggcaggaaat aggcgcaggg 180
 tctggctctg tccctgcacc accctgagca gctagtcttg ggaagggatt acaggccctg 240
 ggccataggc tgctcgccat tctgctttcc tatectgttt ctctccctgt gctgctccct 300
 tttagccagn gctgagaaat gttcancacc tgaggcaaaa ctgccatagt 350

<210> 457
 <211> 293
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 457
 gcagggccaa cagtcacagc agccctgacc agagcattcc tggagctcaa gctcctctac 60

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aaagaggtgg acagagaaga cagcagagac catgggaccc ccctcagccc ctccctgcag      120
attgcatgtc ccctggaagg aggtcctgct cacagcctca cttctaacct tctggaaccc      180
accaccact gccaaagctca ctattgaatc cagccattc aatgtcgcag aggggaagga      240
ggttcttcta ctgcccaca acctgcccc gaatcgtatt ggttacagct ggt                293

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```

<210> 458
<211> 500
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 458
actagactcc agattaccct ttcttaataa atatctcagg gtaaggaaag aaagaaactg      60
tatagatata tttaaaatag agaatacttt ccaagcaata catgatgcct ttcctaaaag      120
actctaaaag aaaaagattc tgtaactctc ttttagcacc aaattattgt ttatcttgct      180
ggatatttta tatgaacagt gttaatttag atgcactaaa gcaaaggtag gcaaactaca      240
accatgagtc aaacatggcc acaccattc atttgcatt gtctaagctg gttttgcact      300
acaactgcag agttgaatag atgcagcaga tcctttacag aaaaagtgtt ctgacctcaa      360
ttctaaagta attgtagtag ggagctggag gactttcttt ccctttatgg taattttttg      420
agctacaaaa agagccttgc agaaatgggt gaagggatta atctttttaa aataaatgct      480
atatattagg aaaataaaaa                                500

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```

<210> 459
<211> 394
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 459
ggtgaaaaga cttgattttt tgaaaggatt gtttatcaaa cacaattcta atctcttctc      60
ttatgtattt ttgtgcacta ggcgcagttg tgtagcagtt gagtaatgct ggtagctgt      120
taaggtggcg tgttgcaagt cagagtgcct ggctgtttcc tgttttctcc cgattgctcc      180
tgtgtaaaga tgccttgctg tgcagaaaca aatggctgtc cagtttatta aaatgcctga      240
caactgcact tccagtcacc cgggccttgc atataataaa cggagcatac agtgagcaaa      300
tctagctgat gataaataca cttttttttc cctcttcccc ctaaaaatgg taaatctgat      360
catatctaca tgtatgaact taacatggaa aatg                                394

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```

<210> 460
<211> 279
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(279)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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```

<400> 460
actnccgatt gaagccccca ttcgtataat aattacatca caagacgtct tgcactcatg      60
agctgtcccc acattaggct taaaaacaga tgcaattccc ggacgtctaa accaaaccac      120
tttcaccgct acacgaccgg gggatatact cgggtcaatgc tctgaaatct gtggagcaaa      180
ccacagtttc atgcccacgt tcctagaatt aattccccct aaaatctttg aaatagggcc      240
cgtattttacc ctatagcacc ccctctagag caaaaaaaaaa                        279

```

```

<210> 461
<211> 278
<212> DNA

```

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 461

tttggacact	aggaaaaaac	cttgtagaga	gagtaaaaaa	tttaacaccc	atagtaggcc	60
taaaagcagc	caccaattaa	gaaagcggtc	aagctcaaca	cccactacct	aaaaaatccc	120
aaacatataa	ctgaactcct	cacacccaat	tggaccaatc	tatcacccta	tagaagaact	180
aatgttagta	taaagtaaca	tgaaaacatt	ctcctccgca	taagcctgcg	tcagattaaa	240
acactggact	gacaattaac	agccaatatc	tacaatca			278

<210> 462

<211> 556

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

aacgtccaag	ggggccacat	cgatgatggg	caggcgggag	gtcttggtgg	ttttgtattc	60
aatcactgtc	ttgccccagg	ctccggtgtg	actcgtgcag	ccatcgacag	tgacgctgta	120
ggtgaagcgg	ctggtgccct	cggcgcggtat	ctcgatctcg	ttggagccct	ggaggagcag	180
ggccttcttg	aggttgccag	tctgctggtc	catgtaggcc	acgctgttct	tgacgtggtta	240
ggtgatgttc	tgggaggcct	cgggtggacat	caggcgcagg	aaggtcagct	ggatggccac	300
atcggcaggg	tcggagccct	ggcgcgcata	ctcgaactgg	aatccatcgg	tcagtgtctc	360
gccgaacccg	acatgcctct	tgtccttggg	gttcttgctg	atgtaccagt	tcttctgggc	420
cacactgggc	tgagtggggt	acacgcaggt	ctcaccagtc	tccatgttgc	agaagacttt	480
gatggcatcc	aggttgccagc	cttggttggg	gtcaatccag	tactctccac	tcttccagtc	540
agagtggcac	atcttg					556

<210> 463

<211> 659

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

cacactgtgc	ccttccagtt	gctggcccgg	tacaaaggcc	tgaacctcac	cgaggatacc	60
tacaagcccc	ggatttacac	ctcgcccacc	tggagtgcct	ttgtgacaga	cagttcctgg	120
agtgcacgga	agtcacaact	ggtctatcag	tccagacggg	ggcctttggt	caaataattct	180
tctgattact	tccaagcccc	ctctgactac	agatactacc	cctaccagtc	cttccagact	240
ccacaacacc	ccagcttccct	cttccaggac	aagagggtgt	cctgggtccct	ggtctacctc	300
cccaccatcc	agagctgctg	gaactacggc	ttctcctgct	cctcggaaga	gctccctgtc	360
ctgggcctca	ccaagtcttg	cggctcagat	cgcaccattg	cctacgaaaa	caaagccctg	420
atgctctgcg	aagggctctt	cgtggcagac	gtcaccgatt	tcgagggctg	gaaggctgcg	480
attcccagtg	ccctggacac	caacagctcg	aagagcacct	cctccttccc	ctgcccggca	540
gggcacttca	acggcttccg	cacggtcate	cgcctcttct	acctgaccaa	ctcctcaggt	600
gtggactaga	cggcgtggcc	caagggtggt	gagaaccgga	gaaccccagg	acgccctca	659

<210> 464

<211> 695

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464

accttcattt	gaccccatca	gcttcagggc	cttctttaca	tttccactgg	cctgateccat	60
gtatgcaatg	ctatttttgc	agtgatatgt	gatgttctgg	gaagctcggc	tggagagaag	120
tcgaaggaat	gccagctgca	catcaaggac	atcttcagga	agttcaggat	tgccgtagct	180
aaactgaaaa	ccaccatcca	tggactctcc	aaaccaaacy	tggttcttct	cagcactaga	240
atctgtccac	cagtgtttcc	gtggaacatt	caaaggattg	gcacttatgc	atgtttcccc	300

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agtttccata ttacagaata ccttgatagc atccaatttg catccttggt taggggtcaac 360
ccagtattct ccactcttga gttcaggatg gcagaatttc aggtctctgc agtttctagc 420
ggggttttta cgagaacccat caggactaat gaggctttct atttggtccat taacagactt 480
gagtgaagtc ataatctcat cgggtgttgat tttgaaatcc attgggttcat ctccataata 540
cggggcaaaa ccgccagctt tttcacctcc aatcccagca atggcagcgg ctccaacacc 600
accacagcaa ggaccagggg caccaggagg tccaggaggg cctgggttgcc ctgggtggcc 660
tggggagccc tcagatcctc tttcacctct gttac
695

```

<210> 465

<211> 73

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

```

caggtccaga gctcccaggt ttccagggtt cagtccttcc agtcccagag ctcccagggt 60
ttcgggttcc agt
73

```

<210> 466

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 466

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agcactggca gaggnagcca aatatagtga tgtgcgccag agataagtat tctcctctcc 60
aagcatattg ctatacaaga ctttaaagac ttcataaaag ccaaacttgc agagtccctg 120
catggagtag ccaaggaaag tcggagccca tcttttagcc aaaccacgaa caccatcctc 180
tttaagtgtg actgagaatc cgttaaatat gcccttgtac ttttgggggt ccacctgcat 240
acggcatttc actaaatcca ggggaaccac agcagtgtgt gtcagaccac aacttaagac 300
cccaccaaag ccacacagtg cataatactt cgcggagcca aattcacaac tgtactcttc 360
cacggcgccg gctgccaggt tgcgagggcg gcggygctgg cccgtgggccc ctggggagct 420
gctgcggagg tccccgagac catcgtgcac canctgcaga tgtggcgtgt tgaagggggt 480
cgcccgcgcc aggtgcgcca cggacga
507

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<210> 467

<211> 183

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467

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cctcatgagc taccggggcca gctctgtact gaggtcacc gtctttgtag gggcctacac 60
cttctgagga gcaggagggg gccaccctcc ctgcagctac cctagctgag gagcctgttg 120
tgaggggcag aatgagaaa gcaataaagg gagaaagaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagggcgg 180
ccg
183

```

<210> 468

<211> 129

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(129)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 468
 gcggccgcgt cgaccggcgc cgtcggggcnc cgggccgggc catggagctg tggacgtgtc 60
 tggccgcggc gctgctgttg ntgntgctgn tggtagcatt gagccgcncn gccgagttct 120
 acnccaang 129

<210> 469
 <211> 243
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(243)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 469
 gcggccgcgt cgacnngcca tggagactgt ggcacagtag actgtagtgt gaggctcgcg 60
 ggggcagtggt ccatggaggc cgtgctgaac gagctggtgt ctgtggagga cctgctgaag 120
 ttgaaaaga aatttcagtc tgagaaggca gcaggctcgg tgtccaagag cacgcagttt 180
 gagtacgcct ggtgcctggg gcggagcaag tacaatgatg acatccgtaa aggcacgtg 240
 ctg 243

<210> 470
 <211> 452
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470
 cctcaagtac gtccggcctg gtggtgggtt cgagcccaac ttcattgctct tcgagaagtg 60
 cgaggtgaac ggtgcggggg cgcacctctt ctgcgccttc ctgcgggagg cctgccagc 120
 tcccagcgac gacgccaccg cgcttatgac cgaccccaag ctcatcacct ggtctccggt 180
 gtgtcgcaac gatgttgctt ggaactttga gaagttcctg gtgggcctg acggtgtgcc 240
 cctacgcagg tacagccgcc gcttccagac cattgacatc gagcctgaca tcgaagccct 300
 gctgtctcaa gggctcagct gtgcctaggg cgcacctcct accccggctg cttggcagtt 360
 gcagtgtgc tgtctcgggg gggttttcat ctatgagggt gtttcctcta aacctacgag 420
 ggaggaacac ctgatcttac agaaaatacc ac 452

<210> 471
 <211> 168
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(168)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 471
 cttctccgct cttcttanga tctccgcctg gttcggncgc cctgcctcca ctctgcctc 60
 taccatgtcc atcagggtga cccagaagtc ctacaagggtg tccacctctg gccccgggc 120
 cttcagcagc cgctctaca cgagtgggccc cggttccgcg atcagctc 168

<210> 472
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 472
gccaggcgtc cctctgtctg cccactcagt ggcaacaccc gggagctggg ttgtcctttg 60
tggagcctca ncagttccct ctttcanaac tcaactgccaa gagccctgaa caggagccac 120
catgcagtgc ttcagcttca ttaagaccat gatgatcctc ttcaatttgc tcatctttct 180
gngtggcgca gccctgttgg cagcgggcat ctgggtgnca atcgatgggg catcctttct 240
gaagatcttc gggccactgt cgtccactgc catgcagttt gtcaacgnng gctacttct 300
catcgcagcc ggcgttgtgg tntttgctct tggtttctct ggctgctatg gtgctaana 360
tgagagcaag tgtgccctcg tgacgntctt cttcatcctc ctcctctctt tcattgctga 420
ggntgcagnt gctgaggtcc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagccc ttctgacn 479

<210> 473
<211> 69
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 473
gagcgatgga gcgtgggtag ggaggggtcca cagtgtccac tcgccgtgtg cgaaggttga 60
ctcggtagt 69

<210> 474
<211> 155
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 474
gccgccactg ccgggagagc tcgatgggct tctcctgcgc gccgcccggg gtctggccga 60
gtccagagag ccgcggcgcc tcgttccgag gagccatcgc cgaagcccga ggccgggtcc 120
cgggttgggg actgcagggg aaggcagcgg tggcg 155

<210> 475
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 475
ggcttcgacg ttggccctgt ctgcttctctg taaactccct ccatcccaac ctggctccct 60
cccacccaac caactttccc cccaacccgg aaacagacaa gcaacccaaa ctgaaccccc 120
tcaaaagcca aaaaatggga gacaatttca catggacttt ggaaaatatt ttttctctt 180
gcattcatct ctcaaaactta gtttttatct ttgaccaacc gaacatgacc aaaaaccaa 240
agtgcattca accttacaa aaaaaaaaaa aaagggcggc cg 282

<210> 476
<211> 434
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 476

```
ctccaggaca gcgctccagct tgggtgctggt gaagacgaag tggagcggat ggttgtagaa 60
acgagtgatg gtgctgagcg gcgctgcagtc ttcgggatcc acgaaggcca agtccttgag 120
gtagagcatg tccacgatgt tggagcgctc ctctctgtac accgggatgc gcgctgtggcc 180
gctctgcatg atgctggcca ggacgccgaa gtccagcacg gtgctggcgt ccagcatgaa 240
gcagtcttcg agggggcgta gcacgtcctc cacgggccgg cagcgcagca cggccttgct 300
gagatcgctg taggggtcgc cgccgccgcg cgccagctcc agcaccgct cccgcagccg 360
cccggggccg gccgccagct ccagcagctg cccacgggc agcgcgacgg gcagagttag 420
caggacggcc aggc
```

434

<210> 477

<211> 314

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 477

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ggcgggcgct agctggctcc gggcagctcg gccttggggg cttcggggcc ccgagacgcg 60
gggcgtatga gtggggcggtg cgctccacgc ggaagtcgga gcctcctccc ctggataggg 120
tgtacgagat ccctggactg gagcccatca cctttgcggg gaagatgcac ttcgtgccct 180
ggctggcgcg gccgatcttt ccgccttggg accgcggcta caaggacca aggttctacc 240
gctcgcctcc tcttcacgag catccgctgt acaaagacca ggctgctat atctttcacc 300
accgttgccg cctt
```

314

<210> 478

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 478

```
aacagagtga tcattccagt taagcggggc gaagagaata cagactatgt gaacgcaccc 60
tttattgatg gctaccggca gaaggactcc tatatcgcca gccagggcc tcttctccac 120
acaattgagg acttctggcg aatgatctgg gagtggaaat cctgctctat cgtgatgcta 180
acagaactgg aggagagagg ccaggagaag tgtgcccagt actggccatc tgatggactg 240
gtgtcctatg gagatattac agtggaactg aagaaggagg aggaatgtga gagctacacc 300
gtccgagacc tcttgggt
```

317

<210> 479

<211> 171

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 479

```
agggtgctttg ctgatgctg tgacaggtat gccaccaaca ctgtcacag cctttctgag 60
gacaccagtg aaagaagcca cagctcttct tggcgtatct atactcactg agtcttaact 120
tttcaccagg ggtgctcacc tctgccccta ttgggagagg tcataaaatg t
```

171

<210> 480

<211> 65

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 480

```
ccccagtgga aaggctccca ccctggtaga tgaacagccc ctggagaact acctggatat 60
```

ggagt

65

<210> 481

<211> 207

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 481

```
cacagcgtgc tctgcggggt cactcccact ttgttagtga tgtgggttatc tcctcagatg 60
gccagtttgc cctctcaggc tcctgggatg gaaccctgcg cctctgggat ctcacaacgg 120
gcaccaccac gaggcgattt gtgggccata ccaaggatgt gctgagtgtg gccttctcct 180
ctgacaaccg gcagattgtc tctggat                                     207
```

<210> 482

<211> 319

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(319)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 482

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cacactgtgc ccttccagtt gctggcccgg tacaaaggcc tgaacctcac cgaggatacc 60
tacaagcccc ggatttacac ctgcgccacc tggagtgcct ttgtgacaga cagttcctgg 120
agtgcacgga agtcacaact ggtctatcag tccagacggg ggcttttggg caaatattct 180
tctgattact tccaagcccc ctctgactac agatactacc cctaccagtg cttecaaact 240
gcacaacacc cnagcttntc cttccagnac aagaggggtg cctggtcctt ggctacetc 300
cccaccatcc agagctgct                                     319
```

<210> 483

<211> 233

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(279)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 483

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acaggccccag tggcgccctag ccttcagctg ctgggctctc ccgagcctgc cttagcccat 60
acaaccactt gatcacgcgg gcattgcgct ccaccaccga cagcccatag ggaacgcgct 120
cccggggcccg ctctcaaca gtcaccgagc tgcggcgga gcagccccct tcagagctgc 180
ccggcccagc actgggccct gccagggaca cnatatccga gctggcccgt gcc 233
```

<210> 484

<211> 194

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 484

```
agagcccttg ctgggggggtg cctgggagat ggggtaagaa gagctttcat ttgtctggta 60
gatagatagc atgtaagggg gtggttgtcc caggaggcag ctgctgacag gtttgctaca 120
```


cacagccccg gactgtgttg cctgggtgct cattcagaga ggggctatca tctgggagcc 180
tgtgccccctg ggtc 194

<210> 485

<211> 67

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 485

tccatatcca ggtagttctc caggggctgt tcatttacca ggggaggagc ctcccactgg 60
gggaagt 67

<210> 486

<211> 70

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 486

taccgagtca accttcgcac acggcgagtg gacactgtgg accctcccta cccacgctcc 60
atcgctcagt 70

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